

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**REVENUE LAWS AMENDMENT
BILL**

(As introduced in the National Assembly as a money Bill)
(The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF FINANCE)

[B - 2004]

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GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

[] Words in bold type in square brackets indicate omissions from existing enactments.

_____ Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions in existing enactments.

BILL

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

Amendment of section 4 of Act 40 of 1949, as amended by section 2 of Act 70 of 1963 and substituted by section 1 of Act 72 of 1970 and section 3 of Act 87 of 1982 and amended by section 7 of Act 60 of 2001

1. (1) Section 4 of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, is hereby amended—
 - (a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:
“**Penalty and interest on late payment of duty**”;
 - (b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:
“(1) If any duty in respect of any transaction entered into before 1 March 2005, remains unpaid after the date of the expiration of the period referred to in section 3, there shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (3), in addition to the unpaid duty, be payable a penalty, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum on the amount of the unpaid duty, calculated in respect of each completed month in the period from that date to the date of payment.”;
 - (c) by the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsection:
“(1A) If any duty in respect of any transaction entered into on or after 1 March 2005, remains unpaid after the date of the expiration of

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the period referred to in section 3, interest shall subject to the provisions of subsection (3) become payable at a rate equal to 10 per cent of the amount of duty which remains unpaid, calculated in respect of each completed month immediately following in that to the date that payment is received by the Commissioner.”.

(d) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3) Whenever the Commissioner is satisfied that the delay in the determination of the value on which the duty is payable cannot be ascribed to the person liable to pay the duty, he or she may allow a reasonable extension of time within which the duty may be paid without **[penalty]** interest if, within six months of the date of acquisition of the property—“.

Amendment of section 9 of Act 40 of 1949, as amended by section 3 of Act 31 of 1953, section 12 of Act 80 of 1959, section 3 of Act 70 of 1963, section 3 of Act 77 of 1964, section 1 of Act 81 of 1965, section 7 of Act 103 of 1969, section 2 of Act 89 of 1972, section 3 of Act 66 of 1973, section 5 of Act 88 of 1974, section 77 of Act 54 of 1976, section 2 of Act 95 of 1978, section 6 of Act 106 of 1980, section 2 of Act 99 of 1981, section 2 of Act 118 of 1984, section 3 of Act 81 of 1985, section 3 of Act 86 of 1987, section 4 of Act 87 of 1988, section 36 of Act 9 of 1989, section 1 of Act 69 of 1989, section 79 of Act 89 of 1991, section 6 of Act 120 of 1992, section 4 of Act 136 of 1992, section 5 of Act 97 of 1993, section 2 of Act 37 of 1995, section 3 of Act 32 of 1999, section 3 of Act 30 of 2000, section 2 of Act 5 of 2001, section 8 of Act 60 of 2001, section 3 of Act 30 of 2002, section 4 of Act 74 of 2002, section 3 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 2 of Act 16 of 2004

2. Section 9 of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the first proviso to paragraph (c) of the following proviso:

“Provided that if **[any such property or any portion thereof is]** at any time subsequent to the acquisition thereof it is used **[for some**

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purpose other than exclusively in carrying on any public benefit activities] otherwise than in the manner contemplated in this paragraph, duty shall become payable in respect of the acquisition of that property **[or that portion thereof,]** and the date upon which that property **[or that portion thereof]** was first so otherwise used **[for that other purpose]** shall for the purposes of section 3(1) and section 4 be deemed to be the date of acquisition thereof.”;

- (b) by the deletion in subsection (2) of paragraph (ii).

Amendment of section 14 of Act 40 of 1949, as amended by section 6 of Act 88 of 1974

3. Section 14 of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) Declarations appropriate to the manner of the acquisition of property in any particular case shall, in substance as near as possible to the wording of the forms prescribed by the Commissioner **[by notice in the Gazette]**, be completed by the parties to the transaction whereby the property has been acquired and, if the Commissioner so directs, also by the agent, auctioneer, broker or other person who acted for or on behalf of either party to the transaction or, if the property has been acquired otherwise than by way of a transaction, by the person who acquired the property.”;

- (b) by the insertion after subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(3) An estate agent as contemplated in section 1 of the Estate Agency Affairs Act, 1976 (Act No. 112 of 1976), who is entitled to any remuneration or other payment in respect of services rendered in connection with a transaction in terms of which a person acquired property contemplated in paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of the definition of ‘property’, must within six months of the date of acquisition of that property submit details of that transaction to the Commissioner in a form prescribed by the Commissioner.”.

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Amendment of section 16 of Act 40 of 1949, as amended by section 6 of Act 40 of 1949

4. Section 16 of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2) Any person who has been appointed as an agent **[and has in his or her possession the documents referred to in subsection (1)]**, but fails to furnish **[these]** the documents contemplated in subsection (1) and the name of the person on whose behalf he or she is acting to the seller or his or her agent on the date specified in subsection (1) shall, for the purpose of the payment of the duty payable in respect of the acquisition of the property in question, be presumed, unless the contrary is proved, to have acquired the property for himself or herself.”.

Amendment of section 17 of Act 40 of 1949, as amended by section 5 of Act 77 of 1964 and section 6 of Act 46 of 1996

5. Section 17 of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraphs (c) and (d) of the following paragraphs:

“(c) without good cause, fails to—

(i) comply with any requirement; or

(ii) reply to or answer truly and fully any questions put to him, by any person acting under section 11C, 11D or 11E; **[or]**

(d) obstructs or hinders any officer in the carrying out of his duties; or”;

(b) by the insertion after paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of the following paragraph:

“(e) fails to comply with the provision referred to in section 14(3).”.

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Insertion of section 17B in Act 40 of 1949

6. The following section is hereby inserted in the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, after section 17A:

“Offences and penalties in regard to the evasion of duty

17B.(1) Any person who with intent to evade the payment of the duty levied under this Act or to obtain any refund of duty under this Act to which that person is not entitled or with intent to assist any other person to evade the payment of the duty payable by such other person under this Act or to obtain any refund of duty under this Act to which such other person is not entitled—

(a) makes or causes or allows to be made any false statement or entry in any declaration prescribed by the Commissioner in terms of this Act, or signs any statement or declaration so rendered without reasonable grounds for believing it to be true;
or

(b) gives any false answer, whether verbally or in writing, to any request for information made under this Act by the Commissioner or any person duly authorised by the Commissioner or any officer contemplated in section 10(2); or

(c) makes use of any fraud, art or contrivance whatsoever, or authorises the use of fraud, art or contrivance; or

(d) makes any false statement for the purposes of obtaining any refund of or exemption from duty’

is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding 60 months.

(2) A conviction for an offence in terms of this Act shall not exempt the person convicted from the payment of any duty, additional duty or penalty payable in accordance with the provisions of this Act.”.

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Substitution of section 20A of Act 40 of 1949, as inserted by section 12 of Act 30 of 1998

7. The following section hereby substitutes section 20A of the Transfer Duty Act, 1949:

Publication of names of offenders

20A. (1) The Commissioner may from time to time publish for general information such particulars as specified in subsection (2), relating to any offence committed by any person, where such person has been convicted of such offence in terms of—

(a) section 15 or 17;

(b) the common law, where the criminal conduct corresponds materially with an offence referred to in paragraph (a), after any appeal or review proceedings in relation thereto have been completed or not been instituted within the period allowed therefor.

(2) Every publication in terms of this section may specify—

(a) the name and address of such person;

(b) such particulars of the offence as the Commissioner may think fit;

(c) the amount or estimated amount of the duty evaded;

(d) the amount (if any) of the additional duty imposed and the particulars of the fine or sentence imposed.”

Insertion of section 20C in Act 40 of 1949

8. The following section is hereby inserted in the Transfer Duty Act, 1949, after section 20B:

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“Reporting of unprofessional conduct

20C. (1) For the purposes of this section ‘controlling body’ means any professional association, body or board which—

(a) has been established, whether voluntarily or by or under any law, for the purpose of exercising control over the carrying on of any profession, calling or occupation; and

(b) has power to take disciplinary action against any person who in the carrying on of such profession, calling or occupation fails to comply with or contravenes any rules or code of conduct laid down by that association, body or board.

(2) Where any person who carries on any profession, calling or occupation in respect of which a controlling body has been established has, in relation to the affairs of any other person, done or omitted to do anything which in the opinion of the Commissioner —

(a) was intended to enable or assist that other person to avoid or unduly postpone the performance of any duty or obligation imposed on that other person by or under this Act, or to obtain any refund of duty under this Act to which that other person is not entitled, or by reason of negligence on the part of that person resulted in the avoidance or undue postponement of the performance of any such duty or obligation or the obtaining of any such refund; and

(b) constitutes a contravention of any rule or code of conduct laid down by the controlling body which may result in disciplinary action being taken against such person by the body, the Commissioner may lodge a complaint with the said controlling body.

(3)(a) The Commissioner may in lodging any complaint under subsection (2) disclose such information relating to the client’s affairs as in the opinion of the Commissioner is necessary to lay before the controlling body to which the complaint is made.

(b) Before lodging any complaint or disclosing any information, the Commissioner must deliver or send the person against whom the

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complaint is to be made and the other person contemplated in subsection (2), a written notification of his or her intended action setting forth particulars of that information.

(c) The client or the other person may within 30 days after the date of the written notification lodge in writing with the Commissioner any objection he or she may have to the lodging of the complaint.

(d) If on the expiry of the period of 30 days no objection has been lodged as contemplated in paragraph (c) or, if an objection has been lodged and the Commissioner is not satisfied that the objection should be sustained, the Commissioner may thereupon lodge the complaint as contemplated in subsection (2).

(4) The complaint must be considered by the controlling body to which it is made and may be dealt with by it in such manner as the controlling body in terms of its rules sees fit: Provided that any hearing of the matter shall not be public and may only be attended by persons whose attendance, in the opinion of the controlling body, is necessary for the proper consideration of the complaint.

(5) The controlling body with which a complaint is lodged and its members shall at all times preserve and aid in preserving secrecy in regard to such information as to the affairs of the client as may be conveyed to them by the Commissioner or as may otherwise come to their notice in the investigation of the Commissioner's complaint and shall not communicate such information to any person whatsoever other than the client concerned or the person against whom the complaint is lodged, unless the disclosure of such information is ordered by a competent court of law."

Amendment of section 1 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 3 of Act 90 of 1962, section 1 of Act 6 of 1963, section 4 of Act 72 of 1963, section 4 of Act 90 of 1964, section 5 of Act 88 of 1965, section 5 of Act 55 of 1966, section 5 of Act 95 of 1967, section 5 of Act 76 of 1968, section 6 of Act 89 of 1969, section 6 of Act 52 of 1970, section 4 of Act 88 of 1971, section 4 of Act 90 of 1972, section 4 of Act 65 of 1973,

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section 4 of Act 85 of 1974, section 4 of Act 69 of 1975, section 4 of Act 103 of 1976, section 4 of Act 113 of 1977, section 3 of Act 101 of 1978, section 3 of Act 104 of 1979, section 2 of Act 104 of 1980, section 2 of Act 96 of 1981, section 3 of Act 91 of 1982, section 2 of Act 94 of 1983, section 1 of Act 30 of 1984, section 2 of Act 121 of 1984, section 2 of Act 96 of 1985, section 2 of Act 65 of 1986, section 1 of Act 108 of 1986, section 2 of Act 85 of 1987, section 2 of Act 90 of 1988, section 1 of Act 99 of 1988, Government Notice No. R.780 of 14 April 1989, section 2 of Act 70 of 1989, section 2 of Act 101 of 1990, section 2 of Act 129 of 1991, section 2 of Act 141 of 1992, section 2 of Act 113 of 1993, section 2 of Act 21 of 1994, section 2 of Act 21 of 1995, section 2 of Act 36 of 1996, section 2 of Act 28 of 1997, section 34 of Act 34 of 1997, section 19 of Act 30 of 1998, section 10 of Act 53 of 1999, section 13 of Act 30 of 2000, section 2 of Act 59 of 2000, section 5 of Act 5 of 2001, section 3 of Act 19 of 2001, section 17 of Act 60 of 2001, section 9 of Act 30 of 2002, section 6 of Act 74 of 2002, section 33 of Act 12 of 2003, section 12 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 3 of Act 16 of 2004

9. Section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in the definition of “financial instrument” of paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

“(c) any other contractual right or obligation **[which derives its value from]** the value of which is expressed directly or indirectly with reference to the value of a debt security, equity, commodity quoted on an exchange, any rate index or a specified index;”;

(b) by the substitution in the definition of “listed company” for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(a) **[a stock]** an exchange as defined in section 1 and licensed under section 10 of the [Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985)] Securities Services Act, 2004; or”;

(c) by the insertion after the definition of “provident fund” of the following definition:

“Public Private Partnership’ means a Public Private Partnership as defined in Regulation 16 of the Treasury Regulations issued

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in terms of section 76 of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);”.

Amendment of section 6quat of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 5 of Act 85 of 1987 and amended by section 5 of Act 28 of 1997, section 12 of Act 53 of 1999, section 16 of Act 30 of 2000 and substituted by section 4 of Act 59 of 2000, and amended by section 8 of Act 5 of 2001, section 20 of Act 60 of 2001, section 9 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 16 of Act 45 of 2003

10. Section 6quat of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1B) for paragraph (e) of the following paragraph:

“(e) no rebate shall be allowed in respect of any tax payable on any amount contemplated in subsection (1)(d), if the resident has elected to deduct the amount of withholding tax as contemplated in section **[11(r)] 11C(4)**.”.

Amendment of section 7 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 5 of Act 90 of 1962, section 8 of Act 88 of 1965, section 9 of Act 55 of 1966, section 7 of Act 94 of 1983, section 2 of Act 30 of 1984, section 5 of Act 90 of 1988, section 5 of Act 70 of 1989, section 4 of Act 101 of 1990, section 7 of Act 129 of 1991, section 5 of Act 141 of 1992, section 6 of Act 21 of 1995, section 23 of Act 30 of 1998, section 13 of Act 53 of 1999, section 5 of Act 59 of 2000, section 10 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 17 of Act 45 of 2003

11. Section 7 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (8) of the following subsection:

“(8) Where by reason of or in consequence of any donation, settlement or other disposition (other than a donation, settlement or other disposition to an entity which is not a resident and which is similar to a public benefit

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organisation contemplated in section 30) made by any resident, **[income]** any amount is received by or accrued to any person who is not a resident (other than a controlled foreign company in relation to such resident), which would have constituted income had it been received or had it accrued to a resident, there shall be included in the income of that resident so much of **[the]** that amount **[of any income]** as is attributable to that donation, settlement or other disposition.”.

Amendment of section 8 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 6 of Act 90 of 1962, section 6 of Act 90 of 1964, section 9 of Act 88 of 1965, section 10 of Act 55 of 1966, section 10 of Act 89 of 1969, section 6 of Act 90 of 1972, section 8 of Act 85 of 1974, section 7 of Act 69 of 1975, section 7 of Act 113 of 1977, section 8 of Act 94 of 1983, section 5 of Act 121 of 1984, section 4 of Act 96 of 1985, section 5 of Act 65 of 1986, section 6 of Act 85 of 1987, section 6 of Act 90 of 1988, section 5 of Act 101 of 1990, section 9 of Act 129 of 1991, section 6 of Act 141 of 1992, section 4 of Act 113 of 1993, section 6 of Act 21 of 1994, section 8 of Act 21 of 1995, section 6 of Act 36 of 1996, section 6 of Act 28 of 1997, section 24 of Act 30 of 1998, section 14 of Act 53 of 1999, section 17 of Act 30 of 2000, section 6 of Act 59 of 2000, section 7 of Act 19 of 2001, section 21 of Act 60 of 2001, section 12 of Act 30 of 2002, section 11 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 18 of Act 45 of 2003

12. Section 8 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (4) for the words in paragraph (a) preceding the proviso of the following words:

“(a) There shall be included in the taxpayer's income all amounts allowed to be deducted or set off under the provisions of sections 11 to 20, inclusive, section 24D, section 24F, section 24G, section 24I, section 24J and section 27(2)(b) and (d) of this Act, except section 11(k), (p) and (q), section 11quin, section 12(2) or section 12(2) as applied by section 12(3), section 12A(3), section 13(5), or section 13(5) as applied by section 13(8), or section 13bis(7), or section 15(a), or

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section 15A, or under the corresponding provisions of any previous Income Tax Act, whether in the current or any previous year of assessment which have been recovered or recouped during the current year of assessment:”.

Substitution for section 8A of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 11 of Act 89 of 1969 and amended by section 8 of Act 88 of 1971

13. The following section hereby substitutes section 8A of the Income Tax Act, 1962:

“Taxation of directors and employees on vesting of equity instruments

8A. (1)(a) Notwithstanding section 9B and section 23(m), a taxpayer must include in or deduct from his or her income for a year of assessment any gain or loss determined in terms of subsection (2) in respect of the vesting during that year of any equity instrument, if that equity instrument was acquired by that taxpayer from his or her employer or any associated institution in relation to the employer or from any person by arrangement with the employer, by virtue of his or her employment or as a reward for services rendered or to be rendered or by virtue of his or her office of director of any company.

(b) This section does not apply in respect of any equity instrument which was acquired in exchange for the disposal of any other equity instrument which had already vested in terms of this section before that disposal.

(2)(a) The gain to be included in the income of a taxpayer is—

- (i) the amount by which the market value of the equity instrument determined on the date on which it vests in that taxpayer exceeds the sum of any consideration in respect of that equity instrument; and
- (ii) any amount determined in terms of subsection (4)(b).

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(b) The loss to be deducted from the income of a taxpayer is the amount by which the consideration in respect of the equity instrument exceeds the market value of that equity instrument determined on the date that it vests in that taxpayer.

(3) An equity instrument acquired by a taxpayer is deemed for the purposes of this section to vest in that taxpayer—

(a) in the case of the acquisition of an unrestricted equity instrument, at the time of that acquisition; or

(b) in the case of a restricted equity instrument, at the earlier of—

(i) when all the restrictions, which result in that equity instrument being a restricted equity instrument, cease to have effect;

(ii) immediately before that taxpayer disposes of that restricted equity instrument, otherwise than in the circumstances contemplated in subsection (4) or (5);

(iii) when that equity instrument, which is an option contemplated in paragraph (a) of the definition of 'equity instrument', terminates; and

(iv) immediately before that taxpayer dies.

(4)(a) If a taxpayer disposes of a restricted equity instrument which was acquired by virtue of his or her employment or office of director of any company for a consideration which consists of or includes any other restricted equity instrument, that other restricted equity instrument acquired in exchange is deemed to be acquired by that taxpayer by virtue of his or her employment or office of director of any company.

(b) If the consideration contemplated in paragraph (a) includes an amount other than restricted equity instruments and that amount exceeds the consideration in respect of the restricted equity instrument which is disposed of as contemplated in paragraph (a), the amount in excess must be deemed to be a gain which must be included in the income of the taxpayer in the year of assessment during which that restricted equity instrument is so disposed of.

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(5)(a) If a restricted equity instrument which was acquired by a taxpayer by virtue of his or her employment or office of director of any company is disposed of by that taxpayer to any person—

(i) otherwise than by or under a disposal made in terms of a transaction at arm's length; or

(ii) who is a connected person in relation to that taxpayer, the provisions of subsections (2), (3) and (4) apply *mutatis mutandis* in the determination of any gain or loss made by that person as if that person had been the taxpayer, and that gain or loss is for purposes of subsection (1) deemed to be made by that taxpayer in respect of the vesting of that equity instrument.

(b) If an equity instrument was acquired by any person other than the taxpayer by virtue of the taxpayer's employment or office of director, that equity instrument must, for purposes of this section, be deemed to have been so acquired by that taxpayer and disposed of to that person in the manner contemplated in paragraph (a).

(6) If a person who acquires a restricted equity instrument from the taxpayer as contemplated in subsection (5), disposes of that restricted equity instrument to any other person in the manner contemplated in subsection (5)(a)(i) or to a connected person in relation to the taxpayer, subsection (5) applies in respect of that other person as if he or she had acquired that restricted equity instrument directly from that taxpayer.

(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise indicates—

'associated institution' means an associated institution as contemplated in paragraph 1 of the Seventh Schedule;

'consideration' in respect of an equity instrument means any amount given or to be given (otherwise than in the form of services rendered or to be rendered or anything done, to be done or not to be done)—

(a) by the taxpayer in respect of that equity instrument;

(b) by the taxpayer in respect of any other restricted equity instrument which had been disposed of by that taxpayer in exchange for that equity instrument, reduced by any amount

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received or accrued in respect of that disposal which consisted of something other than that equity instrument to the extent that it has not been included in the income of the taxpayer in terms of subsection (4)(b); and

- (c) by any person contemplated in subsection (5) in respect of that equity instrument or other equity instrument contemplated in paragraph (b), which would have been taken into account had it been given by the taxpayer in respect of that equity instrument or other equity instrument, but does not include any amount given or to be given by that person to the taxpayer or to any other person contemplated in subsection (5);

'employer' means an employer as contemplated in paragraph 1 of the Seventh Schedule;

'equity instrument' means a share or part thereof in the equity share capital of a company or a member's interest in a company which is a close corporation, and includes—

- (a) an option to acquire such a share, part of a share or member's interest; and
- (b) any other financial instrument that is convertible to a share, part of a share or member's interest;

'market value' in relation to an equity instrument means the price which could be obtained upon the sale of that equity instrument between a willing buyer and a willing seller dealing freely at arm's length in an open market and in the case of a restricted equity instrument had the restriction to which that equity instrument is subject not existed;

'restricted equity instrument' in relation to a taxpayer means an equity instrument—

- (a) which is subject to any restriction that prevents the taxpayer from freely disposing of that equity instrument at market value;
- (b) which is subject to any restriction that could result in the taxpayer forfeiting ownership of that equity instrument otherwise than at market value;

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- (c) if any person has retained the right to impose a restriction contemplated in (a) or (b) on the disposal of that equity instrument;
 - (d) which is an option contemplated in paragraph (a) of the definition of 'equity instrument' and where the equity instrument which can be acquired in terms of that option will be a restricted equity instrument;
 - (e) which is a financial instrument contemplated in paragraph (b) of the definition of 'equity instrument' and where the equity instrument to which that financial instrument can be converted will be a restricted equity instrument; or
 - (f) if the employer or an associated institution in relation to the employer has at the time of acquisition by the taxpayer of the equity instrument undertaken to—
 - (i) cancel the transaction under which that taxpayer acquired the equity instrument; or
 - (ii) repurchase that equity instrument from that taxpayer at a price exceeding its market value on the date of repurchase,if there is a decline in the value of the equity instrument after that acquisition; and
- 'unrestricted equity instrument' means an equity instrument which is not a restricted equity instrument.

Insertion of section 8B in Act 58 of 1962

14. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 8A:

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“Taxation of amounts derived from broad-based employee share plan

8B. (1) There must be included in the income of a person for a year of assessment any amount received by or accrued to that person during that year from the disposal of any qualifying equity share or any right or interest in a qualifying equity share, which—

- (a) was acquired by that person in terms of a broad-based employee share plan; and
- (b) is disposed of by that person within five years from the date of grant of that qualifying equity share.

(2) For the purposes of this section—

‘broad-based employee share plan’ of an employer means a plan in terms of which—

- (a) equity shares in that employer, or in a company in the same group of companies as the employer, are acquired for no consideration by employees of that employer;
- (b) at least 90 per cent of all employees who are employed by that employer on a permanent basis on the date of that acquisition and who have continuously been so employed on a full-time basis for at least one year are entitled to participate;
- (c) the employees who acquire the equity shares are entitled to all dividends and full voting rights in relation to those equity shares; and
- (d) no restrictions have been imposed by that employer or that group company in respect of those equity shares, other than—
 - (i) a provision that requires those equity shares to be administered by the employer or an agent of the employer for and on behalf of those employees;
 - (ii) a right of the employer or that group company to acquire those equity shares from the employee at fair market value; or

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- (iii) a restriction in terms of which that employee may not dispose of any equity share for a period, which may not extend beyond the earlier of—
 - (aa) five years from the date of acquisition of that equity share;
 - (bb) the date of death of that employee; or
 - (cc) the date on which that employee ceases to be employed by the employer or any company in the same group of companies as that employer;

‘date of grant’ in relation to an equity share means the date on which the granting of that equity share is approved by the directors or some other person or body of persons with comparable authority conferred under or by virtue of the memorandum and articles of association of the company granting the equity share;

‘employee’ means an employee as defined in the Seventh Schedule;

‘employer’ means an employer as defined in the Seventh Schedule;

‘qualifying equity share’ in relation to a person means an equity share acquired in terms of a broad-based employee share plan, where the market value of all equity shares acquired by that person in terms of that plan, as determined on the relevant date of grant of each equity share, does not during any 12 month period in aggregate exceed R3 000.”.

Amendment of section 8E of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 6 of Act 70 of 1989 and amended by section 19 of Act 45 of 2003

15. (1) Section 8E of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the definition of “affected instrument” of the following paragraph:

“(a) any redeemable preference share which the relevant company is obliged to redeem in whole or in part within a period of three years from the date of issue thereof, or which may at the option of the holder be redeemed in whole or in part within the said

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period, or in respect of which the holder has a right of **[acquisition]** disposal which may be exercised within the said period; or”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of the definition of “affected instrument” of the following subparagraph:

“(i) the holder has a right of **[acquisition]** disposal in respect of such share which may be exercised within a period of three years from the date of issue thereof; and”;

(c) by the addition in subsection (1) of the following subparagraph to paragraph (b) of the definition of “affected instrument”:

“(iii) at the time of issue of that share, the existence of the company issuing that share is to be terminated within a period of three years or is likely to be terminated within such period upon a reasonable consideration of all the facts at the time that share is issued.”;

(d) by the insertion in subsection (1) of the following definition after the definition of “affected instrument”:

“‘date of issue’ in relation to a share in a company means the later of—

(a) the date on which it is issued by that company;

(b) the date on which the holder at any time after the share is issued acquires a right of disposal in respect of that share; or

(c) the date on which—

(i) the company at any time after the share is issued undertakes the obligation to redeem that share in whole or in part; or

(ii) the holder at any time after the share is issued obtains the right to require that share to be redeemed in whole or in part.”;

(e) by the substitution for the words in the definition of “right of acquisition” preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

“right of **[acquisition]** disposal’ means a right which the holder of an affected instrument has to require any party—”;

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(f) by the substitution in subsection (3) for the words in paragraph (b) preceding subparagraph (i) of the following words:

“(b) in the case of any affected instrument issued before the effective date, to any dividend declared after the earliest date (being a date falling on or after the effective date) upon which, having regard to the terms attaching to such instrument as at the effective date or to the terms as at the effective date of any agreement relating to the holding of such instrument (including an agreement which confers a right of **[acquisition]** disposal), such instrument—”;

(g) by the substitution in subsection (3) for subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (b) of the following subparagraphs:

“(iii) could at the instance of the holder have been acquired by any party by reason of the exercise of a right of **[acquisition]** disposal; or

(iv) being an instrument which may by the exercise of a right of **[acquisition]** disposal be converted into any other share, could at the **[instance]** option of the holder have been so converted and such other share could at the **[instance]** option of the holder have been redeemed,”;

(h) by the deletion of subsection (4).

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any instrument issued or acquired on or after that date.

Insertion of section 8F in Act 58 of 1962

16. (1) The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 8E:

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“Limitation of deduction of certain interest payments

8F. (1) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, any word to which a meaning has been ascribed in section 24J bears the meaning so ascribed, and—

‘date of issue’ in relation to an instrument means the later of—

- (a) the date on which it is issued; or
- (b) the date on which that instrument becomes convertible into or exchangeable for a share.

(2) No deduction shall be allowed in terms of this Act in respect of any amount paid or payable by an issuer in terms of an instrument, if—

- (a) that instrument is at the option of the issuer convertible into or exchangeable for any share in that issuer or any connected person in relation to that issuer within three years from the date of issue of that instrument;
- (b) the issuer in relation to that instrument is entitled to repay that instrument in whole or in part within three years from the date of issue of that instrument by the issue of shares by the issuer or any connected person in relation to the issuer to the holder of the instrument;
- (c) the issuer in relation to that instrument is entitled to repay that instrument in whole or in part within three years from the date of issue of that instrument and is entitled at the time of that repayment to require the holder of that instrument to subscribe for or acquire shares in the issuer or any connected person in relation to the issuer; or
- (d) that instrument is at the option of the holder convertible into or exchangeable for any share in the issuer or any connected person in relation to the issuer within three years from the date of issue and it is determined on the date of issue that the value of that share at the time of conversion or exchange is likely to exceed the value of the instrument by at least 20 per cent.”.

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(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any instrument issued or acquired on or after that date.

Amendment of section 9 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 7 of Act 90 of 1962, section 6 of Act 72 of 1963, section 7 of Act 90 of 1964, section 9 of Act 95 of 1967, section 12 of Act 89 of 1969, section 6 of Act 65 of 1973, section 9 of Act 85 of 1974, section 8 of Act 103 of 1976, section 9 of Act 121 of 1984, section 5 of Act 96 of 1985, section 6 of Act 65 of 1986, section 2 of Act 108 of 1986, section 7 of Act 85 of 1987, section 36 of Act 9 of 1989, section 10 of Act 129 of 1991, section 7 of Act 141 of 1992, section 5 of Act 113 of 1993, section 3 of Act 140 of 1993, section 7 of Act 21 of 1994, section 9 of Act 21 of 1995, section 7 of Act 28 of 1997, section 25 of Act 30 of 1998, section 15 of Act 53 of 1999, section 7 of Act 59 of 2000, section 12 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 20 of Act 45 of 2003

17. Section 9 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (cA) of the following paragraph:

“(cA) any contract made by such person for the disposal of any mineral (including natural oil) won by him or her in the course of mining operations carried on by him or her under any—

(i) mining authorization granted under the Minerals Act, 1991 (Act No. 50 of 1991); or

(ii) prospecting right, mining right, exploration right or production right or mining permit issued in terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002).

wheresoever such contract was made or such mining operations were carried on;”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (fA) of the following paragraph:

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“(fA) any services rendered by **[such]** that person to, or work or labour done by **[such]** that person for, any other person upon, beneath or above the continental shelf referred to in section 8 of the Maritime Zones Act, 1994 (Act No. 15 of 1994), in the course of any operations connected with operations carried on by any person under any—

- (i) prospecting permit or mining authorization issued or which may be issued under the Minerals Act, 1991 (Act No. 50 of 1991); **[or]**
- (ii) **[any]** prospecting or mining lease granted under the Mining Rights Act, 1967 (Act No. 20 of 1967), or under any sublease granted or which may be granted under any such lease; or
- (iii) prospecting right, mining right, exploration right or production right, mining permit, retention permit or reconnaissance permission issued in terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002),

wheresoever payment for such services or work or labour is or is to be made;”.

Amendment of section 9B of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 9 of Act 101 of 1990 and amended by section 11 of Act 129 of 1991, section 9 of Act 141 of 1992, section 6 of Act 113 of 1993, section 7 of Act 36 of 1996, section 26 of Act 30 of 1998, section 16 of Act 53 of 1999 and section 21 of Act 45 of 2003

18. Section 9B of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

“(1) For the purposes of this section ‘affected share, in relation to any taxpayer, means a share in a listed **[on a stock exchange as defined in the Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of**

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1985)] company as contemplated in paragraph (a) of the definition of 'listed company', which has been disposed of by the taxpayer who immediately prior to such disposal had been the owner of such share as a listed share for a continuous period of at least five years:".

Amendment of section 9D of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 9 of Act 28 of 1997 and amended by section 28 of Act 30 of 1998, section 17 of Act 53 of 1999, section 19 of Act 30 of 2000, section 10 of Act 59 of 2000, section 9 of Act 5 of 2001 and section 22 of Act 60 of 2001 and substituted by section 14 of Act 74 of 2002 and amended by section 22 of Act 45 of 2003

19. Section 9D of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (2A) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

“(2A) For the purposes of this section the ‘net income’ of a controlled foreign company in respect of a foreign tax year is an amount equal to the taxable income of that company determined in accordance with the provisions of this Act as if that controlled foreign company had been a taxpayer, and as if that company had been a resident for purposes of the definition of ‘gross income’, sections 7(8), 10(1)(h), **[10(1)(hA),]** 25B and paragraphs 2(1)(a), 12, 24, 70, 71, 72 and 80 of the Eighth Schedule:”.

Amendment of section 10 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 8 of Act 90 of 1962, section 7 of Act 72 of 1963, section 8 of Act 90 of 1964, section 10 of Act 88 of 1965, section 11 of Act 55 of 1966, section 10 of Act 95 of 1967, section 8 of Act 76 of 1968, section 13 of Act 89 of 1969, section 9 of Act 52 of 1970, section 9 of Act 88 of 1971, section 7 of Act 90 of 1972, section 7 of Act 65 of 1973, section 10 of Act 85 of 1974, section 8 of Act 69 of 1975, section 9 of Act 103 of 1976, section 8 of Act 113 of 1977, section 4 of Act 101 of 1978, section 7 of Act 104 of 1979,

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section 7 of Act 104 of 1980, section 8 of Act 96 of 1981, section 6 of Act 91 of 1982, section 9 of Act 94 of 1983, section 10 of Act 121 of 1984, section 6 of Act 96 of 1985, section 7 of Act 65 of 1986, section 3 of Act 108 of 1986, section 9 of Act 85 of 1987, section 7 of Act 90 of 1988, section 36 of Act 9 of 1989, section 7 of Act 70 of 1989, section 10 of Act 101 of 1990, section 12 of Act 129 of 1991, section 10 of Act 141 of 1992, section 7 of Act 113 of 1993, section 4 of Act 140 of 1993, section 9 of Act 21 of 1994, section 10 of Act 21 of 1995, section 8 of Act 36 of 1996, section 9 of Act 46 of 1996, section 10 of Act 28 of 1997, section 29 of Act 30 of 1998, section 18 of Act 53 of 1999, section 21 of Act 30 of 2000, section 13 of Act 59 of 2000, sections 9 and 78 of Act 19 of 2001, section 26 of Act 60 of 2001, section 13 of Act 30 of 2002, section 18 of Act 74 of 2002, section 36 of Act 12 of 2003, section 26 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 8 of Act 16 of 2004

20. (1) Section 10 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (d) of the following subparagraph:

“(iii) mutual loan association, fidelity or indemnity fund, trade union, chamber of commerce or industries (or an association of such chambers) or local publicity association [**or non-proprietary stock exchange**] approved by the Commissioner subject to such conditions as the Minister may prescribe by regulation; or”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (h) of the following paragraph:

“(h) interest, as defined in section 24J, which is received or accrued during any year of assessment by or to any person who is not a resident, unless that person—

(i) is a natural person who was physically present in the Republic for a period exceeding 183 days in aggregate during that year; or

(ii) at any time during that year carried on business through a permanent establishment in the Republic:

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and for purposes of this paragraph, so much of any dividend distributed to that person by a portfolio of a collective investment scheme referred to in paragraph (e)(i) of the definition of 'company' in section 1 out of income derived by that portfolio which is exempt from tax in the hands of that portfolio under paragraph (iA), is deemed to be interest;";

- (c) by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraph (hA).
- (d) by the insertion in subsection (1) after paragraph (nB) of the following paragraph:

"(nC) any amount received by or accrued to that person in the form of a qualifying equity share as contemplated in section 8B;";
- (e) by the insertion in subsection (1) before paragraph (nE) of the following paragraph:

"(nD) any amount received or accrued to that person which constitutes—
 - (i) an equity instrument contemplated in section 8A acquired by that person and in respect of which that section applies; or
 - (ii) consideration for the disposal of an equity instrument contemplated in subparagraph (i),
which had not yet vested as contemplated in that section at the time of that acquisition or disposal;";
- (f) by the deletion of paragraph (nE) in subsection (1);
- (g) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (zI) of the following subparagraphs:
 - "(i) that amount is granted for the performance by that person of its obligations pursuant to a Public Private Partnership [as defined in Regulation 16 of the Treasury Regulations issued in terms of section 76 of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999), where that person performs an institutional function as defined in that Regulation];**
 - (ii) that person is required in terms of that Public Private Partnership to expend an amount at least equal to that amount [for the development of any physical infrastructure of the Republic]**

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in respect of any improvements on land or buildings owned by any sphere of government; [and]”;

- (h) by the deletion in subsection (1) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (zl).
- (2) Subsection (1)(b) and (c) shall—
- (i) in the case of any fund—
- (aa) the rules of which and the manner in which it is administered, are substantially similar to a “pension fund”, “provident fund” or “retirement annuity fund” as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, and
- (bb) the receipts and accruals of which are exempt from tax in the country of which that fund is a resident,
- be deemed to have come into operation on 1 January 2001 and shall apply in respect of any year of assessment commencing on or after that date; or
- (ii) in any other case, come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any year of assessment ending on or after that date.

Amendment of section 10A of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 8 of Act 65 of 1973 and amended by section 11 of Act 85 of 1974, section 8 of Act 113 of 1993, section 11 of Act 21 of 1995, section 11 of Act 28 of 1997, section 19 of Act 53 of 1999, section 14 of Act 59 of 2000 and section 11 of Act 5 of 2001

21. Section 10A of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (11) of the following subsection:

“(11) Any cash consideration given by the purchaser under the annuity contract shall be converted to the currency of the Republic by applying the **[ruling]** average exchange rate **[on the day]** for the year of assessment during which the consideration is actually paid.”.

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Amendment of section 11 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 9 of Act 90 of 1962, section 8 of Act 72 of 1963, section 9 of Act 90 of 1964, section 11 of Act 88 of 1965, section 12 of Act 55 of 1966, section 11 of Act 95 of 1967, section 9 of Act 76 of 1968, section 14 of Act 89 of 1969, section 10 of Act 52 of 1970, section 10 of Act 88 of 1971, section 8 of Act 90 of 1972, section 9 of Act 65 of 1973, section 12 of Act 85 of 1974, section 9 of Act 69 of 1975, section 9 of Act 113 of 1977, section 5 of Act 101 of 1978, section 8 of Act 104 of 1979, section 8 of Act 104 of 1980, section 9 of Act 96 of 1981, section 7 of Act 91 of 1982, section 10 of Act 94 of 1983, section 11 of Act 121 of 1984, section 46 of Act 97 of 1986, section 10 of Act 85 of 1987, section 8 of Act 90 of 1988, section 8 of Act 70 of 1989, section 11 of Act 101 of 1990, section 13 of Act 129 of 1991, section 11 of Act 141 of 1992, section 9 of Act 113 of 1993, section 5 of Act 140 of 1993, section 10 of Act 21 of 1994, section 12 of Act 21 of 1995, section 9 of Act 36 of 1996, section 12 of Act 28 of 1997, section 30 of Act 30 of 1998, section 20 of Act 53 of 1999, section 22 of Act 30 of 2000, section 15 of Act 59 of 2000, section 10 of Act 19 of 2001, section 27 of Act 60 of 2001, section 14 of Act 30 of 2002, section 19 of Act 74 of 2002, section 27 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 9 of Act 16 of 2004

22. (1) Section 11 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion of paragraphs (bC) and (r);
- (b) by the substitution in paragraph (g) for subparagraph (vi) of the following subparagraph:

“(vi) the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in relation to any such expenditure incurred under an agreement concluded on or after 1 July 1983, if the value of such improvements or the amount to be expended on such improvements, as contemplated in paragraph (h) of the definition of ‘gross income’ in section 1, does not for the purposes of this Act constitute income of the person to whom the right to have such improvements effected has accrued, unless the expenditure was incurred in pursuance of an obligation to effect improvements in terms of a Public Private Partnership;”;

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- (c) by the addition in paragraph (g) of the following paragraph to the proviso:

“(vii) if during any year of assessment the agreement whereby the right of use or occupation of the land or buildings is granted is terminated before the period to which that taxpayer was initially entitled to the use or occupation, as contemplated in paragraph (ii), so much of the allowance which may be allowed under this paragraph, which has not yet been allowed in that year or any previous year of assessment, shall be allowable as a deduction in that year of assessment.”;

- (d) by the substitution in paragraph (gC) for the words preceding subparagraph (i) of the following words:

“an allowance in respect of any **[cost]** expenditure actually incurred by the taxpayer during any year of assessment commencing on or after 1 January 2004 to acquire (otherwise than by way of devising, developing or creating) any—”;

- (e) by the substitution in paragraph (gC) for paragraphs (aa) and (bb) of the proviso of the following paragraphs:

“(aa) where that **[cost]** expenditure actually incurred by the taxpayer exceeds R5 000, that allowance shall not exceed in any year of assessment—

- (A) five per cent of the amount of the **[cost]** expenditure in respect of any invention, patent, copyright or other property of a similar nature or any knowledge connected with the use of such invention, patent, copyright or other property or the right to have such knowledge imparted; or
- (B) 10 per cent of the amount of **[that cost]** the expenditure in respect of any design or other property of a similar nature or any knowledge connected with the use of such design or other property or the right to have such knowledge imparted;

(bb) where any such invention, patent, design, copyright or other property or knowledge was acquired from any person who is a connected person in relation to the taxpayer, the allowance

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under this paragraph shall be calculated on an amount not exceeding the lesser of the cost to that connected person of acquiring, devising, developing or creating that invention, patent, design, copyright or other property or knowledge or the market value of that invention, patent, design, copyright or other property or knowledge as determined on the date upon which it was acquired by the taxpayer;”;

(f) by the insertion after paragraph (l) of the following paragraph:

“(IA) an amount equal to the market value of any qualifying equity share granted to an employee of that person as contemplated in section 8B, as determined on the date of grant as defined in that section, which applies in lieu of any other deduction in respect of the granting of that share.”

(2)(a) Subsection (1)(a) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1 June 2004.

(b) Subsection (1)(d) and (e) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1 January 2004 and shall apply in respect of any year of assessment commencing on or after that date.

Amendment of section 11B of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 29 of Act 45 of 2003 and amended by section 10 of Act 16 of 2004

23. (1) Section 11B of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the addition in subsection (1) of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (b) of the definition of “cost”; and

(b) by the addition in subsection (1) of the following paragraph to the definition of “cost”:

“(c) where any that building, machinery, plant, implement, utensil or article was acquired from any person who is a connected person in relation to the taxpayer, the cost to that connected person of that building, machinery, plant, implement, utensil or article.”;

(c) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the definition of ‘trade mark’ of the following definition:

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“trade mark’ means trade mark as defined in the Trade Marks Act, 1993 (Act No. 194 of 1993), and any other property of a similar nature.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1 January 2004 and shall apply in respect of any year of assessment commencing on or after that date.

Insertion of section 11C in Act 58 of 1962

24. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 11B:

“Deductions in respect of foreign dividends

11C. (1) In determining the taxable income of a person for a year of assessment which is derived from any foreign dividends received by or accrued to that person during that year, there shall be allowed as a deduction any interest actually incurred by that person during that year in the production of income in the form of foreign dividends.

(2) The amount of the deduction under subsection (1) is limited to the amount of foreign dividends which are included in the income of the person during the year of assessment.

(3) The amount by which the interest referred to in subsection (1) exceeds the amount of the foreign dividends referred to in subsection (2) (if any), must be reduced by the amount of any foreign dividends received by or accrued to that person during the year of assessment which are exempt from tax and the balance must—

(a) be carried forward to the immediately succeeding year of assessment; and

(b) be deemed to an amount of interest actually incurred by that person during that succeeding year of assessment in the production of income in the form of foreign dividends.

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(4) Notwithstanding section 23(g), a person may elect that there shall be allowed to be deducted from any income of that person in the form of foreign dividends, the amount of withholding tax on dividends proved to be payable in respect of any foreign dividend which is included in the gross income of that person.

(5) An election made by a person in terms of subsection (4) applies in respect of all foreign dividends received by or accrued to that person during the year of assessment for which the election was made.”

(2) Subsection (1) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 1 June 2004 and shall—

- (a) in so far as it relates to the deduction of any interest as contemplated in section 11C(1), (2) and (3), apply in respect of any interest incurred during or balance of interest carried forward in terms of section 9E(5A) of the Income Tax Act, 1962, to any year of assessment commencing on or after that date; or
- (b) in so far as it relates to the deduction of any withholding tax on dividends as contemplated in section 11C(4) and (4), apply in respect of any dividend received or accrued during any year of assessment commencing on or after that date.

Amendment of section 13quat of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 33 of Act 45 of 2003 and amended by section 12 of Act 16 of 2004

25. Section 13quat of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (6) for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

“(c) that area is prioritised in that municipality’s integrated development plan adopted and undertaken in terms of Chapter 5 of the local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) as a priority area for further investments to promote business **[and] or** industrial activity **[as well as dense] or** residential settlements to support such activity;”;

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(b) by the substitution in subsection (6) for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

“(d) that area proportionately contributes or previously contributed a significant portion of the total revenue collections for all areas located within the current boundaries of that municipality, as measured in the form of—

- (i) **[in the form of]** property rates; or
- (ii) assessed property values **[used to determine those rates]**,

and where the contribution from that area is undergoing a sustained real or nominal decline;”;

(c) by the deletion in subsection (6) of paragraph (f);

(d) by the substitution in subsection (9) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

“(9) Every municipality must provide **[an annual]** a report annually to the Commissioner and the Minister for each urban development zone located within that municipality within such time as is prescribed by the Minister, listing—”;

(e) by the substitution in subsection (9) for paragraphs (c) and (d) of the following paragraphs:

“(c) the estimated costs incurred by the taxpayer in respect of each building;

(d) the estimated total jobs created as a result of this section;”;

(f) by the addition to subsection (9) of the following paragraph:

“(g) the average turnover time for all planning and building approvals.”.

Insertion of section 20B in Act 58 of 1962

26. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 20A:

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“Limitation of losses from disposal of certain assets

20B. (1) Any deduction which is allowable during any year of assessment under section 11(o) in respect of the disposal by a person during that year of any asset the full consideration of which will not accrue to that person during that year, must be disregarded in that year.

(2) So much of any amount disregarded in terms of subsection (1) may be deducted from the income of that person in any subsequent year of assessment to the extent that any consideration which is received by or accrued to that person in that subsequent year from that disposal is included in the income of that person.

(3) If during any year of assessment a person contemplated in subsection (1) proves that no further consideration will accrue to him or her in that year and any subsequent year as contemplated in subsection (2), so much of the amount which was disregarded in terms of subsection (1) as has not been allowed as a deduction in any year, must be allowed as a deduction from the income of that person in that year of assessment.”.

Amendment of section 23F of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 17 of Act 21 of 1994 and substituted by section 30 of Act 30 of 2000 and amended by section 28 of Act 59 of 2000 and section 40 of Act 45 of 2003

27. Section 23F of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2) Where **[any]** a taxpayer has during any year of assessment disposed of any trading stock in the ordinary course of his or her trade for any consideration the full amount of which will not accrue to him or her during **[such]** that year of assessment and any expenditure incurred in respect of the acquisition of **[such]** that trading stock was allowed as a deduction under the provisions of section 11(a) during **[such]** that year or any previous year of assessment, **[the amount of**

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such expenditure so allowed as a deduction shall deemed to have been recovered or recouped by such taxpayer and be included in the income of the taxpayer for the year of assessment during which such trading stock was so disposed of[, and there shall be allowed to be deducted in—

- (a) such year, so much of such expenditure which bears to the full amount of such expenditure the same ratio as the amount of such consideration which has accrued to the taxpayer during such year bears to the full amount of such consideration;**
- (b) any subsequent year of assessment so much of such expenditure which bears to the full amount of such expenditure, the same ratio as the amount of such consideration which has accrued to the taxpayer during such subsequent year bears to the full amount of such consideration; or**
- (c) any year of assessment during which it is shown by such taxpayer that the consideration will never accrue to him, so much of such expenditure as has not been allowed as a deduction in terms of the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b), to the extent that such expenditure was actually paid] any amount which would otherwise be deducted must, to the extent that it exceeds any amount received or accrued from the disposal of that trading stock be disregarded during that year of assessment."**

(b) by the insertion after subsection (2) of the following subsections:

"(2A) So much of any amount disregarded in terms of subsection (2) may be deducted from the income of that person in any subsequent year of assessment to the extent that any amount which is received by or accrued to that person in that subsequent year from that disposal is included in the income of that person.

(2B) If during any year of assessment a person contemplated in subsection (2) proves that no further amounts will accrue to him or her in that year and any subsequent year as contemplated in subsection

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(2A), so much of the amount which was disregarded in terms of subsection (2) as has not been allowed as a deduction in any year, must be allowed as a deduction from the income of that person in that year of assessment.”.

Insertion of section 24B in Act 58 of 1962

28. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 24A:

“Transactions where assets are acquired in exchange for shares issued

24B. (1) Subject to subsection (2), if a company acquires any asset from any person in exchange for shares issued by that company—

(a) that company is for purposes of this Act deemed to have actually incurred an amount of expenditure in respect of the acquisition of that asset, which is equal to the market value of that asset as determined at the time of acquisition; and

(b) that person is for purposes of this Act deemed to have disposed of that asset for an amount equal to that market value.

(2) If a company acquires any share or debt instrument which is issued to that company directly or indirectly in exchange for shares issued by that company or any connected person in relation to that company as part of any transaction, operation or scheme, that company is for purposes of this Act deemed not to have incurred any expenditure in respect of the acquisition of that share or debt instrument so acquired.

(3) If a company issues any debt instrument directly or indirectly in exchange for shares or a debt instrument which is issued to that company or to a connected person in relation to that company as part of any transaction, operation or scheme, that company is for purposes

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of this Act deemed to have incurred expenditure in respect of the acquisition of that share or debt instrument so acquired, only to the extent that the amounts are paid by that company in terms of the debt instrument so issued.

(4) This section does not apply in respect of any asset acquired by a company in terms of a company formation transaction or share-for-share transaction in respect of which the provisions of section 42 or 43 apply.”.

Amendment of section 24I of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 21 of Act 113 of 1993 and amended by section 11 of Act 140 of 1993, section 18 of Act 21 of 1994, section 13 of Act 36 of 1996, section 18 of Act 28 of 1997, section 35 of Act 30 of 1998, section 26 of Act 53 of 1999, section 31 of Act 59 of 2000, section 36 of Act 60 of 2001, section 27 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 42 of Act 45 of 2003

29. Section 24I of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the addition to subsection (2) of the following proviso:

“Provided that this section does not apply in respect of any exchange item of a person who is not a resident (other than a controlled foreign company), unless that exchange item is attributable to a permanent establishment of that person in the Republic.”.

Amendment of section 24J of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 21 of Act 21 of 1995 and amended by section 14 of Act 36 of 1996, section 19 of Act 28 of 1997 and section 27 of Act 53 of 1999

30. (1) Section 24J of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—
(a) by the addition in subsection (1) of the following proviso to paragraph (b) of the definition of “adjusted initial amount”:

“Provided that where that instrument forms part of any transaction, operation or scheme and any party to that transaction operation or

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scheme is a connected person in relation to that issuer, any payments made by that connected person in terms of that transaction, operation or scheme to any other party to that transaction, operation or scheme must be deducted for purposes of this paragraph;”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the definition of “holder” of the following paragraph:

“(a) means any person who has become entitled to any interest or amount in terms of such income instrument; or”;

(c) by the deletion in subsection (1) of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (d) of the definition of “instrument” and the addition of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (e);

(d) by the insertion in subsection (1) after paragraph (e) of the definition of “instrument” of the following paragraph:

“(f) in the case of a transaction, operation or scheme, any arrangement in terms of which a person acquires a right to delivery of a share, which is to be issued at a future date by any company which is a connected person in relation to that person, upon conversion, exchange or substitution of an income instrument for that share by any other person who is a party to that transaction, operation or scheme,”;

(e) by the deletion in subsection (1) of the word “and” at the end of paragraph (b) of the definition of “interest” and the addition of the word “and” at the end of paragraph (c);

(f) by the insertion in subsection (1) after paragraph (c) of the definition of “interest” of the following paragraph:

“(d) difference between the amount which is fixed for the conversion, exchange or substitution of an income instrument in terms of a transaction, operation or scheme into a share, as contemplated in paragraph (f) of the definition of ‘instrument’ and the amount payable for the acquisition of the share to be issued on that conversion, exchange or substitution,”;

(g) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the definition of “issue price” of the following definition:

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“issue price’, in relation to an instrument, means the market value of the consideration given or received, as the case may be, for the issue of the instrument as determined on the date on which that instrument is issued;”;

(h) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the definition of “issuer” of the following paragraph:

“(a) means any person who has incurred any interest or has any obligation to repay any amount in terms of such instrument; or”;

(i) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words in paragraph (c) in the definition of “interest” preceding subparagraph (i) of the following words:

“(c) absolute value of the difference between all amounts received and payable by a person in terms of sale and leaseback arrangement as contemplated in section 23G, or a lease and leaseback arrangement, throughout the full term of such arrangement to which such person is a party,”;

(j) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the definition of “transfer price” of the following definition:

“transfer price’, in relation to the transfer of an instrument, means the market value of the consideration payable or receivable, as the case may be, for the transfer of such instrument as determined on the date on which that instrument is transferred;”;

(k) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words in the definition of “yield to maturity” preceding the proviso of the following words:

“yield to maturity’ means the rate of compound interest per accrual period at which the present value of all amounts payable or receivable or likely to be payable or receivable in terms of any instrument in relation to a holder or an issuer, as the case may be, of such instrument during the term of such instrument equals the initial amount in relation to such holder or issuer of such instrument.”;

(l) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (d) of the proviso to the definition of “yield to maturity” of the following subparagraphs:

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- “(i) of the rights or interests of a holder in relation to an income instrument **[to receive interest]** in respect of any amounts receivable in terms of such income instrument, the rate of compound interest in relation to such income instrument shall be redetermined in respect of such holder with reference to the appropriate adjusted initial amount in relation to such income instrument determined before such variation or alteration; or
- (ii) in the obligations of an issuer in relation to an instrument **[to pay any interest]** in respect of any amounts payable in terms of such instrument, the rate of compound interest in relation to such instrument shall be redetermined in respect of such issuer with reference to the appropriate adjusted initial amount in relation to such instrument determined before such variation or alteration.”;
- (m) by the addition in subsection (1) of the following proviso to the definition of “yield to maturity”:
- “Provided further that where that instrument forms part of any transaction, operation or scheme and any party to that transaction, operation or scheme is a connected person in relation to that issuer, any payments made by that connected person in terms of that transaction, operation or scheme to any other party to that transaction, operation or scheme must be taken into account as amounts payable for purposes of determining that rate of compound interest.”;
- (n) by the addition to subsection (2) of the following words after paragraph (b):
- “which must be deducted from the income of that person derived from carrying on any trade, if that amount is incurred in the production of the income;”;
- (o) by the substitution in subsection (3) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:
- “(3) Where any person is the holder in relation to an income instrument during any year of assessment, there shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to have accrued to **[such]** that person and must

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be included in the gross income of that person during [such] that year of assessment, an amount of interest which is equal to—”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any instrument issued or acquired on or after that date.

Insertion of section 24M in Act 58 of 1962

31. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 24L:

“Incurral and accrual of amounts in respect of assets acquired or disposed of for unquantified amount

24M. (1) If a person during any year of assessment disposes of an asset (otherwise than to a connected person in relation to that person) for consideration which consists of or includes an amount which cannot be quantified in that year of assessment, so much of that consideration as—

(a) cannot be quantified in that year must for purposes of this Act be deemed not to have been accrued to that person in that year; and

(b) becomes quantifiable during any subsequent year of assessment must for purposes of this Act be deemed to have been accrued to that person from that disposal in that subsequent year.

(2) If a person during any year of assessment acquires an asset (otherwise than from a connected person in relation to that person) for consideration which consists of or includes an amount which cannot be quantified in that year of assessment, so much of that consideration as—

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(a) cannot be quantified in that year must for purposes of this Act be deemed not to have been incurred by that person in that year; and

(b) becomes quantifiable during any subsequent year of assessment must for purposes of this Act be deemed to have been incurred by that person in respect of the acquisition of that asset in that subsequent year.

(3) The amount of any recovery or recoupment by a person of any amount allowed as a deduction in respect of any asset contemplated in subsection (1) must, for purposes of section 8(4), be determined with reference to the amounts received by or accrued to that taxpayer in terms of this section.

(4) If an asset which was acquired by a person during any year of assessment as contemplated in subsection (2)—

(a) qualifies for an allowance under section 11(e), 11B, 12B, 12C, 12D, 12E, 12F, 13 or 13bis; and

(b) any amount is in terms of subsection (2)(b) deemed to have been actually incurred by that person in any subsequent year of assessment which has not been taken into account in determining the amount of that allowance in any previous year and would have been so taken into account had that amount been actually incurred by that person,

so much of the amount as would have been so allowed under that section in any previous year must be allowed under that section in that subsequent year of assessment.”

Insertion of section 24N in Act 58 of 1962

32. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 24M:

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“Incurral and accrual of amounts in respect disposal or acquisition of equity shares

24N. (1) Where a person (hereinafter referred to as ‘the seller’) during a year of assessment disposes of equity shares to any other person (hereinafter referred to as ‘the purchaser’) in the circumstances contemplated in subsection (2), the amount payable by the purchaser to the seller must—

(a) to the extent that it is not due and payable to the seller during that year, be deemed for purposes of this Act—

(i) not to have been accrued to the seller in that year; and

(ii) not to have been incurred by the purchaser during that year; and

(b) to the extent that it becomes due and payable to the seller in any subsequent year of assessment, be deemed for purposes of this Act—

(i) to have been accrued to the seller during that subsequent year; and

(ii) to have been incurred by the purchaser during that subsequent year.

(2) Subsection (1) applies in respect of the disposal by a seller to a purchaser of any equity shares in a company where—

(a) more than 25 per cent of the amount payable for those shares becomes due and payable by the purchaser after the year of assessment of the seller and the amount payable is based on the future profits of that company;

(b) the value of the equity shares in that company which have in aggregate been disposed of during that year and in respect of which the provisions of this section apply, exceeds 25 per cent of the total value of equity shares in that company;

(c) the purchaser and seller are not connected persons in relation to each other after that disposal;

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- (d) the purchaser is obliged to return the equity shares to the seller in the event of failure by the purchaser to pay any amount when due; and
- (e) the amount is not payable by the purchaser to the seller in terms of a financial instrument which is payable on demand and which is readily tradable in the open market.”.

Substitution of section 25B of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 27 of Act 129 of 1991 and amended by section 22 of Act 141 of 1992, section 36 of Act 30 of 1998, section 32 of Act 59 of 2000 and section 14 of Act 19 of 2001

33. The following section hereby substitutes section 25B of the Income Tax Act, 1962:

“Income of trusts and beneficiaries of trusts

25B.(1) Any **[income]** amount received by or accrued to or in favour of any person during any year of assessment in his or her capacity as the trustee of a trust, shall, subject to the provisions of section 7, to the extent to which **[such income]** that amount has been derived for the immediate or future benefit of any ascertained beneficiary who has a vested right to **[such income]** that amount during **[such]** that year, be deemed to be **[income]** an amount which has accrued to **[such]** that beneficiary, and to the extent to which **[such income]** that amount is not so derived, be deemed to be **[income]** an amount which has accrued to **[such]** that trust.

(2) Where a beneficiary has acquired a vested right to any **[income]** amount referred to in subsection (1) in consequence of the exercise by the trustee of a discretion vested in him or her in terms of the relevant deed of trust, agreement or will of a deceased person, **[such income]** that amount shall for the purposes of that subsection

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be deemed to have been derived for the benefit of **[such] that** beneficiary.

(2A) Where during any year of assessment any resident acquires any vested right to any amount representing capital of any trust which is not a resident, **[and] that amount must be included in the income of that resident in that year, if—**

(a) **[such] that** capital arose from~~—~~

(i) **income] an amount** received by or accrued to **[such] that** trust~~]; or~~

(ii) **any receipts and accruals of such trust which would have constituted income if such trust had been a resident,]**

in any previous year of assessment during which **[such] that** resident had a contingent right to **[such income or receipts and accruals] that amount;** and

(b) **[such income or receipts and accruals have] that amount has** not been subject to tax in the Republic in terms of **[the provisions of]** this Act~~],~~

such amount shall be included in the income of such resident in such year of assessment].

(3) Any deduction or allowance which may be made under the provisions of this Act in the determination of the taxable income derived by way of any **[income] amount** referred to in subsection (1), **[shall must,** to the extent to which **[such income] that amount** is under **[the provisions of]** that subsection deemed to be **[income] an amount** which has accrued to—

(a) a beneficiary **[or to the trust]**, be deemed to be a deduction or allowance which may be made in the determination of the taxable income derived by **[such] that** beneficiary **[or trust, as the case may be]; and**

(b) the trust, be deemed to be a deduction or allowance which may be made in the determination of the taxable income derived by that trust.

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(4) **[Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), any]** The deduction or allowance contemplated in **[that]** subsection (3) which is deemed to be made in the determination of the taxable income of a beneficiary of a trust during any year of assessment, shall be limited to **[the income which is]** so much of the amount deemed to **[be income which has]** have been received by or accrued to [such] that beneficiary in terms of subsection (1), as is included in the income of that beneficiary during **[such]** that year of assessment.

(5) The amount by which the sum of the deductions and allowances contemplated in subsection (4) exceeds the amount included in the income of the beneficiary during a year of assessment as contemplated in that subsection**[, shall]**—

- (a) **[be]** is deemed to be a deduction or allowance which may be made in the determination of the taxable income of the trust during **[such]** that year **[of assessment]**: Provided that the sum of **[such]** those deductions and allowances shall be limited to the taxable income of **[such]** that trust during **[such]** that year of assessment as calculated before allowing any deduction or allowance under this subsection; or
- (b) where the trust is not subject to tax in the Republic, must be carried forward and be deemed to be a deduction or allowance which may be made in the determination of the taxable income derived by **[such]** that beneficiary by way of **[income]** amounts referred to in subsection (1) during the immediately succeeding year of assessment.

(6) The amount by which the sum of the deductions and allowances contemplated in subsection (4) exceeds the sum of the amount included in the income of the beneficiary as contemplated in subsection (4) **[of such beneficiary]** and the taxable income of **[such]** the trust as contemplated in subsection (5)(a), **[shall for the purposes of subsection (3)]** must be deemed to be a deduction or allowance for purposes of subsection (3), which may be made in the determination of the taxable income derived by **[such]** that beneficiary by way of

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[income] any amount referred to in subsection (1) during the immediately succeeding year of assessment.

(7) **[The provisions of]** Subsections (4), (5) and (6) **[shall]** do not apply in respect of any **[income]** amount which is deemed to have accrued to any beneficiary in terms of subsection (1), where **[such]** that beneficiary is not subject to tax in the Republic on **[such income]** that amount.”.

Amendment of section 30 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 35 of Act 30 of 2000 and amended by section 16 of Act 19 of 2001, section 22 of Act 30 of 2002, section 31 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 45 of Act 45 of 2003

34. Section 30 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (3) for item (bb) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of the following item:

“(bb) in **[securities listed on a stock exchange as defined in section 1 of the Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985)]** any financial instrument of a listed company as contemplated in paragraph (a) of the definition of ‘listed company’; or”.

(b) by the substitution for subsection (3B) of the following subsection:

“(3B) Where an organisation applies for approval before the later of 31 December **[2003]** 2004 or the last day of its first year of assessment, the Commissioner may approve that organisation for the purposes of this section, or for the purposes of any provision contained in section 10 which was repealed on 15 July 2001, with retrospective effect.”.

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Amendment of section 36 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 12 of Act 72 of 1963, section 15 of Act 90 of 1964, section 20 of Act 88 of 1965, section 23 of Act 55 of 1966, section 16 of Act 95 of 1967, section 14 of Act 76 of 1968, section 26 of Act 89 of 1969, section 21 of Act 65 of 1973, section 28 of Act 85 of 1974, section 20 of Act 104 of 1980, section 25 of Act 94 of 1983, section 16 of Act 96 of 1985, section 14 of Act 70 of 1989, section 26 of Act 101 of 1990, section 30 of Act 129 of 1991, section 24 of Act 141 of 1992, section 29 of Act 113 of 1993, section 17 of Act 36 of 1996 and section 41 of Act 60 of 2001

35. Section 36 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (11) for subparagraphs (aa) and (bb) of paragraph (c) of the following subparagraphs:

“(aa) the amount under this paragraph shall not be calculated for any period during which mining operations are not carried on in accordance with the terms of the relevant—

(A) mining authorization issued under the Minerals Act, 1991 (Act No. 50 of 1991); or

(B) prospecting right, mining right, exploration right or production right, mining permit or retention permit issued in terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002);

(bb) notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any law contained, the amount under this paragraph shall not be taken into account for the purpose of—

(A) calculating the capital allowance provided for in section 25(2) of the Mining Rights Act, 1967; **[or]**

(B) **[for the purpose of]** determining the profits of which a share is payable to the State in terms of any mining authorization issued under the Minerals Act, 1991 (Act No. 50 of 1991); or

(B) determining the amounts payable to the State in terms of the transitional mineral and petroleum provisions

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contemplated in Schedule 3 of the Taxation Laws Amendment Act, 2004 (Act No. 16 of 2004);”.

Amendment of section 41 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 44 of Act 60 of 2001 and substituted by section 34 of Act 74 of 2002 and amended by section 49 of Act 45 of 2003

36. Section 41 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words in paragraph (b) of the definition of “domestic financial instrument holding company” preceding the proviso of the following words:

- “(b) any financial instrument held by that company or by any controlled group company in relation to that company, where that company or controlled group company, as the case may be, is **[regulated in terms of]**—
- (i) a bank regulated in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990);
 - (ii) **[the Financial Markets Control Act, 1989 (Act No. 55 of 1989)]** an authorised user regulated in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004;
 - (iii) an insurer regulated in terms of the Long Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 52 of 1998);
 - (iv) an insurer regulated in terms of the Short Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 53 of 1998); or
 - [(v) the Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985); or]**
 - (vi) a collective investment scheme regulated in terms of the Unit Trusts Control Act, 1981 (Act No. 54 of 1981), or its successor the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No.45 of 2002); or”.

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Amendment of section 42 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 44 of Act 60 of 2001 and substituted by section 34 of Act 74 of 2002 and amended by section 50 of Act 45 of 2003

37. Section 42 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (9) for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

- “(c) that financial instrument is being transferred to any company **[regulated in terms of]** that is—
- (i) a bank regulated in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No.94 of 1990);
 - (ii) **[the Financial Markets Control Act, 1989 (Act No. 55 of 1989)** an authorised user regulated in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004;
 - (iii) an insurer regulated in terms of the Long Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 52 of 1998);
 - (iv) an insurer regulated in terms of the Short Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 53 of 1998); or
 - [(v) the Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985); or]**
 - (vi) a collective investment scheme regulated in terms of the Unit Trusts Control Act, 1981 (Act No. 54 of 1981), or its successor the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No. 45 of 2002).”.

Amendment of section 45 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 44 of Act 60 of 2001 and substituted by section 34 of Act 74 of 2002 and amended by section 53 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 17 of Act 16 of 2004

38. Section 45 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:

“(4)(a) This subsection applies in respect of a transferee company which has acquired an asset—

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- (i) in terms of a disposal by a transferor company by means of an intra-group transaction; or
- (ii) in terms of one or more disposals subsequent to the disposal contemplated in subparagraph (i) and no capital gain or capital loss was determined in respect of any of those disposals as a result of the application of this Part.

(b) Where a transferee company which has acquired an asset as contemplated in paragraph (a) ceases to form part of any group of companies in relation to the transferor company contemplated in paragraph (a)(i) at any time before the disposal by the transferee company of that asset, that transferee company must be deemed to have disposed of that asset to a connected person on the day immediately before the date on which that transferee company ceased to form part of that group of companies and as having immediately reacquired that asset from that person for expenditure equal to the base cost of that asset immediately prior to that disposal.

(c) Where the transferor company or transferee company contemplated in paragraph (b) is liquidated, wound up or deregistered at a time when a company (hereinafter referred to as the 'holding company') holds at least 75 per cent of the equity shares of that liquidating company, the holding company and the liquidating company must be deemed to be one and the same company for purposes of paragraph (b).”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (6) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of the following subparagraph:

“(iii) that financial instrument is being transferred to any transferee company **[regulated in terms of]** that is—

(aa) a bank regulated in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No.94 of 1990);

(bb) **[the Financial Markets Control Act, 1989 (Act No. 55 of 1989)]** an authorised user regulated in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004;

(cc) an insurer regulated in terms of the Long Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 52 of 1998);

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- (dd)* an insurer regulated in terms of the Short Term Insurance Act, 1998 (Act No. 53 of 1998); or
- [(ee) the Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985); or]**
- (ff)* a collective investment scheme regulated in terms of the Unit Trusts Control Act, 1981 (Act No. 54 of 1981), or its successor the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, 2002 (Act No. 45 of 2002)."

Amendment of section 46 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 44 of Act 60 of 2001 and amended by section 23 of Act 30 of 2002 and substituted by section 34 of Act 74 of 2002 and amended by section 54 of Act 45 of 2003

39. Section 46 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

- “(a) that shareholder must be deemed to have acquired the equity shares held in the unbundling company (hereinafter referred to as the ‘previously held shares’) and those shares at a cost equal to—
- (i) where the previously held shares were held by that shareholder as trading stock, the amount taken into account by that person in respect of the previously held shares as contemplated in section 11(a) or 22(1) or (2);
 - (ii) where the previously held shares were held by that shareholder as capital assets and those shares—
 - (aa)* constitute pre-valuation date assets as contemplated in paragraph 1 of the Eighth Schedule, the valuation date value of those shares as contemplated in paragraph 25 of the Eighth Schedule; or
 - (bb)* do not constitute pre-valuation date assets as contemplated in paragraph 1 of the Eighth Schedule, the expenditure in respect of those shares allowable in terms of paragraph 20 of the Eighth Schedule; and”.

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Amendment of section 56 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 18 of Act 90 of 1964, section 25 of Act 55 of 1966, section 33 of Act 89 of 1969, section 38 of Act 85 of 1974, section 21 of Act 113 of 1977, section 13 of Act 101 of 1978, section 23 of Act 96 of 1981, section 31 of Act 94 of 1983, section 4 of Act 30 of 1984, section 28 of Act 121 of 1984, section 18 of Act 96 of 1985, section 21 of Act 85 of 1987, section 26 of Act 90 of 1988, section 28 of Act 141 of 1992, section 32 of Act 113 of 1993, section 18 of Act 36 of 1996, section 39 of Act 30 of 1998, section 38 of Act 30 of 2000, section 41 of Act 59 of 2000, section 45 of Act 60 of 2001, section 24 of Act 30 of 2002, section 35 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 56 of Act 45 of 2003

40. Section 56 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (r) of the following paragraph:

“(r) by a company to any other company that is a resident and is a member of the same group of companies as the company making that donation.”.

Amendment of section 64B of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 34 of Act 113 of 1993 and amended by section 12 of Act 140 of 1993, section 24 of Act 21 of 1994, section 29 of Act 21 of 1995, section 21 of Act 36 of 1996, section 13 of Act 46 of 1996, section 25 of Act 28 of 1997, section 35 of Act 53 of 1999, section 39 of Act 30 of 2000, section 42 of Act 59 of 2000, section 18 of Act 5 of 2001, section 48 of Act 60 of 2001, section 25 of Act 30 of 2002, section 36 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 58 of Act 45 of 2003

41. Section 64B of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (3) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

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“(3) The net amount of any dividend referred to in subsection (2) shall, subject to subsection (3A), be the amount by which such dividend declared by a company exceeds the sum of any dividends **[(other than—**

- (a) any dividends contemplated in subsection (5)(b), (c) (d) and (f);**
- (b) any foreign dividends; or**
- (c) any dividend which accrued to a borrower as contemplated in the definition of ‘securities lending arrangement’ in respect of a share which was borrowed in terms of such arrangement,**

but including foreign dividends to the extent that those foreign dividends are exempt in terms of section 10(1)(k)(ii)(aa),] which have during the dividend cycle in relation to such firstmentioned dividend accrued to the company.”;

- (b) by the insertion after subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3A) In determining the sum of the dividends which have accrued to a company as contemplated in subsection (3), no regard must be had to—

- (a) any dividends contemplated in subsection (5)(b), (c) or (f);
- (b) any dividend to the extent that the dividend is taxable by virtue of the provisions of section 10(1)(k)(i)(bb);
- (c) any dividends which accrued to a borrower as contemplated in the definition of ‘securities lending arrangement’ in respect of a share which was borrowed in terms of that arrangement; or
- (d) any foreign dividends, unless those foreign dividends arose directly or indirectly from dividends declared by a company which is a resident, and—
 - (i) at least 10 per cent of the equity share capital in that resident company is indirectly held by the company contemplated in subsection (3); and
 - (ii) no other resident directly or indirectly holds an equal or greater interest in the equity share capital of that resident company;

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- (c) by the deletion in subsection (5) of paragraph (d);
- (d) by the substitution in subsection (5) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (f) of the following subparagraph:
- “(iii) that shareholder **[is a resident]** will be subject to secondary tax on companies if that shareholder—
- (aa) declares a dividend from that dividend so declared by that company; and
- (bb) does not elect that this paragraph must apply in respect of that dividend; and”;
- (e) by the substitution in subsection (5) for the proviso to paragraph (f) of the following proviso:
- “Provided that for purposes of this paragraph, where that shareholder was formed solely by one **[or more companies]** company within that group of companies, that shareholder must be deemed—
- (a) to have been in existence **[and to have been the controlling company in relation to that company declaring the dividend]** from the date on which the controlling company in relation to that shareholder was formed; and
- (b) to have been the controlling company in relation to the company declaring the dividend from the date on which that company declaring the dividend formed part of the same group of companies as the controlling company in relation to the shareholder;”;
- (f) by the addition to subsection (5) of the following paragraph:
- “(l) any dividend declared by a company to a shareholder upon conversion of that company to a share block company, as contemplated in section 1 of the Share Block Control Act, No. 59 of 1980, to the extent that the dividend—
- (i) constitutes the right to or an interest in the use of any immovable property in respect of which a share block scheme is operated by that company;

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(ii) does not reduce that company's profits and reserves which are available for distribution, including any amount deemed in terms of the definition of 'dividend' in section 1 to be profits available for distribution.";

(g) by the substitution in subsection (7) for paragraph (ii) of the proviso of the following paragraph:

“(ii) for the purposes of **[paragraph (b)]** this subsection the expression ‘month’ means any of the twelve portions into which any calendar year is divided.”;

(h) by the substitution for subsection (11) of the following subsection:

“(11) The provisions of this Act relating to the assessment and recovery of normal tax and additional tax in the event of default or omission shall with the changes required by the context *mutatis mutandis* apply **[for the purposes of the assessment and recovery]** in respect of secondary tax on companies.”.

(2)(a) Subsection (1)(d) is deemed to have come into operation on 26 August 2004 and applies in respect of any dividend declared on or after that date.

(b) Where—

- (i) any dividend is purportedly declared before 26 August 2004; and
- (ii) an election in respect of that dividend in terms of section 64B(5)(f)(v) of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is received by the Commissioner on or after 26 August 2004,

that dividend is deemed to have been declared on 26 August 2004 for the purposes of item (a), unless it is proven to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such dividend was actually declared before that date: Provided that any decision by the Commissioner in this regard shall be subject to objection and appeal in terms of Part III of Chapter III of the Income Tax Act, 1962.

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Amendment of section 64C of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 34 of Act 113 of 1993 and amended by section 13 of Act 140 of 1993, section 25 of Act 21 of 1994, section 30 of Act 21 of 1995, section 22 of Act 36 of 1996, section 40 of Act 30 of 1998, section 36 of Act 53 of 1999, section 40 of Act 30 of 2000, section 43 of Act 59 of 2000, section 37 of Act 74 of 2002, section 38 of Act 12 of 2003 and section 59 of Act 45 of 2003

42. (1) Section 64C of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (2) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) the shareholder or any connected person in relation to that shareholder is released or relieved from any obligation measurable in money which is owed to that company by that shareholder or connected person, to the extent that the amount so owed was not already deemed to be a dividend declared by that company in terms of paragraph (g);”;

(b) by the addition in subsection (2) of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (g);

(c) by the addition to subsection (2) of the following paragraph:

“(h) that amount is incurred by that company in terms of an instrument in respect of which section 8F applies;”;

(d) by the insertion in subsection (4) after paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(bA) where the amount constitutes cash or an asset which is transferred by the company in terms of a disposal or acquisition of an asset for consideration which reflects an arm’s length price;”;

(e) by the substitution in subsection (4) for the words in paragraph (f) preceding subparagraph (i) of the following words:

“(f) to any loan or credit granted to a shareholder of the company or any connected person in relation to the shareholder during any year of assessment of the company granting the loan or credit, if—”;

(f) by the deletion in subsection (4) of paragraphs (g) and (j);

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(g) by the substitution in subsection (4) for paragraph (i) of the following paragraph:

“(i) to any loan or credit granted to a trust by a company to enable **[such] that** trust to purchase shares in **[such] that** company or the controlling company in relation to that company with a view to the resale of **[such] those** shares by **[such] that** trust to employees of **[such] that** company **[or of an associated company in relation to such company]**, under a share incentive scheme operated by the company for the benefit of **[such] those** employees;”;

(h) by the substitution in subsection (4) for paragraph (k) of the following paragraph:

“(k) to any amount contemplated in subsection (2)(a), (b), (c), (d) or (g) distributed, transferred, released, relieved, paid, settled, used, applied, granted or made available for the benefit of any shareholder which is a resident or any connected person in relation to the shareholder, which is a resident—

(i) if that shareholder is a company that is a member of the same group of companies as the company which is deemed to have declared that dividend; and

(ii) to the extent that the amount does not exceed the company’s profits and reserves available for distribution that arose during the period that the shareholder was a member of the same group of companies as the company which is deemed to have declared that dividend: Provided that any profits and reserves taken into account for purposes of this paragraph may not be taken into account in applying this paragraph in respect of any future amounts distributed, transferred, released, relieved, paid, settled, used, applied, granted or made available.”;

(i) by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

“(6) For purposes of this section and section 64B, the dividend contemplated in subsection (2)**[(a), (b), (c), (d) and (f)]** shall

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respectively be deemed to have been declared by the company on the date that—

- (a) the cash or asset is distributed or transferred as contemplated in subsection (2)(a);
- (b) the obligation is released or relieved as contemplated in subsection (2)(b);
- (c) the debt is paid or settled as contemplated in subsection (2)(c);
- (d) the amount is used or applied as contemplated in subsection (2)(d); **[or]**
- (e) the loan or advance is made available**[, as the case may be]** as contemplated in subsection (2)(g); or
- (f) the amount is incurred as contemplated in subsection (2)(h).”.

(2) Subsection (1)(b), (c) and (i) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any instrument issued or acquired on or after that date.

Amendment of section 66 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 10 of Act 6 of 1963, section 19 of Act 90 of 1964, section 27 of Act 88 of 1971, section 22 of Act 91 of 1982, section 19 of Act 65 of 1986, section 23 of Act 85 of 1987, section 37 of Act 101 of 1990, section 26 of Act 21 of 1994, section 41 of Act 30 of 2000, section 19 of Act 5 of 2001, section 17 of Act 19 of 2001, section 26 of Act 30 of 2002, section 38 of Act 74 of 2002, section 61 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 18 of Act 16 of 2004

43. Section 66 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) The Commissioner **[shall]** must annually give public notice that all persons who are personally or in a representative capacity liable to taxation under **[the provisions of]** this Act or who are required to furnish returns for the assessment of tax, **[shall within sixty days after the date of such notice, or within such further time as the Commissioner may for good cause allow,]** must furnish returns within the period prescribed in that notice, or such longer period as the

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Commissioner may allow, for the purposes of assessments in respect of the years of assessment specified in [such] that notice.”;

(b) by the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsections:

“(1A) The persons referred to in subsection (1) include—

(a) every person (other than a natural person), which is either a resident or derives any gross income or capital gain from a source in the Republic;

(b) every natural person—

(i) whose gross income for the year of assessment exceeded an amount specified by the Commissioner in that notice, subject to subsection (1B);

(ii) who carried on any trade in the Republic (other than in his or her capacity as an employee);

(iii) to whom an allowance or advance was paid or granted as contemplated in section 8(1)(a) (other than an amount reimbursed or advanced as contemplated in section 8(1)(a)(ii));

(iv) who had a capital gain or capital loss exceeding R10 000;
or

(v) who is a resident—

(aa) that held any funds in foreign currency or owned any assets outside the Republic during the relevant year of assessment, the total value of which at any stage during that year exceeded R10 000;

(bb) to whom any income or capital gains from funds in foreign currency or assets outside the Republic could be attributed in terms of the Act during the relevant year of assessment; or

(cc) that held any participation rights in a controlled foreign company, as contemplated in section 72A, at any time during the relevant year;

(c) every person to whom an income tax return is issued or who is requested by the Commissioner in writing to furnish a return, irrespective of the amount of income of that person; and

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(d) every representative taxpayer of any person contemplated in paragraph (a), (b) or (c).

(1B) A natural person contemplated in subsection (1A)(b)(i) is not required to furnish a return for the relevant year of assessment, if—

(a) the gross income of that person consisted solely of one or more of the following—

(i) remuneration paid or payable to him or her which does not exceed the annual equivalent of R60 000 (after deduction of contributions to any pension fund and retirement annuity fund and, in the case of a person aged 65 years and older, any contributions to a medical fund) and from which only Standard Income Tax on Employees has been deducted;

(ii) foreign dividends and interest received or accrued from a source outside the Republic which do not in total exceed R1 000; and

(iii) interest received or accrued from a source in the Republic which does not exceed—

(aa) R11 000 in the case of a natural person below the age of 65 years; or

(bb) R16 000 in the case of a natural person aged 65 years and older,

reduced by any amount of foreign dividends and interest contemplated in subparagraph (ii), which is exempt from tax in terms of section 10(1)(j)(xv)(aa); and

(b) none of the other provisions of subsection (1A) apply in respect of that person.”

Amendment of section 67 of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 62 of Act 45 of 2003

44. Section 67 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the insertion after subsection (1) of the following subsection:

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“(1A) If a person’s address which is normally used by the Commissioner for any correspondence with that taxpayer at any time changes, that person must, within 60 days after that change, inform the Commissioner of the new address for correspondence.”; and

(b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2) [Subsection (1) does] Subsections (1) and (1A) do not apply in respect of any person whose income is derived solely from net remuneration, as defined in paragraph 11B of the Fourth Schedule, and the employees’ tax required to be deducted or withheld from that net remuneration under the Fourth Schedule consists solely of Standard Income Tax on Employees.”.

Insertion of section 67A in Act 58 of 1962

45. The following section is hereby inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1962, after section 67:

“Registration of tax practitioners

67A. (1) Every natural person who for reward—

(a) provides advice to any other person with respect to the application of any Act administered by the Commissioner; or

(b) completes or assists in completing any document to be submitted to the Commissioner by any other person in terms of any such Act,

must register with the Commissioner as a tax practitioner, in such form as the Commissioner may determine, at the later of 30 June 2005 or 30 days after the date on which that person for the first time so provides advice or completes or assists in completing any such document.

(2) The provisions of this section do not apply in respect of a person who solely—

(a) provides advice contemplated in subsection (1) in anticipation of any litigation to which the Commissioner is a party, or in the

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course of such litigation;

(b) provides advice contemplated in subsection (1) as an incidental or subordinate part of providing goods or other services;

(c) provides advice or completes or assists in completing any document, as contemplated in subsection (1)—

(i) to or in respect of the employer by whom that person is employed on a full-time basis or to that employer and connected persons in relation to that employer; or

(ii) to or in respect of clients of the employer by whom that person is employed on a full-time basis, for and on behalf of that employer and under the supervision of any person who is registered as a tax practitioner in terms of subsection (1); or

(d) provides advice with respect to the application of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964 (Act No. 91 of 1964), or completes or assists in completing any documents for purposes of that Act."

Amendment of section 69 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 41 of Act 30 of 1998 and section 39 of Act 74 of 2002

46. Section 69 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the addition to subsection (1) of the following paragraphs:

“(g) all amounts received by or accrued to or in favour of any employee or former employee of that person in respect of the disposal of any qualifying equity share contemplated in section 8B;

(h) in the case where that person is a medical scheme contemplated in paragraph (b) of the definition of ‘benefit fund’—

(i) the names and addresses of all the members who contribute to that medical scheme;

(ii) the amounts of those contributions; and

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(iii) all amounts paid by that medical scheme on behalf of any member which must be refunded to the medical scheme by the member;

(i) in the case where that person is a provident fund or a retirement annuity fund—

(i) the names and addresses of all the members who contribute to that fund; and

(ii) the amounts of those contribution;”.

Amendment of section 75 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 40 of Act 101 of 1990, section 34 of Act 129 of 1991, section 30 of Act 141 of 1992, section 35 of Act 113 of 1993, section 27 of Act 21 of 1994, section 15 of Act 46 of 1996, section 39 of Act 53 of 1999, section 44 of Act 30 of 2000, section 23 of Act 5 of 2001, section 18 of Act 19 of 2001, section 52 of Act 60 of 2001, section 45 of Act 74 of 2002, section 68 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 19 of Act 16 of 2004

47. Section 75 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (aA) of the following paragraph:

“(aA) any person who fails to register as a taxpayer or to inform the Commissioner of any change in address as contemplated in section 67;”;

(b) by the insertion after paragraph (aA) of the following paragraph:

“(aB) any person who fails to register as a tax practitioner as contemplated in section 67A;”.

Insertion of Part IA in Chapter III of Act 58 of 1962

48. The following Part is hereby inserted in Chapter III of the Income Tax Act, 1962, after Part I:

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**“PART IA
ADVANCE TAX RULINGS**

Definitions

76B. For purposes of this Part, unless the context otherwise indicates—

‘advance tax ruling’ means a written statement issued by the Commissioner regarding the interpretation or application of the Act and is limited to a binding general ruling under section 76P, a binding private ruling under section 76Q, or a binding class ruling under section 76R;

‘applicant’ means a person who applies for a binding private ruling under section 76Q or a binding class ruling under section 76R;

‘application’ means an application for a binding private ruling under section 76Q or a binding class ruling under section 76R;

‘binding class ruling’ means an advance tax ruling regarding the application or interpretation of the Act to a specific class of persons in respect of a proposed transaction that is issued in accordance with the requirements of section 76R in response to an application by an applicant;

‘binding general ruling’ means an advance tax ruling, issued in accordance with the requirements of section 76P, regarding—

(a) the interpretation of the Act; or

(b) the application or interpretation of the Act in respect of a particular set of facts and circumstances or transaction;

‘binding private ruling’ means an advance tax ruling regarding the application or interpretation of the Act in respect of a proposed transaction that is issued in accordance with the requirements of section 76Q in response to an application by an applicant;

‘class member’ means a member of the class to which a binding class ruling applies, such as a shareholder in a company or an employee participant in a share investment scheme;

‘entity’ means a person, other than a natural person, which may apply for a binding class ruling on behalf of its shareholders or members in respect of a proposed transaction to which it is a party and includes a company, close

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corporation or trade association: Provided that an entity does not include a professional firm acting or purporting to act on behalf of a client;

'nonbinding private opinion' means a written statement issued by the Commissioner in response to an inquiry by a person in order to provide the person with informal guidance in respect of the tax treatment of a particular set of facts and circumstances or transaction, but which does not have any binding effect within the meaning of section 76H;

'transaction' means any transaction, deal, piece of business, arrangement, operation or scheme (collectively, 'transaction') and includes a series of transactions.

Purpose

76C. The purpose of the advance tax ruling system is to promote clarity, consistency, and certainty regarding the interpretation and application of the Act.

Scope

76D. The Commissioner may make an advance tax ruling on any provision of this Act.

Form and content of applications

76E. (1) Subject to the minimum requirements set forth in subsection (2) of this section, an application must be made in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe.

(2) An application must state the following minimum information—

- (a) the applicant's name, applicable identification or tax registration number, postal address and telephone number;
- (b) the name, postal address and telephone number of the applicant's representative, if any;
- (c) a complete description of the proposed transaction in respect of which the ruling is sought;

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- (d) a complete description of the impact the proposed transaction may have upon the tax liability of the applicant or, where relevant, any connected person in relation to the applicant, including any and all relevant information regarding the financial or tax implications of the proposed transaction;
- (e) a complete description of any transactions entered into by the applicant prior to submitting the application or that may be undertaken after the completion of the proposed transaction which may have a bearing on the tax consequences of the proposed transaction or may be considered to be part of a series of transactions involving the proposed transaction;
- (f) the proposed ruling being sought;
- (g) the relevant statutory provisions or issues;
- (h) the reasons why the applicant believes that the proposed ruling should be granted;
- (i) a statement of the applicant's interpretation of the relevant statutory provisions or issues, as well as an analysis of any relevant authorities either considered by the applicant or of which the applicant is aware, whether those authorities support or are contrary to the proposed ruling being sought;
- (j) a statement, to the best of the applicant's knowledge, that the same or substantially similar issue upon which the ruling is sought is not the subject of an audit, examination, investigation, ruling application, objection and appeal, or other proceeding currently before the Commissioner or the courts involving the applicant or a connected person in relation to the applicant;
- (k) a draft version of the binding private ruling or binding class ruling to be issued;
- (l) a description of the information that the applicant believes should be deleted from the final ruling before publication in order to protect the applicant's confidentiality; and
- (m) the applicant's consent to the publication of the ruling by the Commissioner in accordance with section 76O.

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(3) In addition to the minimum information required by subsection (2) of this section, an application for a binding class ruling must also state the following minimum information—

- (a) a description of the class members; and
- (b) the impact the proposed transaction may have upon the liability of the class members or, where relevant, any connected person in relation to the applicant or to any class member.

(4) The Commissioner may request additional information from an applicant at any time.

(5) An application must be accompanied by the application fee prescribed by the Commissioner pursuant to section 76F(1).

Fees

76F. (1) In order to defray the cost of the advance tax ruling system, the Commissioner must prescribe fees for the issuance of binding private rulings and binding class rulings, including—

- (a) an application fee; and
- (b) a cost recovery fee.

(2) Following the acceptance of an application, the Commissioner must, if requested, provide the applicant with an estimate of the cost recovery fee anticipated in connection with that application and must notify the applicant if it subsequently appears that this estimate may be exceeded.

(3) The fees imposed by this section constitute fees imposed by SARS within the meaning of section 5(1)(h) the South African Revenue Services Act, 1997, and constitute funds of SARS within the meaning of section 24 of that Act.

Exclusions, refusals and rejections

76G. (1) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Act, the Commissioner may not accept an application for an advance tax ruling in any of the following circumstances—

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(a) the application requests or requires the rendering of an opinion, conclusion or determination regarding or in respect of any of the following:

- (i) the market value of an asset;
- (ii) the application or interpretation of the laws of a foreign country;
- (iii) the pricing of goods or services supplied by or rendered to a connected person in relation to the applicant (or to a class member in the case of an application for a binding class ruling);
- (iv) the constitutionality of any tax law;
- (iv) a proposed transaction that is hypothetical or not seriously contemplated; or

(b) the application relates to the duty of an employer to determine whether a person is an independent contractor, labour broker, personal service company or personal service trust;

(c) the application is submitted for academic purposes;

(d) the application presents, contains, or raises—

- (i) a frivolous or vexatious issue;
- (ii) alternative courses of action by the applicant (or requests or requires the rendering of an opinion, conclusion or determination regarding such alternative courses of action); or
- (iii) an issue that is the same a or substantially similar to an issue that is—

(aa) currently before the Commissioner in connection with an audit, examination, investigation or other proceeding involving the applicant or any connected person in relation to the applicant (or, in the case of a binding class ruling, in relation to the applicant or any class member);

(bb) the subject of draft legislation; or

(cc) pending before the courts.

(2) In addition to the exclusions and refusals set forth in subsections (1) of this section, the Commissioner may reject any application regarding or in respect of any of the following—

(a) the application or interpretation of any general or specific anti-avoidance provision, including but not limited to section 103 of this Act,

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as well as the application or interpretation of any anti-avoidance doctrine, principle or mechanism;

(b) an issue—

- (i) that is of an inherently or distinctly factual nature; or
- (ii) in respect of which material facts cannot be established at the time of the application; or
- (iii) the resolution of which would depend upon assumptions to be made regarding a future event or other matters which cannot be reasonably determined at the time of the application; or
- (iv) which would be more appropriately dealt with by the competent authorities of the parties to a double tax agreement; or
- (v) which is the same as or substantially similar to an issue upon which the applicant has already received a ruling; or
- (vi) in which the tax treatment of the applicant is dependent upon the tax treatment of another party to the proposed transaction and that other party has not applied for a ruling; or
- (vii) in respect of a transaction that is part of another transaction which has a bearing on that issue and the details of that other transaction have not been disclosed; or

(c) a matter the resolution of which would be unduly time-consuming or resource intensive.

(3) In addition to the exclusions and refusals set forth in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the Commissioner may publish lists of issues in respect of which applications will not be accepted.

(4) If the Commissioner requests additional information in respect of or in connection with an application and the applicant fails or refuses to provide that information, the Commissioner may reject that application without any refund or rebate of any applicable fees imposed under section 76F.

Binding effect

76H. (1) Except to the extent otherwise provided in sections 76K, 76L and 76M, if an advance tax ruling applies to a person in accordance with section 76J, then the Commissioner must interpret or apply the Act to that

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person in accordance with that advance tax ruling (referred to as “binding effect” for purposes of this Part).

(2) An advance tax ruling does not have any binding effect upon the Commissioner unless that advance tax ruling applies to that person in accordance with section 76J.

(3) A binding general ruling may be cited by the Commissioner or any person in any proceeding before the Commissioner or the courts.

(4) A binding private ruling may not be cited in any proceeding before the Commissioner or the courts other than a proceeding involving the applicant for that ruling.

(5) A binding class ruling may not be cited in any proceeding before the Commissioner or the courts by any person other than a proceeding involving the applicant for that ruling or an affected class member identified in the ruling.

(6) A publication or other written statement issued by the Commissioner does not have any binding effect unless it is a binding general ruling under section 76P, a binding private ruling under section 76Q, or a binding class ruling under section 76R.

Nonbinding private opinions and other written statements

76I. (1) The Commissioner may issue a nonbinding private opinion to a person regarding the tax treatment of a particular set of facts and circumstances or a particular transaction.

(2) A nonbinding private opinion does not have any binding effect upon the Commissioner.

(3) A nonbinding private opinion may not be cited in any proceeding before the Commissioner or the courts other than a proceeding involving the person to whom the nonbinding private opinion was issued.

(4) With respect to any written statement issued by the Commissioner prior to the effective date of this Part, the Commissioner may prescribe, in writing, the extent to which, if any, such statement has binding effect.

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(5) Except to the extent the Commissioner prescribes otherwise in accordance with subsection (4) of this section, any written statement issued by the Commissioner prior to the effective date of this Part is to be treated as and have the effect of a nonbinding private opinion.

Applicability of advance tax rulings

76J. (1) For purposes of section 76H, an advance tax ruling applies to a person only if all of the following conditions have been satisfied—

- (a) the provision or provisions of the Act at issue are the subject of the advance tax ruling;
- (b) the set of facts and circumstances or the transaction presented by the person are the same as the particular set of facts and circumstances or the particular transaction specified in the advance tax ruling;
- (c) the person's set of facts and circumstances or transaction fall entirely within the effective period for the effective period of the advance tax ruling; and
- (d) any assumptions made or conditions imposed by the Commissioner in connection with the validity of the advance tax ruling have been satisfied or carried out.

(2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of this section—

- (a) in the case of a binding private ruling, the ruling applies to a person only if that person is the applicant identified in the ruling; and
- (b) in the case of a binding class ruling, the ruling applies to a person only if that person is either the applicant identified in the ruling or a class member identified in the ruling.

Rulings rendered void due to fraud, misrepresentation, etc

76K. (1) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Act, a binding private ruling or binding class ruling is rendered void *ab initio* under any of the following circumstances—

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- (a) the facts stated in the application regarding the proposed transaction are materially different from the transaction actually carried out;
- (b) there is a misrepresentation or nondisclosure of a material fact; or
- (c) any condition or assumption stipulated by the Commissioner is not satisfied or carried out.

(2) For purposes of this section, a fact is considered material if it would have resulted in a different ruling had the Commissioner been aware of it when the original ruling was made.

Impact of subsequent changes in tax law

76L. (1) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in this Act, an advance tax ruling ceases to be effective upon the occurrence of any of the following circumstances—

- (a) if the provision of the Act that was the subject of the advance tax ruling is repealed or amended, the advance tax ruling will cease to be effective from the date that such repeal or amendment is effective;
- (b) if a court overturns or modifies an interpretation of the Act on which the advance tax ruling is based, the advance tax ruling will cease to be effective from the date of judgment unless—
 - (i) the decision is under appeal;
 - (ii) the decision is fact-specific and the general interpretation upon which the advance tax ruling was based was unaffected; or
 - (iii) the reference to the interpretation upon which the advance tax ruling was based was *obiter dicta*.

(2) An advance tax ruling ceases to be effective immediately upon the occurrence of the circumstances described in subsection (1) of this section, whether or not the Commissioner publishes a notice of withdrawal or modification.

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Withdrawal or modification

76M. (1) The Commissioner may withdraw or modify an advance tax ruling at any time, subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) Notice of the withdrawal or modification of an advance tax ruling must be published in such manner and media as the Commissioner may deem appropriate.

(3) The notice of withdrawal or modification may be made in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe: Provided that such notice must include the following information—

(a) the title or number of the advance tax ruling being withdrawn or modified;

(b) if a modification, a summary of the changes made; and

(c) the effective date of the withdrawal or modification.

(4) If the advance tax ruling is either a binding private ruling or a binding class ruling, the Commissioner must first provide the applicant with notice of the proposed withdrawal or modification and a reasonable opportunity to state any proposition of law or fact relevant to the decision to withdraw or modify the ruling.

Retrospective Effect

76N. (1) The Commissioner may withdraw or modify an advance tax ruling with retrospective effect, subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) The effective date for the withdrawal or modification of a binding general ruling issued in error may not be earlier than the date of publication of the notice of that withdrawal or modification.

(3) The Commissioner may withdraw or modify a binding private ruling or a binding class ruling retrospectively if that ruling was made in error and any of the following circumstances apply—

(a) the applicant has not yet commenced the proposed transaction;

(b) there is a person(s) other than the applicant (or class member, in the case of a binding class ruling) who will suffer significant disadvantage if

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the ruling is not withdrawn or modified and applicant will suffer comparatively less if the ruling is withdrawn or modified; or
(c) the effect of the ruling will materially erode the South African tax base and it is in the public interest to withdraw or modify the ruling retrospectively.

(4) A binding general ruling which is interpretative and is limited to providing details, supplementary information, examples, illustrations or elaborations of existing tax law, policy, or practice, applies from the effective date of the provision which is the subject of that ruling unless otherwise stated in that general binding ruling.

Publication and protection of confidentiality

76O. (1) A person applying for an advance tax ruling must consent to the publication of the advance tax ruling in accordance with this section.

(2) Binding private rulings and binding class rulings must be published by the Commissioner for general information in such form as does not reveal the identity of the applicants or class members.

(3) Information that may reveal the identity of an applicant or class member includes the following—

- (a) the name, address, and other identifying details of the applicant, as well as any person identified or referred to in the ruling;
- (b) in the case of a binding class ruling, the name, address, and other identifying details of the applicant for the ruling, as well as of any member of the class to which the ruling applies; and
- (c) any information the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(4) Pursuant to section 76Q(7) or section 76R(7), the Commissioner may consider, prior to publication, any comments and proposed edits and deletions submitted by an applicant: Provided that the Commissioner's determination regarding the contents of the published ruling is final.

(5) The application or interpretation of the Act to a transaction does not constitute and may not be treated as information that may reveal the identity

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of an applicant or class member or constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy within the meaning of subsection (3) of this section.

(6) An applicant for a binding class ruling may consent in writing to the inclusion of information identifying it or the proposed transaction in order to facilitate communication with the class members.

(7) The Commissioner must treat the publication of the withdrawal or modification of a binding private ruling or a binding class in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as the publication of the original ruling.

Binding General Rulings

76P. (1) The Commissioner may, at any time, make binding general rulings.

(2) A binding general ruling may be effective for either—

(a) a particular year of assessment or other definite period; or

(b) an indefinite period.

(3) A binding general ruling must state—

(a) that it is a binding general ruling made under this section;

(b) the provision of the Act which is the subject of the binding general ruling; and

(c) either—

(i) the year or assessment or other definite period for which it applies; or

(ii) in the case of a binding general ruling for an indefinite period, that it is for an indefinite period and the date or year of assessment from or beginning with which it applies.

(4) Subject to the minimum requirements set forth in subsection (3) of this section, binding general rulings may be issued in such form and in such manner as the Commissioner may prescribe, including but not limited to interpretation notes and practice notes.

(5) A publication or other written statement does not constitute and may not be considered or treated as a binding general ruling unless it contains the information prescribed by subsection (3) of this section.

Binding Private Rulings

76Q. (1) The Commissioner may issue binding private rulings regarding the application or interpretation of a provision or provisions of the Act to a proposed transaction upon application by a person in accordance with the requirements of section 76E.

(2) The Commissioner may make a binding private ruling subject to such conditions and assumptions as may be prescribed in the ruling.

(3) The Commissioner must provide an applicant with a reasonable opportunity to consult if, based upon the application and any additional information received, it appears that the content of the binding private ruling to be made would differ materially from the proposed ruling sought by the applicant.

(4) The Commissioner must issue the final binding private ruling to the applicant at the address shown in the application unless the applicant provides other instructions, in writing, before the ruling is issued.

(5) A binding private ruling may be issued in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe: Provided that it must state the following—

(a) a statement identifying it as a binding private ruling made under this section;

(b) the name, tax number, and postal address of the applicant;

(c) the relevant statutory provisions or issues;

(d) a description of the proposed transaction;

(e) the specific ruling made;

(f) any assumptions made, or conditions imposed by, the Commissioner in connection with the validity of the ruling; and

(g) the period for which the ruling is valid.

(6) Subject to the requirements of section 76O, binding private rulings must be published in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe.

(7) Prior to final publication, the Commissioner must provide the applicant with a draft copy of the edited ruling for review and comment.

Binding Class Rulings

76R. (1) The Commissioner may issue binding class rulings regarding the application or interpretation of a provisions or provisions of the Act to a proposed transaction upon application by a person in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(2) The Commissioner may make a binding class ruling subject to such conditions and assumptions as may be prescribed in the ruling.

(3) The Commissioner must provide an applicant with a reasonable opportunity to consult if, based upon the application and any additional information received, it appears that the content of the binding class ruling to be made would differ materially from the proposed ruling sought by the applicant.

(4) The Commissioner must issue the final binding class ruling to the applicant at the address shown in the application unless the applicant provides other instructions, in writing, before the ruling is issued.

(5) A binding class ruling may be issued in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe: Provided that it must state the following—

(a) a statement identifying it as a binding class ruling made under this section;

(b) the name, tax number, and postal address of the applicant;

(c) a list or a description of the affected class members;

(d) the relevant statutory provisions or issues;

(e) a description of the proposed transaction;

(f) the specific ruling made;

(g) any assumptions made or conditions imposed by the Commissioner in connection with the validity of the ruling; and

(h) the period for which the ruling is valid.

(6) Subject to the requirements of section 76O, binding class rulings must be published in such manner and in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe.

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(7) Prior to final publication, the Commissioner must provide the applicant with a draft copy of the edited ruling for review and comment.

(8) It is the sole and exclusive responsibility of the applicant to communicate with the affected class members regarding the application for the binding class ruling, the issuance, withdrawal or modification of such ruling, or any other information or matters pertaining to such ruling.

Procedures and Guidelines

76S. The Commissioner may issue procedures and guidelines, in the form of binding general rulings, for implementation and operation of the advance tax ruling system established by this Part.

Amendment of section 78 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 25 of Act 5 of 2001, section 27 of Act 30 of 2002 and section 47 of Act 74 of 2002

49. Section 78 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in (1A) for item (ii) of paragraph (a) of the following item:

- “(ii) any funds in foreign currency or assets outside the Republic from which any income or capital gain would be attributable to that resident during the relevant year of assessment in terms of section 7 or Part X of the Eighth Schedule.”.

Amendment of section 79 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 26 of Act 69 of 1975, section 23 of Act 91 of 1982, section 32 of Act 21 of 1995, section 23 of Act 36 of 1996 and section 26 of Act 5 of 2001

50. Section 79 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—
(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraphs (i) and (ii) of the proviso of the following paragraphs:

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- “(i) after the expiration of three years from the date of the assessment (if any) in terms of which any amount which should have been assessed to tax under such assessment was not so assessed or in terms of which the amount of tax assessed was less than the amount of such tax which was properly chargeable, unless—
- (aa) the Commissioner is satisfied that the fact that the amount which should have been assessed to tax was not so assessed or the fact that the full amount of tax chargeable was not assessed, was due to fraud or misrepresentation or non-disclosure of material facts; or
 - (bb) the Commissioner and the taxpayer agree otherwise prior to the expiry of that three year period; or
- (ii) in respect of any tax referred to in paragraph (c), after the expiration of three years from the date of payment of any amount paid in respect of such tax unless—
- (aa) the Commissioner is satisfied that the fact that such tax was not paid in full was due to fraud or misrepresentation or non-disclosure of material facts; or
 - (bb) the Commissioner and the taxpayer agree otherwise prior to the expiry of that three year period; or”;
- (b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the second proviso of the following proviso:
- “Provided further that where the Commissioner has in respect of any year of assessment made an assessment upon any company for normal tax purposes, he or she shall not after the expiration of three years from the date of the said assessment (or, where more than one such assessment has been made, from the date of the latest of such assessments), or such longer period as the company and the Commissioner may agree prior to the expiry of that three year period, make any assessment in respect of any amount of **[undistributed profits tax or]** secondary tax on companies payable by the company in respect of **[the said]** any dividend declared during that year, unless the

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Commissioner is satisfied that the fact that an assessment in respect of the said amount was not previously made was due to fraud or misrepresentation or non-disclosure of material facts;”.

Amendment of section 81 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 27 of Act 69 of 1975, section 15 of Act 70 of 1989, section 53 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 71 of Act 45 of 2003

51. Section 81 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the deletion of subsection (6).

Amendment of section 83 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 21 of Act 90 of 1964, section 22 of Act 103 of 1976, section 15 of Act 104 of 1979, section 19 of Act 96 of 1985, section 16 of Act 70 of 1989, section 36 of Act 129 of 1991, section 36 of Act 113 of 1993, section 30 of Act 28 of 1997, section 45 of Act 30 of 2000, section 54 of Act 60 of 2001, section 29 of Act 30 of 2002 and section 72 of Act 45 of 2003

52. Section 83 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1C) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

“(1C) The Commissioner may alter any assessment against which an appeal has been noted, as contemplated in subsection (1), where the Commissioner has conceded that appeal or resolved a dispute in terms of the alternative dispute resolution procedures prescribed in the rules contemplated in section 107A(2), in whole or in part, at any stage before—”.

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Amendment of section 89quat of Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 34 of Act 121 of 1984, substituted by section 22 of Act 65 of 1986 and amended by section 18 of Act 70 of 1989, section 42 of Act 113 of 1993, section 15 of Act 140 of 1993, section 33 of Act 21 of 1995, section 24 of Act 36 of 1996, section 50 of Act 59 of 2000, section 29 of Act 5 of 2001 and section 49 of Act 74 of 2002

53. Section 89quat of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the definition of “credit amount” of the following paragraph:

- “(a) the provisional tax paid by the taxpayer under the provisions of paragraph 21 **[22]** or 23 of the Fourth Schedule in respect of such year;”.

Amendment of section 103 of Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 14 of Act 101 of 1978, section 37 of Act 121 of 1984, section 19 of Act 70 of 1989, section 29 of Act 36 of 1996, section 45 of Act 30 of 1998, section 52 of Act 59 of 2000 and section 33 of Act 5 of 2001

54. (1) Section 103 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (5) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

- “(a) Where under any transaction, operation or scheme—
 - (i) any taxpayer has ceded **[his]** the right to receive any amount of interest in exchange for any amount of dividends; and
 - (ii) in consequence of **[such]** that cession the **[taxpayer’s]** liability for normal tax of the taxpayer or any other party to the transaction, operation or scheme, as determined before applying the provisions of this subsection, has been reduced or extinguished,

the Commissioner shall determine the liability for normal tax of the taxpayer and any other party to the transaction, operation or scheme as if **[such]** that cession had not been effected.”.

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(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of any instrument issued or acquired on or after that date.

Amendment of paragraph 1 of Second Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 31 of Act 90 of 1962, section 23 of Act 90 of 1964, section 34 of Act 88 of 1971, section 34 of Act 69 of 1975, section 26 of Act 113 of 1977, section 17 of Act 104 of 1979, section 27 of Act 104 of 1980, section 28 of Act 96 of 1981, section 46 of Act 94 of 1983, section 24 of Act 65 of 1986, section 43 of Act 101 of 1990, section 35 of Act 21 of 1995, section 41 of Act 28 of 1997, section 47 of Act 30 of 1998 and section 82 of Act 45 of 2003

55. Paragraph 1 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in “formula C” for item (bb) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of the following item:

“(bb) years of pensionable service purchased after 1 March 1998 by **[‘non-statutory force members’]** a ‘former member of a non-statutory force or service’ as defined in the Government Employees’ Pension Law, 1996 (Proclamation No. 21 of 1996), in respect of any previous or other periods of service accounted for prior to 1 March 1998; or”.

Substitution of paragraph 2A of Second Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 43 of Act 28 of 1997 and amended by section 49 of Act 30 of 1998

56. Paragraph 2A of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

“2A. For the purposes of paragraph 2, where any lump sum benefit is received or accrues from a fund referred to in paragraph (a)

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or (b) of the definition of 'pension fund' in section 1 of this Act, the amount of such lump sum benefit shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the amount determined in accordance with formula C:".

Substitution of paragraph 2B of Second Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 42 of Act 53 of 1999 and amended by section 64 of Act 60 of 2001

57. Paragraph 2B of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

"2B. For the purposes of **[paragraph]** paragraphs 2 and 2A, where a court **[granting an decree of divorce in respect of any member of a pension fund, provident fund or retirement annuity fund]** has made an order that any part of the pension interest of **[that]** a member of a pension fund, provident fund or retirement annuity fund shall be paid to the former spouse of **[such]** that member, as provided for in **[section 7 (8) of]** the Divorce Act, 1979 (Act No. 70 of 1979), the amount of **[such]** that part **[shall be]** is deemed to be an amount that accrues to **[such]** that person on the date on which the pension interest, of which **[such]** that amount forms part, accrues to **[such]** that person:".

Amendment of paragraph 1 of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as added by section 19 of Act 6 of 1963 and amended by section 22 of Act 72 of 1963, section 44 of Act 89 of 1969, section 24 of Act 52 of 1970, section 37 of Act 88 of 1971, section 47 of Act 85 of 1974, section 6 of Act 30 of 1984, section 38 of Act 121 of 1984, section 20 of Act 70 of 1989, section 44 of Act 101 of 1990, section 44 of Act 129 of 1991, section 33 of Act 141 of 1992, section 48 of Act 113 of 1993, section 16 of Act 140 of 1993, section 37 of Act 21 of 1995, section 34 of Act 36 of 1996, section 44 of Act 28 of 1997, section 52 of Act 30 of 1998, section

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52 of Act 30 of 2000, section 53 of Act 59 of 2000, section 19 of Act 19 of 2001 and section 32 of Act 30 of 2002

58. Paragraph 1 of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in the definition of “provisional taxpayer” for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

“(d) any person **[(other than a person referred to in paragraph 18(1)(c))]** who is notified by the Commissioner that he or she is a provisional taxpayer;”;

(b) by the insertion in the definition of “remuneration” after paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

“(d) the market value of any qualifying equity share contemplated in section 8B, determined on the date of disposal, which has been disposed of by that person and where the receipts and accruals from that disposal must be included in that person’s income under that section;”.

Amendment of paragraph 6 of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 83 of Act 45 of 2003

59. Paragraph 6 of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the addition of the following subparagraph:

“(4) Any decision by the Commissioner not to remit any penalty under subparagraph (2) or to impose any penalty under subparagraph (2A), shall be subject to objection and appeal.”.

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Substitution of paragraph 11A of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 45 of Act 89 of 1969 and amended by section 47 of Act 28 of 1997

60. The following paragraph hereby substitutes paragraph 11A of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962:

“11A. (1) Where by virtue of the provisions of paragraph (b) or (d) of the definition of ‘remuneration’ in paragraph 1, the remuneration of an employee includes—

(a) any gain made **[by the exercise, cession, or release of any right to acquire any marketable security]** in respect of the vesting of any equity instrument as contemplated in section 8A **[of this Act]; or**

(b) the market value of any qualifying equity share as defined in section 8B.

the amount of **[such]** that gain **[shall]** or that market value must for the purposes of this Schedule be deemed to be an amount of remuneration which is payable to **[such]** that employee by the employer **[by]** from whom **[such]** that marketable security, right or qualifying equity share, as the case may be, was **[granted]** acquired.

(2) **[Employees]** Employees’ tax in respect of the **[said]** amount of remuneration **[shall]** contemplated in subparagraph (1) must, unless the Commissioner has granted authority to the contrary, be deducted or withheld by **[the said]** that employer from any consideration paid or payable by him or her to **[the said]** that employee in respect of the **[cession, or release of the said]** disposal of that marketable security, right or qualifying equity share, as the case may be, or from any cash remuneration paid or payable by **[the said]** that employer to **[the said]** that employee after **[the said]** that marketable security or right to acquire a marketable security has to the knowledge of **[the said]** that employer been **[exercised, ceded, or released]** acquired or that qualifying equity share has to the knowledge of that employer been disposed of.

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(3) The provisions of this Schedule **[shall]** apply in relation to the amount of **[employees] employees'** tax deducted or withheld under subparagraph (2) as though **[such] that** amount had been deducted or withheld from the amount of the gain or in respect of the market value, as the case may be, referred to in subparagraph (1).

[(4) Before deducting or withholding employees tax under subparagraph (2) the said employer shall ascertain from the Commissioner the amount to be so deducted or withheld.]

(5) If **[the said] that** employer is, by reason of the fact that the amount to be deducted or withheld by way of **[employees] employees'** tax exceeds the amount from which the deduction or withholding is to be made, unable to deduct or withhold the full amount of **[employees] employees'** tax during the year of assessment during which the gain arises or the qualifying equity share is disposed of, as the case may be, he **[shall] or she must** immediately notify the Commissioner of the fact in which case the Commissioner may issue a directive in terms of paragraph 11, having regard to the circumstances contemplated in that paragraph.

(6) Where an employee has under any transaction to which the employer is not a party made any gain **[referred to]** in subparagraph (1) or an employee has disposed of any qualifying equity share contemplated in subparagraph (1), [such] that employee **[shall forthwith] must immediately** inform the employer thereof and of the **[fact that such gain has been made and of the]** amount of **[such] that** gain or the market value of that qualifying equity share, as the case may be.

(7) Any employee who without just cause shown by him or her fails to comply with the provisions of subparagraph (6), shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R2 000.”.

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Amendment of paragraph 18 of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as added by section 19 of Act 6 of 1963 and amended by section 28 of Act 90 of 1964, section 42 of Act 88 of 1971, section 49 of Act 85 of 1974, section 19 of Act 104 of 1979, section 26 of Act 65 of 1986, section 9 of Act 108 of 1986, section 23 of Act 70 of 1989, section 50 of Act 113 of 1993, section 37 of Act 36 of 1996, section 24 of Act 19 of 2001, section 34 of Act 30 of 2002, section 58 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 24 of Act 16 of 2004

61. Paragraph 18 of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subparagraph (1) for item (a) of the following item:

“(a) in respect of any **[period]** year of assessment in respect of which provisional tax would but for the provisions of this item be payable by him or her, any person (other than a company or a director of a private company) who satisfies the Commissioner that apart from any taxable income which he or she may derive by way of remuneration, or any amount referred to in paragraph (iii) of the definition of ‘remuneration’ in paragraph 1, he or she will not during that **[period]** year of assessment derive any taxable income in excess of R10 000;”.

Amendment of paragraph 27 of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 43 of Act 121 of 1984 and section 29 of Act 65 of 1986

62. Paragraph 27 of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for subparagraph (1) of the following paragraph:

“(1) If any provisional taxpayer fails to pay any amount of provisional tax for which he or she is liable within the period allowed for payment thereof in terms of paragraph 21 **[22]** or 23, or **[sub-paragraph (1) of]** paragraph 25(1), or within such extended period as

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the Commissioner may allow in terms of **[sub-paragraph (2) of]** paragraph 25(2), he **[shall]** or she must, in addition to any other penalty or charge incurred by him or her under this Act, pay to the Commissioner a penalty equal to ten per cent of the amount not paid.”.

Amendment of paragraph 28 of Fourth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as amended by section 29 of Act 90 of 1964, section 30 of Act 95 of 1967, section 48 of Act 89 of 1969, section 48 of Act 88 of 1971, section 23 of Act 90 of 1972, section 55 of Act 85 of 1974, section 53 of Act 94 of 1983, section 44 of Act 121 of 1984 and section 30 of Act 65 of 1986

63. Paragraph 28 of the Fourth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution for subparagraph (8) of the following paragraph:

“(8) For the purposes of this paragraph, ‘taxes’ means the normal tax levied under this Act **[but excluding any normal tax payable by a close corporation under section 40A(4)(b)]**.”.

Amendment of paragraph 2 of Seventh Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as added by section 46 of Act 121 of 1984 and amended by section 27 of Act 96 of 1985, section 56 of Act 101 of 1990, section 49 of Act 28 of 1997 and section 54 of Act 30 of 1998

64. Paragraph 2 of the Seventh Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(a) any asset consisting of any goods, commodity, marketable security or property of any nature (other than money) has been acquired by the employee from the employer or any associated institution in relation to the employer or from any person by arrangement with the employer, either for no consideration or for a consideration given by the employee which is less than the

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value of such asset, as determined under paragraph 5(2):
Provided that the provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply
in respect of—

- (i) any meal, refreshment, voucher, board, fuel, power or water with which the employee has been provided as contemplated in subparagraph (c) or (d); **[or]**
- (ii) **[in respect of any marketable security acquired by the exercise by the employee, as] any equity instrument contemplated in section 8A **[of this Act, of any right to acquire any marketable security] in respect of which section 8A applies; or****
- (iii) any qualifying equity share acquired by an employee as contemplated in section 8B; or".

Amendment of paragraph 1 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 65 of Act 60 of 2001, section 63 of Act 74 of 2002, section 90 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 25 of Act 16 of 2004

65. Paragraph 1 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in the definition of “recognised exchange” of paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
 - “(a) **[a stock] an** exchange licensed under the **[Stock Exchanges Control Act, 1985 (Act no. 1 of 1985) Securities Services Act, 2004;**”;
- (b) by the deletion in the definition of “recognised exchange” of paragraph (b).

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Amendment of paragraph 2 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 25 of Act 19 of 2001, section 66 of Act 60 of 2001, section 64 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 91 of Act 45 of 2003

66. Paragraph 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subparagraph (1) for the words preceding item (a) of the following words:

“(1) Subject to paragraph 97, this Schedule applies to the disposal on or after valuation date of—“

Amendment of paragraph 3 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 67 of Act 60 of 2001

67. Paragraph 3 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in item (b) for subitem (i) of the following subitem:
 - “(i) so much of any amount received by or accrued to that person during the current year of assessment, as constitutes part of the proceeds of that disposal which has not been taken into account—
 - (aa) during any year in determining the capital gain or capital loss in respect of that disposal; or
 - (bb) in the redetermination of the capital gain or capital loss in terms of paragraph 25(2).”;
- (b) by the substitution in item (b) for subitem (ii) of the following subitem:
 - “(ii) so much of the base cost of that asset that has been taken into account in determining the capital gain or capital loss in respect of that disposal as has been recovered or recouped during the current year of assessment and which has not been taken into account in the redetermination of the capital gain or capital loss in terms of paragraph 25(2).”;

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- (c) by the addition to item (b) of the following subitem:
- “(iii) where in terms of paragraph 25(2)—
- (aa) any capital gain is redetermined and—
- (A) that capital gain exceeds the capital gain from that disposal which was taken into account in any previous year of assessment in determining the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss of that person; or
- (B) a capital loss from that disposal was so taken into account in any previous year; or
- (bb) any capital loss is redetermined which is less than the capital loss from that disposal which was taken into account in any previous year of assessment in determining the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss of that person,
- the difference between the amount of that capital gain or capital loss so redetermined and the capital gain or capital loss, as the case may be, so previously taken into account.”.

Amendment of paragraph 4 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 68 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 65 of Act 74 of 2002

68. Paragraph 4 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in item (b) of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (cc) of subitem (i);
- (b) by the addition in item (b) to subitem (i) of the following words after paragraph (cc):
- “and which have not been taken into account in the redetermination of the capital gain or capital loss in terms of paragraph 25(2);”;
- (c) by the substitution in item (b) for subitem (ii) of the following subitem:

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- “(ii) so much of **[the base cost of]** any expenditure incurred during the current year of assessment in respect of that asset, which is allowable in terms of paragraph 20 and that has not been taken into account—
- (aa) during any year in determining the capital gain or capital loss in respect of that disposal[, as has been paid or has become due and payable during the current year of assessment]; or
- (bb) in the redetermination of the capital gain or capital loss in terms of paragraph 25(2).”;
- (d) by the addition to item (b) of the following subitem:
- “(iii) where in terms of paragraph 25(2)—
- (aa) any capital loss is redetermined and—
- (A) that capital loss exceeds the capital loss from that disposal which was taken into account in any previous year of assessment in determining the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss of that person; or
- (B) a capital gain from that disposal was so taken into account in any previous year; or
- (bb) any capital gain is redetermined which is less than the capital gain from that disposal which was taken into account in any previous year of assessment in determining the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss of that person,
- the difference between the amount of that capital gain or capital loss so redetermined and the capital gain or capital loss, as the case may be, so previously taken into account.”.

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Amendment of paragraph 11 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 71 of Act 60 of 2001, section 67 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 92 of Act 45 of 2003

69. Paragraph 11 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the addition to subparagraph (2) of the following item:
“(j) which constitutes an equity instrument contemplated in section 8A, which has not yet vested as contemplated in that section;”.

Amendment of paragraph 12 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 72 of Act 60 of 2001, section 68 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 93 of Act 45 of 2003

70. Paragraph 12 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subparagraph (2) for item (a) of the following item:

“(a) a person who ceases to be a resident, in respect of all assets of that person other than—

(i) assets in the Republic listed in paragraph 2(1)(b)(i) and (ii); and

(ii) any equity instrument contemplated in section 8A, which had not yet vested as contemplated in that section at the time that the person so ceases to be a resident;”.

(b) by the substitution for subparagraph (4) of the following paragraph:

“(4) A person who commences to be a resident must, subject to paragraph 24, be treated as having **[disposed of each of that person’s assets, other than assets in the Republic listed in paragraph 2(1)(b)(i) and (ii), and as having]** acquired each of **[those]** that person’s assets, other than—

(a) assets in the Republic listed in paragraph 2(1)(b)(i) and (ii); and

(b) any equity instrument contemplated in section 8A, which had not yet vested as contemplated in that section at the time that the person so commences to be a resident.

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at a cost equal to market value of each of those assets, which cost must be treated as an amount of expenditure actually incurred and paid for the purposes of paragraph 20(1)(a).”.

Amendment of paragraph 13 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 69 of Act 74 of 2002

71. Paragraph 13 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subparagraphs (1) for subitem (viii) of item (a) of the following subitem:

“(viii) the termination of an option granted by a company to a person to acquire a share, **[unit]** participatory interest or debenture of that company, the date on which that option terminates; or”;

(b) by the substitution in subparagraph (1) for subitem (i) and (ii) of item (g) of the following subitems:

“(i) paragraph 12(2)(a), (b), (c), (d) or (e), paragraph 12(3) **[or 12(4)]**, is the date immediately before the day the event occurs; or

(ii) paragraph 12(2)(f), 12(4) or 12(5), is the date the event occurs.”.

Amendment of paragraph 20 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 26 of Act 19 of 2001, section 75 of Act 60 of 2001, section 71 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 95 of Act 45 of 2003

72. Paragraph 20 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subparagraph (1) for the words in item (g) preceding subitem (i) of the following words:

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- “(g) the **[following]** amounts actually incurred **[as]** of the following expenditure directly related to the cost of ownership of that asset, which is used wholly and exclusively for business purposes or which constitutes a share listed on a recognised exchange or a participatory interest in a portfolio of a collective investment scheme —“; and
- (b) by the substitution in paragraph (1) for the proviso in item (g) of the following proviso:
- “Provided that if that asset constitutes a share listed on a recognised exchange or a participatory interest in a portfolio of a collective investment scheme, the expenditure contemplated in subitems (i) to (iii) in respect of that asset must for the purposes of this **[subparagraph]** item be reduced by two-thirds;”.
- (c) by the substitution in item (h) of subitem (i) of the following subitem:
- “(i) **[a marketable security]** an equity instrument, the **[acquisition]** vesting of which resulted in the determination of any gain or loss to be included in or deducted from any **[that]** person’s income in terms of section 8A, the market value of that **[marketable security]** equity instrument that was taken into account in determining the amount of that gain or loss (including where the gain and loss so determined was nil) **[or, where the gain so determined was nil, the amount of the consideration taken into account under section 8A in respect of that acquisition;]**”; and
- (d) by the substitution in subparagraph (2) of item (c) of the following item:
- “(c) the valuation date value of any option or right to acquire any **[marketable security]** equity instrument contemplated in **[section 8A(1)]** subparagraph (1)(h).”;
- (e) by the addition in subparagraph (3) of the word “or” at the end of item (a) and the deletion of the word “or” at the end of item (b); and
- (f) by the deletion in subparagraph (3) of item (c)..

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Amendment of paragraph 20A of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 96 of Act 45 of 2003

73. Paragraph 20A of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the substitution in subparagraph (2) for item (b) of the following item:

“(b) in any other case, any amount allowable in terms of paragraph 20.”.

Amendment of paragraph 25 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and substituted by section 77 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 73 of Act 74 of 2002

74. Paragraph 25 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by renumbering the existing wording as subparagraph (1);
- (b) by the addition of the following subparagraphs:

“(2) If a person has determined the base cost as contemplated in subsection (1) of a pre-valuation date asset which was disposed of during any year of assessment and in any subsequent year of assessment—

(a) paragraph 3(b)(ii) or 4(b)(i) would, but for the provisions of this paragraph, apply in respect of any proceeds or base cost which was taken into account in the determination of the capital gain or capital loss from that disposal; or

(b) paragraph 3(b)(i) or 4(b)(ii) would, but for the provisions of this paragraph, apply in respect of any amount received or accrued from that disposal or any expenses incurred in respect of that asset in that subsequent year,

that person must redetermine the base cost of that asset in terms of subparagraph (1) and the capital gain or capital loss from the disposal of that asset, having regard to the full amount of the proceeds and base cost so redetermined.

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(3) The amount of capital gain or capital loss redetermined in any subsequent year of assessment in terms of subparagraph (2), must be taken into account in determining any capital gain or capital loss from that disposal in that subsequent year, as contemplated in paragraph 3(b)(iii) or 4(b)(iii)."

Amendment of paragraph 33 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 80 of Act 74 of 2002 and substituted by section 99 of Act 45 of 2003

75. Paragraph 33 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended by the deletion in subparagraph (3) of item (c).

Insertion of paragraph 35A in Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962

76. The following paragraph is hereby inserted in the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, after paragraph 35:

"Disposal of certain debt claims

35A.(1) If a person who has disposed of an asset during a year of assessment, all the proceeds of which will not accrue to that person in that year, and—

(a) that person subsequently disposes of any right to claim payment in respect of that disposal; and

(b) that claim includes any amount which has not yet accrued to that person at the time of the disposal of that claim,

so much of the consideration which is received by or accrues to that person from the disposal of that claim as is attributable to any amount which has not yet accrued to that person, must be treated as an amount of consideration which accrues to that person in respect of the disposal of that asset.

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(2) So much of any capital gain or capital loss determined in respect of the disposal by the person of the right to claim payment as contemplated in subparagraph (1), as is attributable to the any amount which has not yet accrued to that person, must be disregarded.”.

Insertion of paragraph 36A in Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962

77. The following paragraph is hereby inserted in the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, after paragraph 36:

“Disposal of right of use of immovable property in share block scheme

“36A. If upon conversion of a company to a share block company, as contemplated in section 1 of the Share Block Control Act, No. 59 of 1980, that company disposes of any right to or interest in the use of the immovable property in respect of which the share block scheme is operated, that company must be treated as having disposed of that right or interest for proceeds equal to the base cost of that right or interest.”.

Amendment of paragraph 38 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and amended by section 87 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 81 of Act 74 of 2002

78. Paragraph 38 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended

- (a) by the substitution in subparagraph (1) for item (a) of the following item:
- “(a) the person who disposed of that asset must be treated as having disposed of that asset for **[proceeds]** an amount received or accrued equal to the market value of that asset as at the date of that disposal; and”;

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- (b) by the substitution for subparagraph (2) of the following subparagraph:
- “(2) Subparagraph (1) does not apply in respect of the disposal of—
- (a) [a right contemplated in section 8A] an equity instrument contemplated in section 8A in respect of which that section applies and which had not yet vested as contemplated in that section at the time of that disposal; or
 - (b) [an asset in the circumstances contemplated in section 10(1)(nE);] a qualifying equity share contemplated in section 8B by an employer or associated institution, as contemplated in paragraph 1 of the Seventh Schedule, to an employee;
 - (c) any asset in respect of which section 24B applies; or
 - (d) any right to or interest in the use of the immovable property in respect of which paragraph 36A applies.”.

Insertion of paragraph 39A in Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962

79. The following paragraph is hereby inserted in the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, after paragraph 39:

“Disposal of asset for unaccrued amounts of proceeds

39A. (1) Where a person during any year of assessment disposes of an asset and all the proceeds from the disposal of that asset will not accrue to that person during that year, that person must, when determining the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss for that year of assessment, disregard any capital loss determined in respect of that disposal.

(2) A person’s capital loss which is disregarded during any year of assessment in terms of subparagraph (1) may be deducted from that person’s capital gains determined in any subsequent year in respect of the disposal of the asset contemplated in subparagraph (1).

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(3) If during any year of assessment a person shows that no further proceeds will accrue to that person from the disposal contemplated in subparagraph (1), so much of the capital loss contemplated in that subparagraph as has not been deducted from any subsequent capital gains as contemplated in subparagraph (2), must be taken into account in determining that person's aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss for that year of assessment."

Amendment of paragraph 56 of Eighth Schedule to Act 58 of 1962, as inserted by section 38 of Act 5 of 2001 and substituted by section 99 of Act 60 of 2001 and amended by section 88 of Act 74 of 2002

80. Paragraph 56 of the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act, 1962, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in subparagraph (2) of the word "or" at the end of item (b) and the addition of the word "or" at the end of item (c);
- (b) by the addition to subparagraph (2) of the following item:
 - "(d) a capital gain which the creditor proves must be or was included in the determination of the aggregate capital gain or aggregate capital loss of any acquirer of the claim."

Amendment of section 1 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 1 of Act 95 of 1965, section 1 of Act 57 of 1996, section 1 of Act 105 of 1969, section 1 of Act 98 of 1970, section 1 of Act 71 of 1975, section 1 of Act 112 of 1977, section 1 of Act 110 of 1979, sections 1 and 15 of Act 98 of 1980, section 1 of Act 89 of 1984, section 1 of Act 84 of 1987, section 1 of Act 68 of 1989, section 1 of Act 59 of 1990, section 1 of Act 19 of 1994, section 57 of Act 30 of 1998, section 46 of Act 53 of 1999, section 58 of Act 30 of 2000, section 60 of Act 59 of 2000, section 113 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 131 of Act 45 of 2003

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81. Section 1 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the definition of “common customs area” of the following definition:

“‘common customs area’ means the combined areas of the Member States of SACU;”;

(b) by the substitution for the definition of “customs duty” of the following definition:

“‘customs duty’ means, subject to the provisions of subsection (3), any duty leviable under Schedule No. 1 (except Parts 3, 4 and 5 thereof) or No. 2 on goods imported into the Republic;”;

(c) by the insertion after the definition of “rule” of the following definitions:

“‘SACU’ means the Southern African Customs Union between the Republic of Botswana, the Kingdom of Lesotho, the Republic of Namibia, the Republic of South Africa and the Kingdom of Swaziland;

‘SACU Agreement’ means the Southern African Customs Union Agreement published in Schedule No. 10.”;

(d) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3) For the purposes of the SACU Agreement—

(a) ‘customs duty’ includes, except for the purposes of articles 32, 33 and 34 of the said agreement, any duty leviable under Part 3, 5 or 8 of Schedule No. 1 on goods imported;

(b) ‘excise duty’ includes, except for the purposes of articles 32, 33 and 34 of the said agreement, any duty leviable under Part 3, 5 or 8 of Schedule No. 1 on goods manufactured in the common customs area.”.

Amendment of section 15 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 2 of Act 98 of 1970, section 2 of Act 89 of 1984, section 4 of Act 101 of 1985 and section 12 of Act 59 of 1990

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82. Section 15 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the addition in subsection (1) of the following subparagraph to paragraph (a):

“(iv) all goods which were required to be declared before leaving the Republic as contemplated in paragraph (b).”.

Amendment of section 18 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 2 of Act 95 of 1965, section 6 of Act 105 of 1969, section 4 of Act 71 of 1975, section 3 of Act 105 of 1976, section 3 of Act 112 of 1977, section 4 of Act 84 of 1987, section 13 of Act 59 of 1990, section 11 of Act 45 of 1995, section 48 of Act 53 of 1999, section 37 of Act 19 of 2001, section 119 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 102 of Act 74 of 2002

83. Section 18 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (8) of the following subsection:

“(8) Goods removed in bond shall not be delivered or removed from the control of the **[department]** Controller at the place of destination in the Republic except upon due entry according to the first account taken of such goods on landing or on entry for removal in bond thereof or according to the contents of the packages containing such goods as reflected on the invoice issued by the supplier in respect of such goods, and payment of any duty due, including, subject to the provisions of subsection (18) of section seventy five, any duty due on any deficiency.”.

Amendment of section 21 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 9 of Act 105 of 1969 and section 44 of Act 30 of 2002

84. Section 21 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

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“(3)(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, the Commissioner may, subject to such exception or adaptation prescribed in this subsection or as the Commissioner may prescribe by rule, licence a special customs and excise storage warehouse in terms of the provisions of this Act for the storage—

- (i) for export of any imported goods which are free of duty; or
- (ii) any other goods for such purposes as may be prescribed by rule.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other provision of this Act, imported goods free of duty stored in such warehouse shall, for the purposes of the application of any provision of this Act, be deemed to be goods liable to duty.

(c) For the purposes of paragraph (a) only importers accredited in terms of section 64E may store goods which are free of duty in such warehouse.

(d)(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 19(9)(a), no goods to which this subsection relates shall be stored in such warehouse for a period of longer than 6 months from the time the goods were first entered for storage.

(ii) The Commissioner may, on application by the importer before the period of 6 months expires, on good cause shown extend such period for not longer than 3 months.

(iii) Where the importer fails to export the goods before the period of 6 months or any extended period lapses, the importer shall—

- (aa) be guilty of an offence;
- (bb) except if the goods are restricted or prohibited under any law, enter all goods of such class or kind for home consumption and payment of duty or for such other purposes as may be authorised under the rules for this section or any other provision of the Act;
- (cc) cause such goods to be abandoned or destroyed as provided in this Act.

(e) The Commissioner may prescribe by rule—

- (i) the goods and activities that are allowed in such warehouse;

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- (ii) the person, other than the importer of duty free goods, who may store the goods specified in these rules in such warehouse;
- (iii) the requirements to be complied with by applicants and licensees;
- (iv) the procedures applicable to the operation of and removal of goods from, such warehouse;
- (v) the rules of conduct to be observed by the licensee;
- (vi) all matters which are required or permitted in terms of this subsection to be prescribed by rule; and
- (vii) any other matter which the Commissioner may reasonably consider to be necessary and useful to achieve the efficient and effective administration of the provisions of this subsection.”.

Amendment of section 43 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 124 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 45 of Act 30 of 2002

85. Section 43 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (3) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the proviso of that subsection of the following words:

“(3) If after the expiration of 60 days from the date of removal to the State warehouse or other place indicated by the Controller or, where no such removal has taken place, from the date of expiry of the period prescribed in section 38 (1), any goods remain unentered the Commissioner may cause them, except if they have been imported in contravention of any law, to be sold, and if so sold the proceeds thereof shall be applied in discharge of any duty, expenses incurred by the Commissioner, charges due to the Commissioner (including any State warehouse rent referred to in subsection (2)), a port or railway authority, the Department of Transport, a container operator or a depot operator, **[and]** freight, and salvage as provided for in section 16 of the Wreck and Salvage Act, 1996 (Act No.94 of 1996), in that order, and

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the surplus if any, shall, upon application be paid to the owner of the said goods: Provided that—“.

Amendment of section 44 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 10 of Act 95 of 1965, section 5 of Act 57 of 1966, section 16 of Act 105 of 1969, section 7 of Act 71 of 1975, section 8 of Act 112 of 1977, section 5 of Act 110 of 1979, section 3 of Act 89 of 1984, section 13 of Act 84 of 1987, section 21 of Act 59 of 1990, section 3 of Act 98 of 1993, section 33 of Act 45 of 1995, section 51 of Act 53 of 1999, section 43 of Act 19 of 2001, section 125 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 136 of Act 45 of 2003

86. Section 44 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (11)(a) of the following subsection:

“(11)(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act [**contained**], but subject to the provisions of sections 47 (10) and (11), 65 (7) and (7A) and 69 (6) and (7) and subsection (12) of this section, except where this subsection otherwise provide in respect of any matter to which any of such provisions relates, there shall be no liability for any underpayment of duty on any goods [**where such underpayment is due to the acceptance of a bill of entry bearing any incorrect information, after a period of two years from the date of entry of such goods: Provided that such liability shall not cease—**

(i) **if a false declaration has been made for the purposes of this Act; or**

(ii) **in respect of any such underpayment discovered during any inspection from a date two years prior to the date on which such inspection commenced.]—**

(i) after a period of two years from the date of acceptance of a bill of entry; or

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(ii) where such underpayment was discovered during an inspection, two years prior to the date on which such inspection commenced:

Provided that such liability shall subject to paragraph (c) not cease, even if an underpayment is discovered after an earlier assessment and payment of an amount in respect of any inspection during the period concerned, where such underpayment is the result of—

(aa) fraud;

(bb) misrepresentation;

(cc) non-disclosure of any material facts; or

(dd) any false declaration for the purposes of the Act,

(b) by the substitution for paragraph (c) of subsection (11) of the following paragraph:

“(c) Except where the Commissioner may otherwise determine in exceptional circumstances **[the circumstances of each case,]** where any **[false declaration has been made for the purposes of this Act]** underpayment arises from the circumstances contemplated in the proviso to paragraph (a), there shall be no limitation on the period of liability for underpayment of duty or the period for which any books, accounts or any other documents, in whatever form available, are required to be produced to or may be inspected by an officer.”.

Amendment of section 47 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 11 of Act 95 of 1965, section 17 of Act 105 of 1969, section 2 of Act 7 of 1974, section 7 of Act 105 of 1976, section 10 of Act 112 of 1977, section 6 of Act 110 of 1979, sections 9 and 15 of Act 98 of 1980, section 8 of Act 86 of 1982, section 6 of Act 52 of 1986, section 15 of Act 84 of 1987, section 4 of Act 69 of 1988, section 6 of Act 68 of 1989, section 22 of Act 59 of 1990, section 3 of Act 61 of 1992, section 37 of Act 45 of 1995, section 4 of Act 44 of 1996, section 63 of Act 30 of 1998, section 53 of Act 53 of 1999, section 126 of Act 60 of 2001, section 104 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 138 of Act 45 of 2003

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87. Section 47 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (10) of the following subsection:

“(10) Save where—

- (a) a determination has been made under subsection (9) (a) or (d);
or
- (b) subject to section 44 (11) (c), any underpayment arises from the circumstances contemplated in the proviso to section 44(11)(a), there shall be no liability for any underpayment in duty on any goods, where such underpayment is due to the acceptance of a bill of entry bearing an incorrect tariff heading, tariff subheading or tariff item or other item of any Schedule, after a period of two years from the date of entry of such goods.”.

Amendment of section 49 of Act 19 of 1964, as substituted by section 55 of Act 53 of 1999 and amended by section 60 of Act 30 of 2000, section 127 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 46 of Act 30 of 2002

88. Section 49 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:
“Agreements in respect of rates of duty lower than general rates of duty and other agreements providing for matters requiring customs administration”;
- (b) by the substitution for paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of the following paragraph:
 - “(a) in separate parts of such Schedule, any such agreement or any protocol or other part or provision of such agreement, including any annexed or appendix thereto for the purposes of subsection (1)(a);”.

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Amendment of section 55 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 12 of Act 95 of 1965, section 6 of Act 103 of 1972, section 15 of Act 112 of 1977, section 8 of Act 61 of 1992 and section 3 of Act 16 of 1997

89. Section 55 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (2)(a) of the following subsection:

“(2)(a) The imposition of any anti-dumping duty in the case of dumping as defined in the **[Board on Tariffs and Trade Act, 1986 (Act No. 107 of 1986)]** International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (Act No. 71 of 2002), a countervailing duty in the case of subsidized export as so defined or a safeguard duty in the case of disruptive competition as so defined and the rate at which or the circumstances in which such duty is imposed in respect of any imported goods shall be in accordance with any request by the Minister of Trade and Industry and for Economic Co-ordination under the provisions of the **[Board on Tariffs and Trade Act, 1986]** International Trade Administration Act, 2002.”.

Amendment of section 63 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 4 of Act 98 of 1970, section 9 of Act 57 of 1966 and section 45 of Act 45 of 1995

90. Section 63 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(3)(a) If any agricultural distiller to whom a licence in respect of a still has been issued under this Act voluntarily abandons such still to the **[department]** Commissioner, the Commissioner may, out of moneys appropriated by Parliament for the purpose, pay to him, as compensation, such an amount as the Commissioner considers to be the current market value of such still.”.

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Amendment of section 65 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 5 of Act 85 of 1968, section 21 of Act 105 of 1969, section 20 of Act 112 of 1977, section 5 of Act 93 of 1978, section 7 of Act 110 of 1979, as substituted by section 13 of Act 86 of 1982, section 8 of Act 101 of 1985, as inserted by section 8 of Act 52 of 1986, as substituted by section 48 of Act 45 of 1995, section 5 of Act 44 of 1996, section 59 of Act 53 of 1999, section 128 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 144 of Act 45 of 2003

91. Section 65 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following subsection:

“(7) Save where—

- (a) a determination has been made under subsection (4) (a) or (5);
or
- (b) subject to section 44 (11) (c), any underpayment arises from the circumstances contemplated in the proviso to section 44 (11) (a),

there shall be no liability for any underpayment of customs duty on any goods, where such underpayment is due to the acceptance of a bill of entry bearing an incorrect customs value, after a period of two years from the date of entry of such goods.”.

Amendment of section 69 of Act 91 of 1964, as section 22 of Act 105 of 1969, section 6 of Act 93 of 1978, section 9 of Act 101 of 1985, section 7 of Act 69 of 1988, as substituted by section 12(1) of Act 68 of 1989, section 1 of Act 111 of 1991, as amended and deleted by section 3 of Act 105 of 1992, section 6 of Act 98 of 1993, and as amended by section 6 of Act 44 of 1996, section 61 of Act 53 of 1999, section 49 of Act 19 of 2001, section 129 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 145 of Act 45 of 2003

92. Section 69 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

“(6) Save where—

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- (a) a determination has been made under subsection (3) (a) or (4);
or
- (b) subject to section 44(11)(c), any underpayment arises from the circumstances contemplated in the proviso to section 44(11)(a), there shall be no liability for any underpayment in duty on any goods, where such underpayment is due to the acceptance of a bill of entry bearing an incorrect value for excise duty purposes, after a period of two years from the date of entry of such goods.”.

Amendment of section 72 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 11 of Act 105 of 1976 and section 11 of Act 98 of 1980

93. Section of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) If there is no such free on board price, the export value shall be the value as if the goods would have been sold at a free on board price.”.

Amendment of section 75 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 13 of Act 95 of 1965, section 10 of Act 57 of 1966, section 8 of Act 85 of 1968, section 25 of Act 105 of 1969, section 8 of Act 103 of 1972, section 2 of Act 68 of 1973, section 9 of Act 71 of 1975, section 27 of Act of 1977, section 28 of Act 93 of 1978, section 10 of Act 110 of 1979, section 19 of Act 86 of 1982, section 6 of Act 89 of 1984, section 11 of Act 101 of 1985, section 9 of Act 52 of 1986, section 23 of Act 84 of 1987, section 8 of Act 69 of 1988, section 13 of Act 68 of 1989, section 29 of Act 59 of 1990, section 13 of Act 61 of 1992, section 7 of Act 98 of 1993, section 10 of Act 19 of 1994, section 53 of Act 45 of 1995, section 61 of Act 30 of 2000, section 50 of Act 19 of 2001, section 130 of Act 60 of 2001, section 109 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 146 of Act 45 of 2003

94. Section 75 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

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(a) by the substitution for subsection (14) of the following subsection:

“(14) No refund or drawback of duty shall be paid by the Commissioner under the provisions of this section unless an application therefor, duly completed and supported by the necessary documents and other evidence to prove that such refund or drawback is due under this section is received by the **[department]** Controller—

(a) in the case of goods exported—

(i) where the goods were exported by post, within a period of six months from the date on which such goods were posted; or

(ii) where the goods were exported in any other manner, within a period of six months from the date of entry of such goods for export; and

(b) (i) in respect of any refund referred to in subsection (1A) within the period contemplated in subsection (4A)(b)(ii);

(ii) in all other cases, within a period of six months from the date on which such refund first becomes due:

Provided that **[the Commissioner may, in such circumstances as he may consider exceptional, pay a] any refund or drawback [after expiration of the relevant period] shall be limited as contemplated in section 76B.**”;

(b) by the addition to subsection (14B) of the following paragraph:

“(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b) and (c), any such refund or drawback shall be limited as contemplated in section 76B.”.

Amendment of section 76 of Act 91 of 1964, as substituted by section 30 of Act 59 of 1990 and amended by section 5 of Act 105 of 1992, section 54 of Act 45 of 1995 and section 62 of Act 30 of 2000

95. Section 76 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:

“(4) No application for a refund or payment in terms of this section shall be considered by the Commissioner unless it is received

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by the Controller, duly completed and in the form as may be prescribed by rule and supported by the necessary documents and other evidence to prove that such refund or payment is due under this section—

- (a) within a period of two years from the date on which the charge to which the application relates was paid; or
- (b) in any other case within the relevant period specified in section 76B.”.

Amendment of section 76B of Act 91 of 1964, as inserted by section 67 of Act 30 of 1998

96. Section 76B of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

“Limitation on refund and drawback claims and the period within which such claims must be received by the Commissioner”;
- (b) by the substitution for subsections (1) and (2) of the following subsections:

“(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 40, 47(9), 65, 69, 75, 76 or 77 or any other provision of this Act, as may be applicable in each case, but subject to any provision for a set-off of duty in any Schedule in respect of goods to which section 19A relates, or any refund as contemplated in section 75(4A), where any person becomes entitled to any refund or drawback of duty—

 - (a) in the case of any determination, new determination or amendment of any such determination in terms of section 47(9), 65 or 69, such refund shall be limited to—
 - (i) a refund in respect of goods entered for home consumption during a period of two years immediately preceding the date of such determination, new determination or any amendment of such determination, whichever date occurs last: Provided that where any

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- such determination, new determination or amendment has been appealed against, such two year period shall be calculated from such last date, notwithstanding the fact that a court may amend any determination of the Commissioner, or the Commissioner may, as a result of the finding of such court, amend such determination; and
- (ii) any application for such refund which is received by the Controller within a period of 12 months from the date of such determination, new determination or amendment of a determination; or
- (b) in the case of any internal appeal to the Commissioner or a finding of court which is not in respect of a determination contemplated in section 47(9), 65 or 69, any refund or drawback shall be limited to—
- (i) goods entered for home consumption during a period of two years prior to the date of—
- (aa) any final decision by the Commissioner; or
- (bb) any decision of the Commissioner to the extent that it is amended by or as a result of a finding of court; and
- (ii) any application for such refund or drawback which is received by the Controller within a period of 12 months from the date of such decision or amended decision; or
- (c) in the case where any Schedule to the Act is amended with retrospective effect, any such refund or drawback shall be limited to an application therefor received by the Controller within a period of 12 months from the date on which such amendment is published by notice in the *Gazette*; or
- (d) in the case of a permit or certificate issued with retrospective effect as contemplated in section 75(14B), any such refund or drawback shall, notwithstanding the effective date of such permit or certificate, be limited to—

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- (i) goods entered for home consumption during a period of two years prior to the date of issue of such permit or certificate; and
 - (ii) any application received by the Controller within a period of 12 months from the date of issue of such permit or certificate; or
- (e) other than a refund or drawback referred to in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d), shall be limited to an application received by the Controller within a period of two years from the date of entry for home consumption of the goods to which the application relates.
- (2) For the purpose of subsection (1)—
- (a) any application received must comply in all respects with the requirements of subsection 76(4);
 - (b) (i) ‘finding of court’ means a final judgment by the High Court or a judgement by the Supreme Court of Appeal or the Constitutional Court;”.

Amendment of section 96 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 136 of Act 60 of 2001

97. (1) Section 96 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by—

- (a) the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) Subject to the provisions of section 89, the period of extinctive prescription in respect of legal proceedings against the State, the Minister, the Commissioner or an officer on a cause of action arising out of the provisions of this Act shall be one year and shall [**, subject to the provisions of section 95A(7),**] begin to run on the date when the right of action first arose.”;
- (b) the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) Subject to the provisions of section 89, the period of extinctive prescription in respect of legal proceedings against the State, the Minister, the Commissioner or an officer on a cause of

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action arising out of the provisions of this Act shall be one year and shall, subject to the provisions of section 77F(2), begin to run on the date when the right of action first arose.”.

(2)(a) Subsection (1)(a) shall come into operation on the date of promulgation of this Act.

(b) Subsection (1)(b) shall come into operation on the date Part A of Chapter XA comes into operation.

Amendment of section 99 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 15 of Act 95 of 1965, section 17 of Act 85 of 1968, section 7 of Act 98 of 1970, section 34 of Act 112 of 1977, section 12 of Act 110 of 1979, section 24 of Act 86 of 1982, section 62 of Act 45 of 1995, section 71 of Act 30 of 1998, section 68 of Act 53 of 1999, section 138 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 110 of Act 74 of 2002

98. Section 99 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964 is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3) Every shipping and forwarding agent and every agent acting for the master of a ship or the pilot of an aircraft and any other class of agent which the Commissioner may by rule specify shall, before transacting any business with the **[department]** Commissioner, and any class of carrier of goods to which this Act relates which the Commissioner may by rule specify shall, before conveying any such goods, give such security as the Commissioner may from time to time require for the due observance of the provisions of this Act: Provided that the Commissioner may call for special or additional security in respect of any particular transaction or conveyance of goods from any agent or carrier.”.

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Amendment of section 101A of Act 91 of 1964, as inserted by section 51 of Act 19 of 2001 and amended by 153 of Act 45 of 2003

99. Section 101A of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (10) for subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (d) of the following subparagraphs:

“(d)(i) The Commissioner may, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this section, permit, as prescribed by rule, any person who is registered as a user and has entered into a user agreement as contemplated in subsection (3), to submit electronically any **[report] communication** referred to in paragraph (a), by using the Internet.

(ii) Subject to such exceptions, adaptations or additional requirements as the Commissioner may prescribe by rule, the provisions of this section shall apply to the submission of such **[report] communication**.”.

Amendment of section 107 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 20 of Act 85 of 1968, section 31 of Act 105 of 1969, section 11 of Act 93 of 1978, section 6 of Act 89 of 1983 and section 67 of Act 45 of 1995

100. Section 107 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964 is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) Any goods remaining in the custody or under the control of the **[department] Commissioner** after expiry of a period of 28 days from the date of due entry thereof, may be removed by the Controller to the State warehouse or other place indicated by the Controller, and may thereupon be disposed of in terms of section 43(3).”.

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Amendment of section 112 of Act 91 of 1964, as amended by section 21 of Act 85 of 1986 and section 70 of Act 45 of 1995

101. Section 112 of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) For the purposes of this section “wreck” includes any—

- (a) flotsam, jetsam, lagan or derelict;
- (b) portion of a ship or aircraft lost, abandoned, stranded or in distress;
- (c) portion of the cargo, stores or equipment of any such ship or aircraft; and
- (d) portion of the personal property on board such ship or aircraft when it was lost, abandoned, stranded or in distress.”;

(b) by the substitution for subsection (3) of the following subsection:

“(3) Wreck found in or brought into the Republic may, at any time after it has come under the control of the Controller, be disposed of by him in the manner set forth in section 43(3), but shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of this Act.”.

Substitution of the long title of Act 91 of 1964, as substituted by section 42 of Act 59 of 1990 and section 66 of Act 30 of 2000

102. The long title of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964 is hereby substituted with the following title:

“To provide for the levying of customs and excise duties and a surcharge for a fuel levy, for an air passenger tax and an environmental levy, the prohibition and control of the importation, export, manufacture or use of certain goods; and for matters incidental thereto.”.

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Amendment of section 1 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 16 of Act 103 of 1969, section 5 of Act 66 of 1973, section 7 of Act 88 of 1974, section 19 of Act 106 of 1980, section 3 of Act 118 of 1984, section 17 of Act 87 of 1988, section 36 of Act 9 of 1989, section 3 of Act 69 of 1989, section 5 of Act 136 of 1991, section 4 of Act 20 of 1994, section 16 of Act 27 of 1997, section 34 of Act 34 of 1997, section 77 of Act 30 of 1998, section 74 of Act 53 of 1999, section 40 of Act 5 of 2001, section 54 of Act 19 of 2001, section 141 of Act 60 of 2001, section 42 of Act 12 of 2003 and section 37 of Act 16 of 2004

103. (1) Section 1 to the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the definition of “duly stamped” of the following paragraph:

“‘duly stamped’ in relation to any instrument requiring to be stamped under this Act, means that such instrument has been stamped as required by this Act for the proper amount of duty and the amount of any interest, penalty or additional duty incurred under **[section 9(1)(a)]** sections 9, 9A and 9B and, where adhesive stamps have been used, that such stamps have been defaced as required by this Act;”;

(b) by the substitution for paragraph (a) of the definition of “stamp” of the following paragraph:

“(a) when used as a noun, means—

(i) an adhesive stamp approved by the Minister for use under this Act; **[or]**

(ii) an impression made by means of a die approved by the Commissioner;

(iii) a special receipt of the due payment of that duty in accordance with section 5(1)(ii) and (iii); or

(iv) the words ‘duty paid’ where an electronic receipt has been issued in accordance with section 5(1)(iv); and”.

(2) Subsection (1)(a) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

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Amendment of section 5 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 9 of Act 89 of 1972, section 7 of Act 66 of 1973, section 9 of Act 114 of 1977, section 5 of Act 118 of 1984, section 10 of Act 86 of 1987, section 19 of Act 87 of 1988, section 6 of Act 136 of 1991, section 6 of Act 136 of 1992, section 79 of Act 30 of 1998 and section 68 of Act 30 of 2000

104. (1) Section 5 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

“(1) The payment of any duty, **[or of any]** interest, penalty or additional duty incurred under **[section 9]** sections 9, 9A or 9B shall, save as is otherwise specially provided in this Act, be denoted by means of adhesive revenue stamps for the amount of **[such]** that duty [or adhesive penalty stamps for the amount of such penalty], interest, penalty or additional duty, and **[such]** those stamps [shall] must be affixed to the instrument chargeable with the duty, **[or]** interest, penalty or additional duty and be defaced as prescribed by this Act.”;

- (b) by the addition in subsection (1) of the following paragraphs to the proviso:

“(iv) where any person meets the requirements for the stamping of an instrument by electronic means as prescribed by the Commissioner, any electronic payments made by that person may be acknowledged by means of the issue of an electronic receipt, and any such instrument which bears on its face the words ‘duty paid’, shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be duly stamped to the value of any electronic receipt;

“(v) where the amount of duty, interest, penalty and additional duty payable in respect of any instrument in aggregate equals an amount of R100 or more, that duty, interest, penalty and additional duty may not be denoted by way of adhesive stamps or an impression as contemplated in paragraph (ii);”.

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(2) Subsection (1)(a) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 6 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 10 of Act 114 of 1977, section 6 of Act 118 of 1984, section 20 of Act 87 of 1988 and section 8 of Act 32 of 1999

105. Section 6 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the deletion of subsection (2);

(b) by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:

“(4) All facts and circumstances affecting the liability of any instrument to duty or the amount of duty with which any instrument is chargeable shall be fully and truly set forth in the instrument[, and any person who, with intent to evade the payment of duty—

(a) executes any instrument in which all such facts and circumstances are not fully and truly set forth; or

(b) being employed or concerned in or about the preparation of any instrument, fails fully and truly to set forth therein all such facts and circumstances,

shall incur a penalty not exceeding R1 000].”.

Amendment of section 7 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 18 of Act 103 of 1969, section 10 of Act 89 of 1972, section 8 of Act 66 of 1973, section 3 of Act 70 of 1975, section 5 of Act 87 of 1982, section 7 of Act 118 of 1984, section 5 of Act 69 of 1989, section 55 of Act 19 of 2001, section 43 of Act 12 of 2003, section 156 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 38 of Act 16 of 2004

106. Section 7 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraph (b).

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Amendment of section 8 of Act 77 of 1968

107. (1) Section 8 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) Any such instrument not stamped before or at the time of execution may, except as is otherwise specially provided in this Act, be stamped within **[twenty-one]** 30 days thereafter by or in the presence of the person liable under this Act to stamp the instrument, or any party thereto **[or any banker to whom such instrument has been presented in the ordinary course of such banker’s business or in the presence of an authorized revenue officer]**.”;

(b) by the addition to subsection (1) of the following paragraphs:

“(c) In respect of the registration of transfer of a marketable security—

(i) in the case where registration in the name of a broker, or the nominee of a broker, the instrument of transfer referred to in section 23 must be stamped before the expiry of a period of 3 months from the date of execution of the relevant instrument of transfer; or

(ii) in any other case, the instrument of transfer referred to in section 23 must be stamped before the expiry of a period of six months from the date of execution of the relevant instrument of transfer; or

(d) In respect of the acquisition by any person from any other person under any of the circumstances mentioned in item 15(5)(a), (b), or (c) to Schedule 1, the relevant deed or declaration referred to in section 23(15) must be stamped before the expiry of a period of six months from the date of that acquisition.

(e) Where any instrument which makes provision for the payment of rental or any ‘other consideration’ as contemplated in section 22(6), which cannot be quantified at the time of execution of that instrument, it must be stamped annually by a lessor within six months after the end of—

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- (i) any year of assessment, as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act No. 58 of 1962), of any lessor who is a taxpayer, as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962; or
 - (ii) the twelve months ending on the twenty-eighth or the twenty-ninth day of February each year in the case of any other lessor, during which that consideration became quantifiable.”;
- (c) by the substitution for subsections (2) and (3) of the following subsections:

“(2) Every instrument chargeable with duty, which is executed outside the Republic **[shall] must**, save as is otherwise specially provided in this Act, within **[twenty-one] 30** days after the date on which it is first received in the Republic, be stamped by the person so receiving it, and it **[shall be] is** the duty of **[such] that** person to note thereon the date of receipt and sign **[such] that** note.

(3) If any person is in doubt as to whether he or she is liable to stamp any instrument, or as to the extent of his or her liability, and he or she has within **[twenty-one] 30** days after the date of execution of **[such] that** instrument, or if **[such] that** was executed outside the Republic, after the date **[such] that** instrument was first received in the Republic, lodged it with an **[authorized] authorised** revenue officer for submission to the Commissioner for his or her decision as to whether **[such] that** liability exists or as to the extent of **[such] that** liability, the date on which the decision of the Commissioner is communicated to the person who lodged **[such] that** instrument as aforesaid, **[shall] must** for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be the date of execution of the instrument or the date on which **[such] that** instrument was first received in the Republic, as the case may be.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date or in respect of any duty payable in respect of rental or other consideration which becomes quantifiable on or after that date.

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Amendment of section 9 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 21 of Act 87 of 1988, section 5 of Act 20 of 1994 and section 142 of Act 60 of 2001

108. (1) Section 9 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

“Interest on late payments”;

(b) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) If any duty is not paid in full within the period for payment prescribed by section 8, interest shall be paid at a rate of 10 per cent per annum on the balance of duty outstanding in respect of each month or part thereof during which it remains unpaid, reckoned from the day following the last date for payment contemplated in section 8 to the date of payment to the Commissioner.”;

(c) by the deletion of subsection (4).

(2) Subsection (1)(a) and (b) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

Insertion of section 9A in Act 77 of 1968

109. (1) The following section is hereby inserted in the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, after section 9:

“Penalty for failure to pay duty within prescribed period

9A. (1) If any person who is liable for the payment of duty under this Act, fails to pay any amount of that duty within the period for the payment thereof as specified in section 8, that person must, in addition to the amount of that duty, pay a penalty equal to 10 per cent of that amount of duty.

(2) If the Commissioner is satisfied that the failure on the part of the person concerned or any other person under the control or acting

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or on behalf of that person to stamp the instrument within the period contemplated in subsection 8 was not due to an intent not to stamp the instrument or to postpone liability for the payment of the duty, the Commissioner may remit in whole or in part any penalty payable in terms of subsection (1).”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

Insertion of section 9B in Act 77 of 1968

110. (1) The following section is hereby inserted in the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, after section 9A:

“Additional duty in case of evasion

9B.(1) Where a person liable to pay duty in terms of section 7, or any person contemplated in section 12A, fails to perform any duty imposed by this Act or does or omits to do anything, with intent—

(a) to evade the payment of any amount of duty payable by him or her; or

(b) to cause a refund to him or her by the Commissioner of any amount of duty, which is in excess of the amount properly refundable to him or her,

that person shall be chargeable with additional duty not exceeding an amount equal to double the amount of duty contemplated in paragraph (a) or the amount in excess as contemplated in paragraph (b), as the case may be.

(2) The amount of the additional duty must be assessed by the Commissioner and must be paid by the person within the period that the Commissioner may allow.

(3) The power conferred upon the Commissioner by this section applies in addition to any other right conferred upon the Commissioner by this Act.”

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(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 10 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 5 of Act 95 of 1978 and section 56 of Act 19 of 2001

111. (1) Section 10 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

“(d) in the case of any other instrument, by the person liable under this Act to stamp the instrument or by any party thereto or by an authorised revenue officer **[or by a banker to whom the instrument has been presented in the ordinary course of such banker’s business].**”;

(b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2) Where duty on any instrument is denoted by adhesive revenue stamps and such instrument has been stamped as provided in section 9 or, where the instrument has been stamped as provided in section 8 but the stamps thereon have not been defaced as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the stamps shall, subject to the payment of any interest, penalty or additional duty incurred under **[section] sections 9(1), 9A and 9B** in respect of such instrument, be defaced by an **[authorized] authorised** revenue officer **[or by a banker to whom such instrument has been presented in the ordinary course of such banker’s business].**”;

(c) by the deletion of subsection (3);

(d) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following paragraph:

“(5) An authorised revenue officer shall not **[be required to]** deface the stamps affixed to any instrument unless he or she is satisfied that the duty in respect of **[such] that** instrument, and any interest, penalties and additional duty incurred in respect of **[such] that** instrument under this Act, have been paid in full.”;

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(e) by the substitution for subsection (7) of the following paragraph:

“(7) Any public officer, **[banker,]** firm or company required or empowered by this Act to deface any adhesive stamp may deface the stamp by impressing thereon in indelible ink by means of a rubber stamp or other device the date and, in the case of such **[banker,]** firm or company, the name of the **[bank,]** firm or company.”.

(2) Subsection (1)(b) and (d) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Substitution of section 11 of Act 77 of 1968

112. (1) The following section hereby substitutes section 11 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968:

“Adjudication respecting liability for stamp duty, interest, [or] penalty or additional duty”

11. A note or certificate made on or in respect of any instrument and signed by the Commissioner or by his or her authority, stating that the instrument is duly stamped or is not chargeable with duty, interest, [or] penalty or additional duty [**penalty or further duty or penalty**], shall for all purposes be conclusive evidence of the fact so noted or certified.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 12 of Act 77 of 1968

113. (1) Section 12 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

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“(b) in any proceedings by or on behalf of the State for the recovery of any duty on the instrument or of any interest, penalty or additional duty alleged to have been incurred under this Act in respect of **[such]** that instrument.”;

(b) by the substitution for the proviso of the following proviso:

“Provided that the court before which any such instrument is tendered may permit or direct that, subject to the payment of any interest, penalty and additional duty incurred in respect of **[such]** that instrument under **[section 9(1)]** sections 9, 9A and 9B, the instrument be stamped in accordance with the provisions of this Act and upon the instrument being duly stamped may admit it in evidence.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 12A of Act 77 of 1968, as inserted by section 6 of Act 72 of 1970

114. (1) Section 12A of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

“Person making use of instrument not duly stamped to be liable for unpaid duty, interest, penalty and additional duty thereon”;

(b) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) Any person who for any purpose in connection with a business conducted by him or her keeps or retains, or who in any manner other than a manner contemplated in section 12 makes use of, an instrument which is required to be stamped under this Act but has not been duly stamped, **[shall be]** is liable for the unpaid duty in respect of **[such]** that instrument and any unpaid interest, penalty and additional duty incurred in respect of **[such]** that instrument under **[section 9(1)]** sections 9, 9A and 9B.”;

(c) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

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“(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not be construed as relieving any person who under any other provision of this Act is liable for the duty or any interest, penalty or additional duty in respect of any instrument, from his or her liability to pay any unpaid amount of **[such]** that duty, interest, [or] penalty or additional duty.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 13 of Act 77 of 1968

115. (1) Section 13 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) In the event of any refusal by any person to have any such instrument duly stamped, or if any public officer has reason to believe that fraud or evasion of duty was intended, the public officer **[shall]** must impound the instrument and transmit it to the Commissioner for the purpose of the recovery of the duty and any interest, penalty and additional duty incurred.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Substitution of section 15 of Act 77 of 1968

116. (1) The following section hereby substitutes section 15 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968:

“Stamping of unstamped instruments with amount of duty, interest, [and] penalty and additional duty recovered

15. Upon the recovery under section 30 of the duty or any interest, penalty or additional duty payable in respect of any instrument,

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the duty **[or]** interest, penalty or additional duty recovered shall be denoted on the instrument by means of **[the appropriate revenue or penalty stamps]** a special receipt or, if the Commissioner so directs, a note or certificate may be made on the instrument and signed by the Commissioner or by his or her authority stating that the instrument is duly stamped.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Substitution of section 19 of Act 77 of 1968, as substituted by section 6 of Act 69 of 1989 and amended by section 75 of Act 53 of 1999 and repealed by section 39 of Act 16 of 2004

117. (1) The following section hereby substitutes section 19 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968:

“Debit entries

19.(1) The duty payable in terms of Item 6 of Schedule 1 in respect of any debit entry in an account shall not be denoted by means of stamps, but shall be paid by the banker or person carrying on the credit card scheme concerned or by the institution or Postbank, as the case may be, within a period of 21 days after the end of the month during which that entry is made or, where that banker, person, institution or Postbank satisfies the Commissioner that by reason of the accounting procedures adopted by that banker, person, institution or Postbank, the duty cannot conveniently be paid within that period, within such further period as the Commissioner may allow.

(2) If a banker, person, institution or Postbank fails to pay within the period contemplated in subsection (1), that banker, person, institution or Postbank must, in addition to the amount of that duty, pay a penalty equal to 10 per cent of the amount of duty for every month or part thereof during which that duty remains unpaid, reckoned from the

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first day following the end of the period within which that amount was payable, as contemplated in subsection (1), to the date of payment of that amount to the Commissioner.

(3) The Commissioner may, having regard to the circumstances of the case, remit the whole or any part of the penalty contemplated in subsection (2).

(4) The provisions of sections 8, 9A and 10 do not apply in respect of any debit entry.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 22 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 19 of Act 103 of 1969, section 11 of Act 114 of 1977, section 6 of Act 95 of 1978, section 6 of Act 102 of 1979, section 24 of Act 87 of 1988, section 7 of Act 69 of 1989, section 6 of Act 20 of 1994

118. (1) Section 22 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (6) of the following subsection:

“(6) The expression ‘other consideration’ in Item 14(1) of Schedule 1 includes—

- (a) the value of improvements which the lessee is obliged to effect on the land or to the buildings leased by him or her and that value is deemed to be the amount stipulated in the lease as the value or, where no amount is so stipulated, the fair and reasonable value determined by the Commissioner; and
- (b) any acceptance by the lessee of a liability for payments for which the lessor would otherwise be liable;

Provided that payment of any amount in terms of a stipulation in a lease is deemed not to be ‘other consideration’, where the amount constitutes charges which relate to public services rendered to the lessee.”.

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Amendment of section 23 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 20 of Act 103 of 1969, section 13 of Act 92 of 1971, section 11 of Act 89 of 1972, section 10 of Act 66 of 1973, section 10 of Act 88 of 1974, section 20 of Act 106 of 1980, section 6 of Act 87 of 1982, section 5 of Act 92 of 1983, section 25 of Act 87 of 1988, section 8 of Act 69 of 1989, section 7 of Act 136 of 1991, section 13 of Act 37 of 1996, section 19 of Act 27 of 1997, section 80 of Act 30 of 1998, section 76 of Act 53 of 1999, section 157 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 40 of Act 16 of 2004

119. (1) Section 23 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1B) for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

“(c) The company or corporate body issuing any shares, stock or debentures to which the provisions of paragraph (a) of (b) apply shall be responsible for compliance with those provisions[, **and if such company or corporate body or any officer thereof fails to comply with any requirement thereof, such company or corporate body shall, in addition to being liable for any unpaid duty which is payable in respect of the issue of the shares, stock or debentures in question, incur a penalty not exceeding R1 000**].”;

(b) by the deletion in subsection (2) of paragraph (b);

(c) by the deletion of subsection (7);

(d) by the deletion of subsections (8) and (9);

(e) by the substitution for subsection (11) of the following subsection:

“(11) The duty payable under Item 15(4) of Schedule 1 shall be denoted on a copy of any application to court, take-over offer or resolution, as the case may be, required in respect of any scheme referred to in subsection (10), and the company of which the shares in question are cancelled or redeemed shall endorse on **[such]** that copy the market value of **[such]** those shares and the amount payable in respect of the redemption of those shares, including any premium so payable, as determined in accordance with **[the said]** subsection (10) and, in the case of any take-over offer, the date of the final acceptance

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of **[such]** that offer and **[shall]** must retain **[such]** that copy, which **[shall]** must at all reasonable times during a period of **[three]** five years after the relevant date referred to in subsection (13), be open for inspection by any person acting under the authority of the Commissioner.”;

(f) by the deletion in subsection (15) of paragraph (b):

(g) by the substitution for subsection (16) of the following subsection:

“(16) Any deed or declaration referred to in subsection (15) **[shall]** must at all reasonable times during a period of **[three]** five years after it has come into the possession of the person with whom it is lodged as contemplated in **[the said]** subsection (15), be open for inspection by any person acting under the authority of the Commissioner.”.

(2)(a) Subsections (1)(c), (e) and (g) shall come into operation on the date of promulgation of this Act.

(b) Subsection (1)(a), (b), (d) and (f) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Insertion of section 28C in Act 77 of 1968

120. The following section is hereby inserted in the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, after section 28B:

“Offences in respect of duty relating to marketable securities

28C. Any—

(a) person who transfer a marketable security in contravention of section 23(4); or

(b) public officer as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, in relation to a company or corporate body who fails to comply with the provisions of section 23(6) or (11),

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year.”.

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Amendment of section 30 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 15 of Act 97 of 1993, section 20 of Act 27 of 1997 and section 77 of Act 53 of 1999

121. (1) Section 30 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

“Recovery of duty [and] interest, penalties and additional duty by action“;

(b) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) Any duty [**or**], interest, penalty or additional duty payable under this Act shall be a debt due to the State.”.

(c) by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:

“(4) Nothing in this section contained shall be construed as depriving the Commissioner or any other officer of any other remedy for the recovery of duty [**or**], interest, penalty or additional duty mentioned in this Act, or as exempting from prosecution or punishment any person who is liable therefor under any other provision of this Act.”;

(d) by the substitution for subsection (5) of the following subsection:

“(5) Where, in addition to any amount of duty which is payable by any person in terms of this Act, an amount of interest, penalty or additional duty is payable by him or her in terms of the provisions of this Act, any payment made by that person on or after 1 April 1994 in respect of [**such**] that duty [**or**] interest, penalty or additional duty which is less than the total amount due by him or her in respect of [**such**] that duty [**and**] interest, penalty and additional duty shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be made—

(a) in respect of [**such**] that penalty; and

(b) to the extent that [**such**] the payment exceeds the amount of [**such**] that penalty, in respect of [**such duty**] that interest; and

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(c) to the extent that the payment exceeds the amount of that penalty and that interest, in respect of that duty and additional duty.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 31 of Act 77 of 1968, as substituted by section 18 of Act 46 of 1996 and amended by section 81 of Act 30 of 1998, section 144 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 159 of Act 45 of 2003

122. (1) Section 31 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (c) of the definition of “administration of this Act” of the following paragraph:

“(c) determination of the liability of any person for any duty or any interest, penalty or any additional duty in relation thereto leviable under this Act;”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply to all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of section 32 of Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 83 of Act 30 of 1998 and section 9 of Act 32 of 1999

123. (1) Section 32 of the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(a) the amount of any overpayment of the duty or any interest, penalty or additional duty properly chargeable in respect of any instrument, if application for the refund is made within two years after the date of **[such]** that overpayment;”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

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Amendment of Item 14 of Schedule 1 to Act 77 of 1968, as amended by section 19 of Act 114 of 1977 and section 7 of Act 95 of 1978

124. (1) Item 14 of Schedule 1 to the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in paragraph (1) before subparagraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(1) In respect of **[any such]** that lease or agreement, an amount of duty calculated **[in accordance with the following scale]** on a sum equal to the aggregate amount of rent payable (exclusive of value-added tax) in respect of the period for which the lease or agreement is required to be stamped as provided in section 22 of this Act, plus the amount of any other consideration whatsoever, the amount of which is quantifiable at the time of execution of that lease or agreement (excluding the duty payable under this item and exclusive of value-added tax) due or payable in respect or by virtue of **[such]** that lease or agreement at a rate of 0,5% of the quantifiable amount of the lease: Provided that where an amount of consideration in respect of a lease or agreement of lease is not quantifiable at the time of execution of the lease, the duty calculated at a rate of 0,5% on the sum of the amounts of that consideration which became quantifiable during any year of assessment, as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act (Act No.58 of 1962), of any lessor who is a taxpayer, as defined in section 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1962, or in the twelve months ending on the twenty-eighth or twenty-ninth day of February each year in the case of any other lessor:”;

(b) by the deletion in paragraph (1) of subparagraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d);

(c) by the deletion in paragraph (1) of the proviso;

(d) by the insertion after subitem (1) of the following exemption from duty:

“*Exemption from duty under paragraph (1):*”

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For the purposes of this Item, no duty shall be payable in the event that the duty calculated on a lease or agreement of lease does not in aggregate exceed R100 over the period of the lease: Provided that this exemption shall not apply where the total consideration payable in respect of a lease or agreement of lease is not quantifiable at the time of execution of that lease.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on 1 January 2005 and shall apply in respect of all instruments executed on or after that date.

Amendment of item 15 of Schedule 1 to Act 77 of 1968, as substituted by section 13 of Act 89 of 1972 and amended by section 16 of Act 66 van 1973, section 21 of Act 88 of 1974, section 3 of Act 104 of 1976, section 20 of Act 114 of 1977, section 8 of Act 95 of 1978, section 8 of Act 102 of 1979, section 21 of Act 106 of 1980, section 9 of Act 99 of 1981, section 7 of Act 87 of 1982, section 14 of Act 92 of 1983, section 11 of Act 118 of 1984, section 11 of Act 81 of 1985, section 5 of Act 71 of 1986, section 13 of Act 108 of 1986, section 11 of Act 86 of 1987, section 33 of Act 87 of 1988, section 14 of Act 69 of 1989, section 9 of Act 136 of 1991, section 8 of Act 136 of 1992, section 17 of Act 97 of 1993, section 17 of Act 140 of 1993, section 8 of Act 20 of 1994, section 86 of Act 30 of 1998, section 79 of Act 53 of 1999, section 72 of Act 30 of 2000, section 63 of Act 59 of 2000, section 42 of Act 5 of 2001, section 147 of Act 60 of 2001, section 56 of Act 30 of 2002, section 113 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 163 of Act 45 of 2003

125. Item 15 of Schedule 1 to the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in the *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (1) or (2) of paragraph (b)*;
- (b) by the deletion in *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (1) or (2) of paragraph (h)*;
- (c) by the substitution in *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (1) or (2) for paragraph (i) of the following paragraph*:

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“where the securities are **[interest-bearing]** debentures, including debenture stock, debenture bonds and similar securities of a juristic person, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the juristic person or not, and which constitute instruments as contemplated in section 24J of the Income Tax Act, 1962 **[unless convertible into shares or similar equity interest or eligible to participate in dividends]**.”;

- (d) by the insertion in Paragraph (3) before the *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (3)* of the following paragraph:

“The duty payable in terms of Item 15(3)(h)(ii) does not apply in respect of any registration of transfer of a marketable security on or after 1 January 2005.”;

- (e) by the deletion in *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (3)* of paragraph (p);

- (f) by the deletion under the *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (3)* of subparagraph (t);

- (g) by the substitution in *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (3)* for paragraph (z) of the following paragraph:

“(z) where the securities are **[interest-bearing]** debentures, including debenture stock, debenture bonds and similar securities of a juristic person, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the juristic person or not, and which constitute instruments as contemplated in section 24J of the Income Tax Act, 1962 **[unless convertible into shares or similar equity interest or eligible to participate in dividends]**.”.

- (h) by the insertion in Paragraph (5) before the *Exemptions from the duty under paragraph (5)* of the following paragraph:

“The duty payable in terms of Item 15(5)(viii) does not apply in respect of the acquisition of any marketable security on or after 1 January 2005.”.

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Amendment of section 1 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 21 of Act 136 of 1991, paragraph 1 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 12 of Act 136 of 1992, section 1 of Act 61 of 1993, section 22 of Act 97 of 1993, section 9 of Act 20 of 1994, section 18 of Act 37 of 1996, section 23 of Act 27 of 1997, section 34 of Act 34 of 1997, section 81 of Act 53 of 1999, section 76 of Act 30 of 2000, section 64 of Act 59 of 2000, section 65 of Act 19 of 2001, section 148 of Act 60 of 2001, section 114 of Act 74 of 2002, section 47 of Act 12 of 2003, section 164 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 43 of Act 16 of 2004

126. (1) Section 1 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the deletion in the definition of “domestic goods and services” of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (d);

(b) by the addition to the definition of “domestic goods and services” of the following paragraphs:

“(f) laundry; or

(g) nursing services;”;

(c) by the substitution for the definition of “consideration” of the following definition:

“consideration’, in relation to the supply of goods or services to any person, includes any payment made or to be made (including any deposit on any returnable container and tax), whether in money or otherwise, or any act or forbearance, whether or not voluntary, in respect of, in response to, or for the inducement of, the supply of any goods or services, whether by that person or by any other person, but does not include any payment made by any person as **[an unconditional gift] a donation** to any association not for gain;”;

(d) by the insertion after the definition of “donated goods or services” of the following definition:

“donation’ means a payment whether in money or otherwise voluntarily made to any association not for gain for the carrying on or the carrying out of the purposes of that association and in

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respect of which no identifiable direct valuable benefit arises or may arise in the form of a supply of goods or services to the person making that payment or in the form of a supply of goods or services to any other person who is a connected person in relation to the person making the payment, but does not include any payment made by a public authority or a local authority.”;

- (e) by the insertion in the definition of “enterprise” of the following paragraph to the proviso:

“(ix) where a person carries on or intends carrying on an enterprise or activity supplying commercial accommodation as contemplated in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of the definition of ‘commercial accommodation’ in section 1, and the total value of taxable supplies made by that person in the preceding period of 12 months or which it can reasonably be expected that that person will make in a period of 12 months, as the case may be, will not exceed R60 000, shall be deemed not to be the carrying on of an enterprise.”;

- (f) by the insertion after the definition of “goods” of the following definition:

“grant’ means any appropriation, grant in aid, subsidy or contribution transferred, granted or paid to a vendor by a public authority, local authority or public entity listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999), but does not include—

(a) a payment made for the supply of any goods or services to that public authority or local authority, including all goods or services supplied to a public authority, local authority or public entity listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) in accordance with a procurement process prescribed—

(i) in terms of the Regulations issued under section 76(4)(c) of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999); or

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- (ii) in terms of Chapter 11 of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003), or any other similar process; or
- (b) a payment contemplated in section 8(23);”;
- (g) by the insertion after the definition of “local authority” of the following definition:
- “matriculation board” means the joint matriculation board referred to in section 15 of the University Act, 1966 (Act No. 61 of 1955);”;
- (h) by the substitution in the definition of “motor car” for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:
- “‘motor car’ includes a motor car, station wagon, minibus, double cab light delivery vehicle and any other motor vehicle of a kind normally used on public roads, which has three or more wheels and is constructed or **[adapted]** converted wholly or mainly for the carriage of passengers, but does not include—“;
- (i) by the deletion in the definition of “motor car” of the word “or” at the end of paragraph (c);
- (j) by the addition to the definition of “motor car” of the following paragraphs:
- “(e) game viewing vehicles (other than sedans, station wagons, minibuses or double cab light delivery vehicles) constructed or permanently converted for the carriage of seven or more passengers for game viewing in national parks, game reserves, sanctuaries or safari areas and used exclusively for that purpose, other than use which is merely incidental and subordinate to that use; or
- (f) vehicles, constructed as or permanently converted into hearses for the transport of deceased persons and used exclusively for that purpose;”;
- (k) by the substitution for the definition of “public authority” of the following definition:
- “Public authority means—

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- (i) any department or division of the public service **[(including a provincial administration, the South African National Defence Force, the South African Police Service and Correctional Services)]** as listed in Schedules 1, 2 or 3 of the Public Service Act, 1994 (Act No. 103 of 1994); or
 - (ii) any public entity listed in Part A or C of Schedule 3 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999); or
 - (iii) any other public entity designated by the Minister for the purposes of this Act to be a public authority.”;
- (l) by the deletion of the definition of “unconditional gift”;
- (m) by the substitution for the definition of “welfare organisation” of the following definition:
- “welfare organisation’ means any **[association not for gain]** public benefit organisation which **[is registered under the Nonprofit Organisations Act, 1997 (Act No. 71 of 1997) and]** is exempt from income tax in terms of section 10(1)(cN) of the Income Tax Act, if it carries on or intends to carry on any welfare activity determined by the Minister for purposes of this Act **[to be of a philanthropic or benevolent nature, having regard to the needs, interests and well-being of the general public]**, relating to those activities that fall under the headings—
- (a) welfare and humanitarian;
 - (b) health care;
 - (c) land and housing;
 - (d) education and development; or
 - (e) conservation, environment and animal welfare.”.
- (2) Subsection (1)(k) and (f) shall come into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

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Amendment of section 2 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 22 of Act 136 of 1991, paragraph 2 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 13 of Act 136 of 1992, section 10 of Act 20 of 1994, section 19 of Act 37 of 1996, section 24 of Act 27 of 1997, section 87 of Act 30 of 1998, section 82 of Act 53 of 1999, section 149 of Act 60 of 2001, section 115 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 44 of Act 16 of 2004

127. Section 2 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in paragraph (k) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:

“(k) the buying or selling of **[futures contracts or option contracts as defined in section 1 of the Financial Markets Control Act, 1989 (Act No. 55 of 1989), or any similar contract]** any derivative.”;

(b) by the substitution for paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of the following paragraph:

“‘cheque’ means a **[cheque as defined in section 1 of the Stamp Duties Act]** bill drawn on a bank payable on demand, a postal order, a money order, a traveller's cheque, or any order or **[authorization]** authorisation (whether in writing, by electronic means, or otherwise) to a financial institution to credit or debit any account.”;

(c) by the insertion after the definition of “debt security“ in subsection (2) of the following definition:

“(iiiA) **‘derivative’** means a financial instrument—

(aa) whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, security price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, a credit rating or credit index, or similar variable;

(bb) that requires no initial net investment or little initial net investment relative to other types of contracts that have a similar response to changes in market conditions ; and

(cc) that is settled at a future date;”.

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Amendment of section 7 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 165 of Act 45 of 2003

128. Section 7 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) on the importation of any goods into the Republic by any person on or after the commencement date **[or on the importation of goods from a customs controlled area into the Republic];** and”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraphs (a) and (b) of the following paragraphs:

“(a) Where any goods manufactured in the Republic, being of a class or kind subject to excise duty or environmental levy under Part 2 or 3 of Schedule No. 1 to the Customs and Excise Act, have been supplied at a price which does not include such excise duty or environmental levy and tax has become payable in respect of the supply in terms of subsection (1) (a), value-added tax shall be levied and paid at the rate of 14 per cent for the benefit of the National Revenue Fund on an amount equal to the amount of such excise duty or environmental levy which, subject to any rebate of such excise duty or environmental levy under the said Act, is paid.

(b) The tax payable in terms of paragraph (a) shall be paid by the person liable in terms of the Customs and Excise Act for the payment of the said excise duty or environmental levy.”;

(c) by the substitution in subsection (3) for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

“(d) Subject to this Act, the provisions of the Customs and Excise Act relating to the clearance of goods subject to excise duty or environmental levy and the payment of such excise duty

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or environmental levy shall *mutatis mutandis* have effect as if enacted in this Act.”.

Amendment of section 8 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 24 of Act 136 of 1991, paragraph 4 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 15 of Act 136 of 1992, section 24 of Act 97 of 1993, section 11 of Act 20 of 1994, section 20 of Act 46 of 1996, section 25 of Act 27 of 1997, section 83 of Act 53 of 1999, section 67 of Act 19 of 2001, section 151 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 166 of Act 45 of 2003

129. (1) Section 8 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the addition in subsection (2) of the following paragraph to the proviso:

“(iv) this subsection shall not apply to a vendor which is a Constitutional Institution listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) or a public authority, respectively, where that vendor (other than a vendor who applied and was registered as a vendor during the period 22 December 2003 to 31 March 2005) ceases to be a vendor as a result of—

(aa) the substitution of the definition of “public authority” in the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2004 or the insertion of paragraph (viii) to the proviso to the definition of ‘enterprise’ in the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, (Act No. 45 of 2003); or

(bb) the re-classification of that vendor or part of that vendor’s activities within the Schedules to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) subsequent to the introduction of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2004.”;

(b) by the insertion after subsection (2A) of the following subsection:

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“(2B) Where a supply is deemed to have been made by a vendor in terms of subsection (2) and that vendor ceases to be a vendor solely as a consequence of the introduction of proviso (ix) to the definition of ‘enterprise’ in section 1 of the Act, the tax payable to the Commissioner in respect of that deemed supply shall, if the amount thereof is in excess of R3 000, be paid to the Commissioner in so many equal monthly instalments as the Commissioner may allow.”;

(c) by the insertion of the following subsection after subsection (5):

“(5A) For the purposes of section 11(2)(t), a vendor (excluding a designated entity) shall be deemed to supply services to any public authority, local authority or public entity listed in Schedule 1 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) to the extent of any grant paid to or on behalf of that vendor in respect of the taxable supply of goods or services by that vendor.”.

(d) by the substitution for subsection (14) of the following subsection:

“For the purposes of this Act—

(a) where any goods are supplied by a vendor to a person otherwise than in the circumstances contemplated in paragraph 2(b) of the Seventh Schedule to the Income Tax Act, and a deduction under section 16(3) in respect of the acquisition by the vendor of such goods was denied in terms of section 17(2) or would have been denied if section 7 of this Act had been applicable prior to the commencement date, the vendor shall be deemed to have supplied the goods otherwise than in the course or furtherance of his enterprise;

(b) where any input tax is allowed in terms of section 18(9) in respect of a game viewing vehicle or a hearse as contemplated in paragraph (e) or (f) of the definition of ‘motor car’ in section 1, the subsequent supply of such game viewing vehicle or hearse shall be deemed to be supplied in the course of the vendor’s enterprise.”;

(e) by the insertion after subsection (14) of the following subsection:

“(14A) For the purposes of this Act, where input tax has been allowed on the conversion of a game viewing vehicle or a hearse, as

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contemplated in paragraph (e) or (f) of the definition of 'motor car' in section 1 and such game viewing vehicle or hearse is subsequently applied for purposes other than those purposes as contemplated in paragraph (e) or (f) of the definition of 'motor car' in section 1, a supply of such game viewing vehicle or hearse shall be deemed take place.";

(f) by the substitution for subsection (21) of the following subsection:

“(21) For the purposes of this Act, compensation or any other payment, other than an amount contemplated in section 12(a), received by a vendor in consequence of the expropriation of **[land, including an improvement thereto]** fixed property, is deemed to be received in respect of a supply of goods made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise unless that land or improvement thereto forms no part of the assets held or used by the vendor for the purposes of an enterprise.”.

(2) Subsection (1)(a) and (c) shall come into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Amendment of section 11 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 27 of Act 136 of 1991, paragraph 6 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 17 of Act 136 of 1992, section 27 of Act 97 of 1993, section 13 of Act 20 of 1994, section 28 of Act 27 of 1997, section 89 of Act 30 of 1998, section 85 of Act 53 of 1999, section 77 of Act 30 of 2000, section 43 of Act 5 of 2001, section 153 of Act 60 of 2001, section 169 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 46 of Act 16 of 2004

130. (1) Section 11 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraphs (c) and (d) of the following paragraphs:

“(c) the goods, (being movable goods) are supplied to a lessee or other person under a rental agreement, charter party or agreement for chartering, if the goods are used exclusively in an export country or in a customs controlled area: Provided that this subsection shall not apply where a 'motor car' as defined in

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section 1 is supplied to a registered vendor located in a customs controlled area; or

- (d) the goods (being movable goods) are supplied to a lessee or other person under a rental agreement, charter party or agreement for chartering, if such goods are used by such lessee or other person exclusively in any commercial, financial, industrial, mining, farming, fishing or professional concern conducted in an export country and payment of rent or other consideration under such agreement is effected from such export country; or”;
- (b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (m) of the following paragraph:
- “(m) a **[registered]** vendor supplies movable goods, (excluding any “motor car” as defined in section 1), in terms of a sale or instalment credit agreement to a registered vendor in a customs controlled area and **[consigns or delivers the goods to that vendor in that area]** such goods are either—
- (i) physically delivered by the supplier to the recipient; or
- (ii) physically delivered by a VAT registered cartage contractor, engaged by the supplier, whose main activity is that of transporting goods: Provided that this subsection shall not apply where the cartage contractor is not liable to the supplier for delivery of the goods and such supplier is not liable for the full cost relating to such delivery;”
- (c) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (n) of the following subparagraph:
- “(ii) any prospecting right, mining right, exploration right or production right mining permit or retention permit as defined in section 1 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act No. 28 of 2002), wholly or partly renewed in terms of that Act.”;
- (d) by the insertion in subsection (1) after paragraph (o) of the following paragraph:

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- “(p)(i) the supply of an enterprise by a vendor to his or her branch or division, which is separately registered in terms of section 50(2); or
- (ii) the supply of an enterprise, branch or division, which is a separately registered enterprise, branch or division in terms of section 50(2), to another enterprise of that vendor;”;
- (e) by the substitution in subsection (2) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (h) of the following subparagraph:
- “(iii) the storage, repair, maintenance, cleaning, management or arranging the provision of a container referred to in paragraph [2 (i) of Part A] (1)(i) of Schedule 1 or the arranging of such services,”;
- (f) by the addition to subsection (2) of the following paragraph:
- “(t) the services are deemed to be supplied in terms of section 8(5A);”.

(2) Subsection (1)(f) shall come into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Amendment of section 12 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 29 of Act 136 of 1991, section 19 of Act 136 of 1992, section 15 of Act 20 of 1994, section 30 of Act 27 of 1997, section 86 of Act 53 of 1999, section 69 of Act 19 of 2001, section 154 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 117 of Act 74 of 2002

131. Section 12 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in paragraph (c) for subparagraph (i) the following subparagraph:
- “(i) a dwelling under an agreement for the letting and hiring thereof, and any “right of occupation” as defined in section 1 of the Housing Development Schemes for Retired Persons Act, 1988 (Act No. 65 of 1988);”;
- (b) by the substitution for paragraph (g) of the following paragraph:

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- “(g) the supply by any person in the course of a transport business of any service comprising the transport by that person in a vehicle (other than a game viewing vehicle contemplated in paragraph (e) of the definition of ‘motor car’) operated by him of fare-paying passengers and their personal effects by road or railway (excluding a funicular railway), not being a supply of any such service which, but for this paragraph, would be charged with tax at the rate of zero per cent under section 11(2)(a);”;
- (c) by the deletion in paragraph (h) of subitem (D) of item (cc) of subparagraph (i);
- (d) by the addition in paragraph (h) of the following subparagraph:
“(iii) the supply of services to learners or students or intended learners or students by the Matriculation Board;”.

Amendment of section 13 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 29 of Act 136 of 1991, section 19 of Act 136 of 1992, section 29 of Act 97 of 1993, section 15 of Act 20 of 1994, section 30 of Act 27 of 1997, section 86 of Act 53 of 1999, section 70 of Act 19 of 2001, section 155 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 170 of Act 45 of 2003

132. Section 13 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for the words preceding the proviso of the following words:
“(1) For the purposes of this Act goods shall be deemed to be imported into the Republic on the date on which the goods are in terms of the provisions [section 10 or 21A] of the Customs and Excise Act deemed to be imported.”;
- (b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (ii) of the following paragraph:
“(ii) where any goods have been imported and entered in a licensed Customs and Excise warehouse **[or customs controlled area]** but have not been entered for home consumption, any supply of

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such goods before they are entered for home consumption shall be zero-rated for the purposes of this Act;”;

(c) by the substitution in subsection (2) for paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(b) where such goods have their origin in Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland or Namibia [**or a customs controlled area**], and are imported from such a country [**or such customs controlled area**], the amount of the value as contemplated in paragraph (a), except that such value shall not be increased by the factor of 10 per cent.”;

(d) by the deletion of subsection (4).

Amendment of section 14 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 171 of Act 45 of 2003

133. Section 14 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (5) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(a) a supply which is chargeable with tax in terms of section 7(1)(a) at the rate provided in section 7; [**or**]

(b) by the substitution in subsection (5) for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:

“(c) a supply of an educational service by an educational institution established in an export country which is regulated by an educational authority in that export country; or”;

(c) by the addition to subsection (5) of the following paragraph:

“(d) a supply by a person of services as contemplated in terms of proviso (iii)(aa) to the definition of “enterprise” in section 1; or”.

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Amendment of section 17 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 31 of Act 136 of 1991, paragraph 9 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 22 of Act 136 of 1992, section 31 of Act 97 of 1993, section 17 of Act 20 of 1994, section 33 of Act 27 of 1997, section 92 of Act 30 of 1998, section 88 of Act 53 of 1999 and section 173 of Act 45 of 2003

134. Section 17 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (2) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of the following subparagraph:

“(iii) such goods or services consist of a meal or refreshment supplied by the vendor as operator of any conveyance to a passenger **[and] or [a]** crew member, in such conveyance during a journey, where such meal or refreshment is supplied as part of or in conjunction with the transport service supplied by the vendor, where the supply of such transport service is a taxable supply;”;

(b) by the substitution in subsection (2) for subparagraph (vii) of paragraph (a) of the following subparagraph:

“(vii) such goods or services **[(where no consideration relating specifically to the supply of entertainment is payable shall be deemed to constitute a single supply for purposes of this subsection)]** are acquired by a vendor for an employee or office holder of such vendor, that are incidental to the admission into a medical care facility[.]; or”;

(c) by the addition in subsection (2) of the following subparagraph to paragraph (a):

“(viii) such goods or services consist of a meal or refreshment supplied by the vendor as operator of any ship or vessel (otherwise than in the circumstances contemplated in subparagraph (iii)) in such ship or vessel to a crew member of such ship or vessel, where such meal or refreshment is supplied in the course of making a taxable supply by that vendor; or”.

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Amendment of section 18 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 32 of Act 136 of 1991, section 23 of Act 136 of 1992, section 32 of Act 97 of 1993, section 18 of Act 20 of 1994, section 34 of Act 27 of 1997, section 93 of Act 30 of 1998, section 89 of Act 53 of 1999 and section 174 of Act 45 of 2003

135. Section 18 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for the heading of the following heading:

“Change in use adjustments”;

(b) by the addition in subsection (4) to the proviso of the following paragraph:

“(iv) this subsection shall not apply where a constitutional institution listed in Schedule 1 or a public entity listed in Part A or C of Schedule 3 to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (No 1. of 1999), is re-classified within the Schedules to the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) and applies those goods or services for the purposes of consumption, use or supply in the course of making taxable supplies.”.

(c) by the addition of the following subsections:

“(9) Where a vendor has acquired or imported a motor car (in respect of which input tax has been denied in terms of section 17(2)(c)) and has subsequently converted such motor car into a game viewing vehicle or a hearse, as contemplated in paragraph (e) or (f) of the definition of ‘motor car’ in section 1, that motor car is deemed to be supplied in that tax period to that vendor, and the Commissioner shall allow that vendor to make a deduction in terms of section 16(3) of an amount equal to the tax fraction of the lesser of:—

(a) the adjusted cost; or

(b) the open market value,

of that motor car on the day before that conversion: Provided that this deduction excludes any amount of input tax which qualifies or has qualified for a deduction under another provision of this Act).

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(10) Where—

(a) goods or services have been supplied by a vendor at the zero rate in terms of sections 11(1)(c), 11(1)(m) or 11(2)(k) to a registered vendor who is a customs controlled area enterprise;

or

(b) goods have been imported into the Republic by a registered vendor who is a customs controlled area enterprise for use, consumption or supply in such area and those goods are exempt from tax in terms of section 13(3),

and such goods or services were acquired for the purposes of entertainment in respect of which a deduction of input tax would have been denied in terms of section 17(2), such goods or services shall be deemed to be supplied by him in the same tax period in which they were so acquired, in accordance with the formula:

A x B

in which formula—

'A' represents the rate of tax levied in terms of section 7(1); and

'B' represents—

(a) the cost to the vendor of the acquisition of such goods or services which were supplied to him in terms of sections 11(1)(c), 11(1)(m) or 11(2)(k); or

(b) the value to be placed on the importation of goods into the Republic as determined in terms of section 13(2) of the Act.”

Amendment of section 20 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by paragraph 11 of Government Notice 2695 of 8 November 1991, section 25 of Act 136 of 1992, section 33 of Act 97 of 1993, section 35 of Act 27 of 1997, section 94 of Act 30 of 1998, section 91 of Act 53 of 1999, section 157 of Act 60 of 2001, section 175 of Act 45 of 2003 and section 47 of Act 16 of 2004

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136. Section 20 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for subsection (1) of the following subsection:

“(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section a supplier, being a registered vendor, making a taxable supply (other than a supply contemplated in section 8(10)) to a recipient, **[shall, at the request of the recipient, provide that recipient,] must** within 21 days **[after receiving that request, with] of the date of such supply issue** a tax invoice containing such particulars as are specified in this section: Provided that—

- (i) it shall not be lawful to issue more than one tax invoice for each taxable supply;
- (ii) if a vendor claims to have lost the original tax invoice, the supplier or the recipient, as the case may be, may provide a copy clearly marked "copy.";

(b) by the deletion of subsection (1A);

(c) by the substitution in subsection (4) for paragraph (e) of the following paragraph:

“(e) full and proper description of the goods (indicating, where applicable, that the goods are second-hand goods) or services supplied;”;

(d) by the substitution in subsection (5) for the words preceding item (a) of the following words:

“(5) Notwithstanding anything in subsection (4), where the consideration in money for a supply does not exceed **[R1 000] R3 000**, a tax invoice (abridged tax invoice) shall be in the currency of the Republic and shall contain the particulars specified in that subsection or the following particulars:”;

(e) by the substitution in subsection (5) for paragraph (d) of the following paragraph:

“(d) a description of the goods (indicating, where applicable, that the goods are second-hand goods) or services supplied;”;

(f) by the substitution in subsection (8) for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

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“(8) Notwithstanding anything in this section, where a supplier makes a supply (not being a taxable supply) of second-hand goods or of goods as contemplated in section 8(10) to a recipient, being a registered vendor, the recipient shall in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, where the value of the supply is R1 000 or more, obtain and maintain a declaration by the supplier stating whether the supply is a taxable supply or not and shall further maintain sufficient records to enable the following particulars to be ascertained:”;

Amendment of section 25 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 96 of Act 30 of 1998 and section 94 of Act 53 of 1999

137. Section 25 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended by the insertion after paragraph (f) of the following paragraph:

“(g) any change whereby the provisions of section 27(4)(c) are no longer applicable in the case of that vendor:”.

Amendment of section 31 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 80 of Act 30 of 2000 and section 180 of Act 45 of 2003

138. Section 31 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (f) of the following paragraph:

“(f) any person who holds himself out as a person entitled to a refund or who produces, furnishes, authorises, or makes use of any **[false]** tax invoice or document or debit note and has obtained any undue tax benefit or refund under the provisions of an export incentive scheme referred to in paragraph (d) of the definition of ‘exported’ in section 1, to which such person is not entitled,”.

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Amendment of section 48 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 99 of Act 53 of 1999 and section 186 of Act 45 of 2003

139. Section 48 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (9) of the following subsection:

“(9) Where a vendor is a company, every member, shareholder **[and]** or director who controls or is regularly involved in the management of the company’s overall financial affairs shall be personally **[liability]** liable for the tax, additional tax, penalty or interest for which the company is liable.”.

Amendment of section 58 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 41 of Act 136 of 1991, section 39 of Act 97 of 1993, section 25 of Act 46 of 1996, section 102 of Act 53 of 1999, section 72 of Act 19 of 2001, section 173 of Act 60 of 2001 and section 119 of Act 74 of 2002

140. Section 58 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph (i) of the following paragraph:

“(i) fails to notify the Commissioner of anything of which he is required by section 24(3), 25 or 48(7) to notify the Commissioner; or”.

Amendment of section 68 of Act 89 of 1991, as amended by section 39 of Act 136 of 1992 and section 26 of Act 20 of 1994

141. Section 68 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended by the substitution in subsection (1) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(a) by any person enjoying full or limited immunity, rights or privileges under **[section 3 of the Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges Act, 1989 (Act No. 74 of 1989)]** sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 of the Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges Act, 2001 (Act No.

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37 of 2001), or under an agreement or otherwise as contemplated in section [4] 7 of that Act or under the recognized principles of international law; or”.

Amendment of Schedule 1 to Act 89 of 1991, as substituted by section 106 of Act 53 of 1999 and section 177 of Act 60 of 2001 and amended by section 58 of Act 30 of 2002, section 121 of Act 74 of 2002, section 189 of Act 45 of 2003 and sections 52, 53, 54 and 55 of Act 16 of 2004

142. Schedule 1 of the Value-Added Tax Act, 1991, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in paragraph 5 for the words preceding item (a) of the following words:

“5. Goods, excluding clothing and food, forwarded unsolicited and free of charge by a non-resident to—“;

(b) by the substitution in item 409.00 for paragraph (i) of subitem 409.01/00.00/01.00 of the following paragraph:

“(i) the supply of those goods was charged with tax at the rate of zero per cent in terms of section 11(1)(a); or”;

(c) by the substitution in item 409.00 for paragraph (i) of subitem 409.02/00.00/01.00 of the following paragraph:

“(i) the supply of those goods was charged with tax at the rate of zero per cent in terms of section 11(1)(a); or”;

(d) by the substitution in item 409.00 for paragraph (i) of subitem 409.06/00.00/01 of the following paragraph:

“(i) the supply of those goods was charged with tax at the rate of zero per cent in terms of section 11(1)(a); or”.

Amendment of section 1 of Act 31 of 1998

143. (1) Section 1 of the Uncertificated Securities Tax Act, 1998, is hereby amended—

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- (a) by the insertion after the definition of “Commissioner” of the following definition:

“exchange’ means an exchange as defined in section 1 and licensed under section 10 of the Securities Services Act, 2004;”

- (b) by the substitution for the definition of “member” of the following definition:

“member’ means any person [admitted as a member of a stock exchange] who is an authorised user as defined in section 1 of the Securities Services Act, 2004, providing services in respect of the buying and selling of securities;”;

- (c) by the substitution for the definition of “participant” of the following definition:

“participant’ means [a participant as defined in the Custody and Administration of Securities Act, 1992 (Act No. 85 of 1992)] any person who holds in custody and administers securities or an interest in securities and who has been accepted in terms of section 34 of the Securities Services Act, 2004, by a central securities depository as a participant in that central securities depository;”;

- (d) by the substitution for the definition of “securities” of the following definition:

“securities’ means [securities as defined in section 1 of the Stock Exchange Control Act, 1985 (Act No. 1 of 1985), which]—

(a) shares, stocks and depository receipts in public companies and other equivalent equities; and

(b) derivative instruments and debentures that are convertible into any instrument contemplated in paragraph (a).

that are listed on an exchange in the Republic, are transferable without a written instrument and are not evidenced by a certificate;”;

- (e) by the deletion of the definitions of “stock-broker” and “stock exchange”.

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Amendment of section 6 of Act 31 of 1998, as amended by section 15 of Act 32 of 1999, section 87 of Act 30 of 2000, section 75 of Act 19 of 2001, section 180 of Act 60 of 2001, section 60 of Act 30 of 2002, section 122 of Act 74 of 2002 and section 191 of Act 45 of 2003

144. (1) Section 6 of the Uncertificated Securities Tax Act, 1998, is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(iv) to the extent that the securities are instruments as contemplated in section 24J of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act No. 58 of 1962);” and

(b) by the substitution in subsection (1) for item (aa) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(aa) a member who has purchased the securities for his, her or its own account and benefit.”;

(c) by the substitution in subsection (1) for subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of the following paragraph:

“(iii) to the extent that the securities are instruments as contemplated in section 24J of the Income Tax Act, 1962 (Act No. 58 of 1962);”;

(d) by the substitution in subsection (1) for item (gg) of subparagraph (ix) of paragraph (b) of the following item:

“(gg) in terms of any transaction which would have constituted a transaction or distribution contemplated—

(A) in subparagraphs **[(i) to (vi)]** (aa) to (ff) regardless of whether or not an election has been made for the provisions of that section to apply;

(B) in subparagraph **[(i), (ii) or (iii)]** (aa); (bb); (cc) regardless of the market value of the asset disposed of in exchange for those securities; or

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- (C) in subparagraphs **[(i) to (vi)]** (aa) to (ff) regardless of whether or not that person acquired those securities as capital assets or as trading stock.”.

Amendment of section 121 of Act 60 of 2001

145. Section 121(1) of the Second Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2001, which inserts section 21A of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the substitution for subsection (4) of the following subsection:
- ”(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this section or any other provision of this Act, goods to which subsection (7) relates shall, subject to any exception or adaptation prescribed in any Schedule or rule even if free of duty, be deemed to be goods liable to duty for the purposes of the application of any provision of this Act.”;
- (b) by the deletion of subsections (10), (15) and (16);
- (c) (i) by renumbering subsection (11) as subsection (10);
- (ii) by renumbering subsection (12) as subsection (11);
- (iii) by renumbering subsection (13) as subsection (12);
- (iv) by renumbering subsection (14) as subsection (13);
- (v) by renumbering subsection (17) as subsection (14);
- (vi) by renumbering subsection (18) as subsection (15); and
- (vii) by renumbering subsection (19) as subsection (16).

Amendment of section 4 of Act 4 of 2002, as amended by section 208 of Act 45 of 2003

146. (1) Section 4 of the Unemployment Insurance Contributions Act, 2002, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of the word “and” at the end of paragraph (c) and the addition of the word “and” at the end of paragraph (d); and

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(b) by the addition to subsection (1) of the following paragraph:

“(e) an employee and his or her employer, where—

(i) that employee has reached the age of 60 years in the case of a female or 65 years in the case of a male; and

(ii) the annual equivalent of the remuneration payable to that employee by that employer does not exceed R16 920.”.

(2) Subsection (1) shall come into operation on the date of promulgation and shall apply in respect of any remuneration payable to an employee on or after that date.

Amendment of section 103 of Act 74 of 2002

147. Section 103 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2002, which inserts section 37B of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964 is hereby amended—

(a) by the substitution for paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of the following paragraph:

“(2)(a)(i) Except where otherwise provided—

(aa) in this section;

(bb) by the Minister in any amendment of any Schedule in terms of any provision of this Act; or

(cc) by the Commissioner in any rule,

the provisions of this Act governing the administration of excisable goods or fuel levy goods, including the manufacture, levying of duty and granting of any rebate or refund of duty on such goods, shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to biofuel.

(ii) For the purposes of paragraph (i) unless otherwise specified in any Schedule or rule such provisions relating to distillate fuel or petrol shall be deemed to include respectively a reference to biodiesel or bioethanol or any mixtures thereof with distillate fuel or petrol.”;

(b) by the insertion of the following paragraph in subsection (2) after paragraph (b):

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- “(c) The Commissioner may, except if any provision of this Act otherwise provides in respect of biofuel manufactured in the Republic by any person for his or her own use and not for sale or other disposal by rule—
- (i) (aa) exempt for any period any person or biofuel or any quantity of biofuel manufactured by such person from payment of duty;
 - (i) (bb) cancel any such exemption under circumstances prescribed by rule;
 - (ii) prescribe, subject to paragraph (b), conditions and other requirements in respect of such exemption;
 - (iii) prescribe procedures relating to the manufacture and removal of biofuel for home consumption.”;
- (c) by the substitution in subsection (4) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
- “(a) require any seller of biofuel who is not a manufacturer to register in terms of section 59A;”;
- (d) by the substitution for subsection (2) of section 103 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act of the following subsection—
- “(2) Subsection (1), which may be determined to come into operation separately for biodiesel and bioethanol, shall come into operation on a date or dates to be determined by the President by Proclamation in the *Gazette*.”.

Amendment of section 59 of Act 45 of 2003

148. Section 59 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2003, is hereby amended by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2)(a) Subsection (1)(a to (l), (n), (o) and (p) shall come into operation on the date of promulgation of this Act and shall apply in respect of any cash or asset distributed, any obligation relieved, any debt settled, any amount applied, any adjustment or any loan or advance granted on or after that date.

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(b) Subsection (1)(m) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 6 November 2002 and shall apply in respect of any cash or asset distributed, any obligation relieved, any debt settled, any amount applied, any adjustment or any loan or advance granted on or after that date.

Amendment of section 163 of Act 45 of 2003

149. Section 163 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2003, is hereby amended by the addition to subsection (2) of the following paragraph:

“(c) Notwithstanding the deletion by subsections (1)(f) and (o) of Paragraphs (3)(b) to (g) and Paragraph (5) (i) to (vi) of Item 15 of Schedule 1 to the Stamp Duties Act, 1968, these provisions remain in force in respect of any liability for an amount of duty which could have been imposed in terms thereof in respect of—

- (i) the registration of transfer of any marketable security which was sold or disposed of on or before 31 March 1997; or
- (ii) the acquisition of any marketable security on or before that date.”.

Amendment of section 164 of Act 45 of 2003

150. Section 164 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2003, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraphs (b), (e) and (h); and
- (b) by the substitution in subsection (2) for paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:

“(2)(a) Subsection (1)~~[(b),]~~ (c), ~~[(e)],~~ (g), ~~[(h)],~~ (i), (j) and (o) shall come into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.”.

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Amendment of section 166 of Act 45 of 2003, as amended by section 66 of Act 16 of 2004

151. Section 166 of the Revenue Law Amendment Act, 2003, is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraph (a); and
- (b) by the substitution for subsection (2) of the following subsection:

“(2) Subsection (1)[(a),] (b) and (d) shall to the extent it inserts subsection (23) come into operation on the date determined by the President by proclamation in the Gazette.”

Amendment of section 173 of Act 45 of 2003

152. Section 173 of the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2003 is hereby amended—

- (a) by the deletion in subsection (1) of paragraph (c);
- (b) by the deletion of subsection (2).

Short title and commencement

153. (1) This Act shall be called the Revenue Laws Amendment Act, 2004.

(2) Save in so far as is otherwise provided in this Act or the context otherwise indicates, the amendments effected by this Act to the Income Tax Act, 1962, shall for purposes of assessments in respect of normal tax under the Income Tax Act, 1962, be deemed to have come into operation as from the commencement of years of assessment ending on or after 1 January 2005.